

Appendix A Results using Chiou and Youngs [2008] Hypocenter Distribution Models

A.1 STRIKE–SLIP RUPTURE RESULTS

A.1.1 Changes in the Mean of the Log Normal 5% Damped Pseudo-Spectral Acceleration

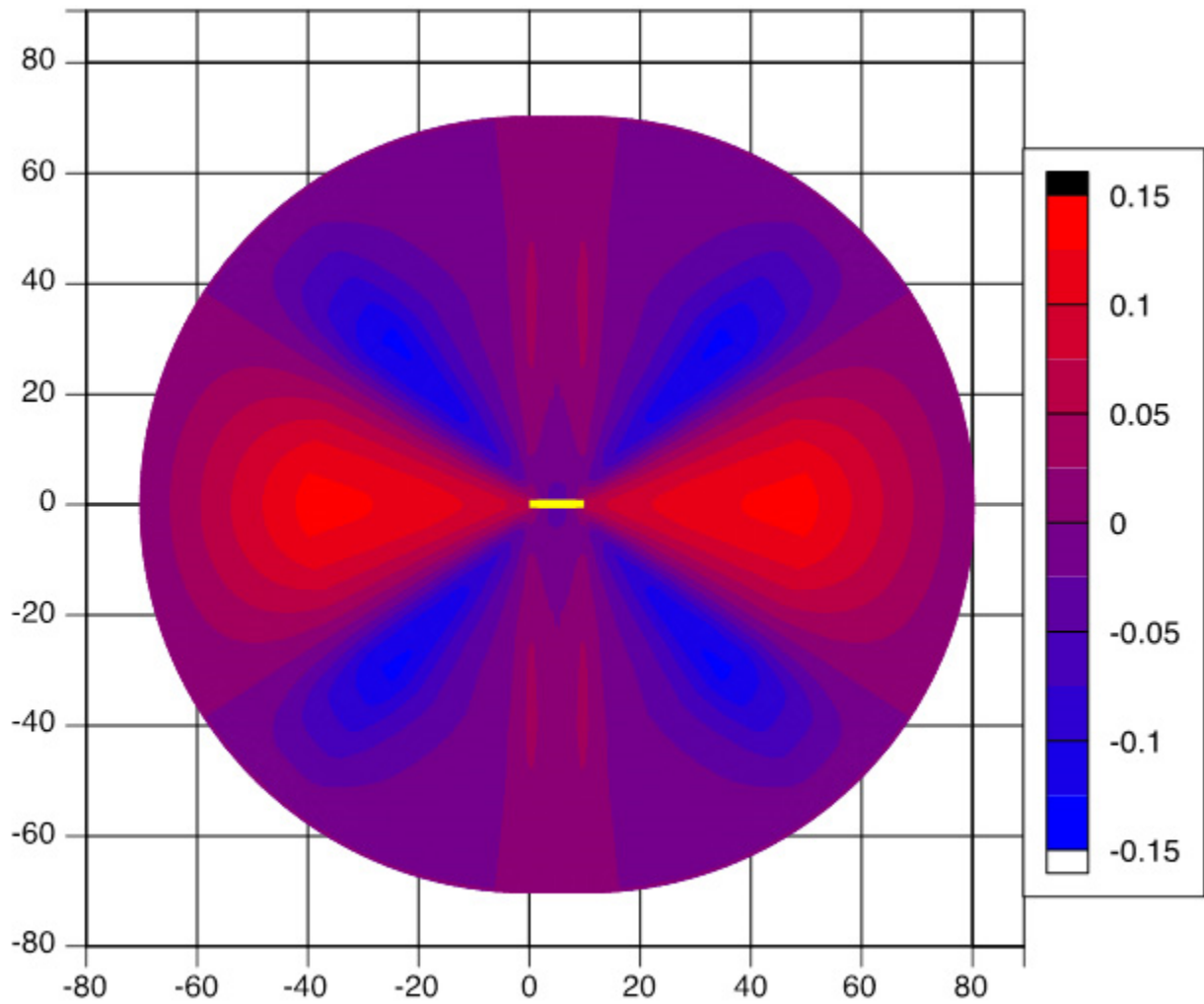


Figure A.1 Change in the mean of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 1 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 6, strike-slip rupture.

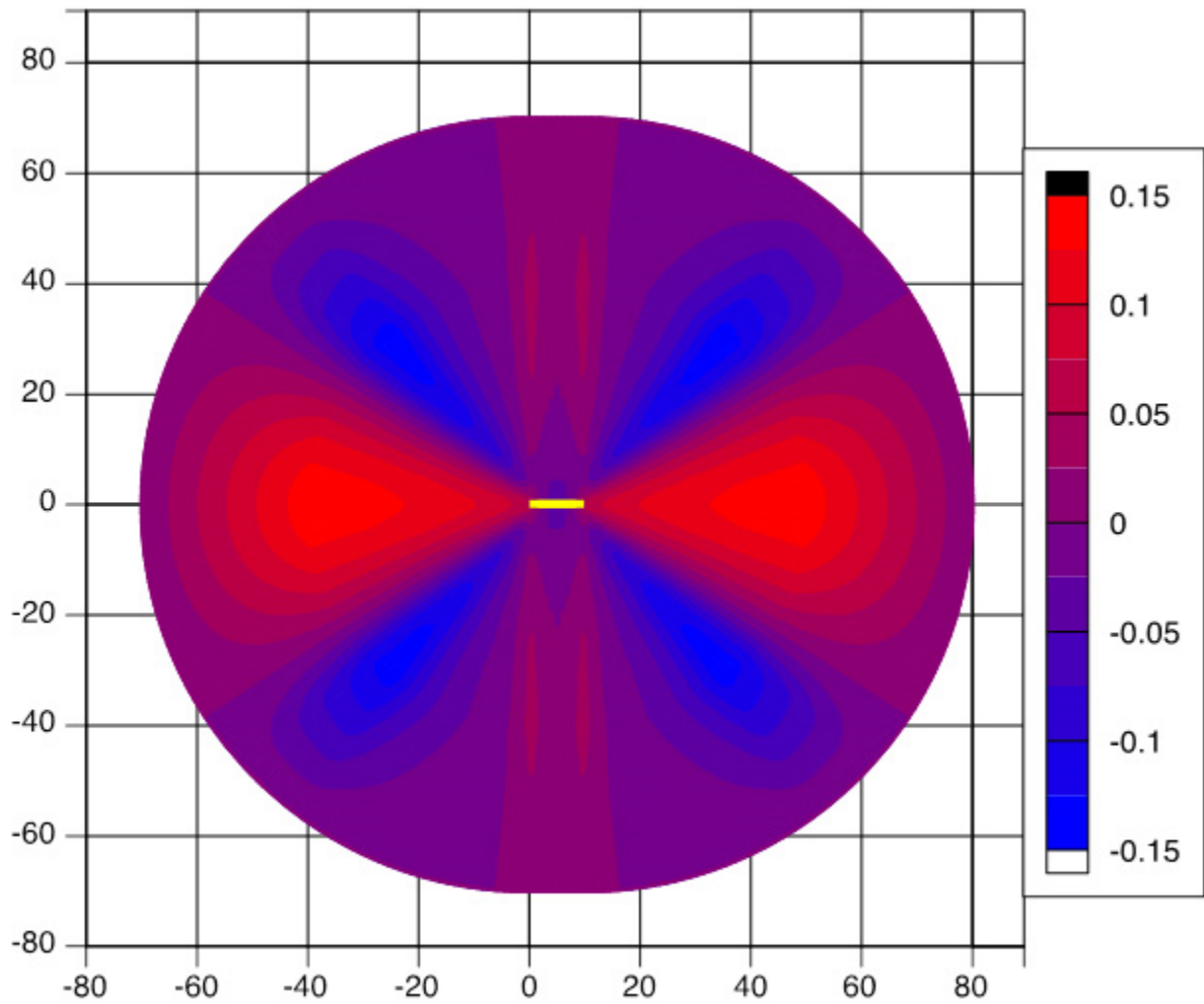


Figure A.2 Change in the mean of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 3 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 6, strike-slip rupture.

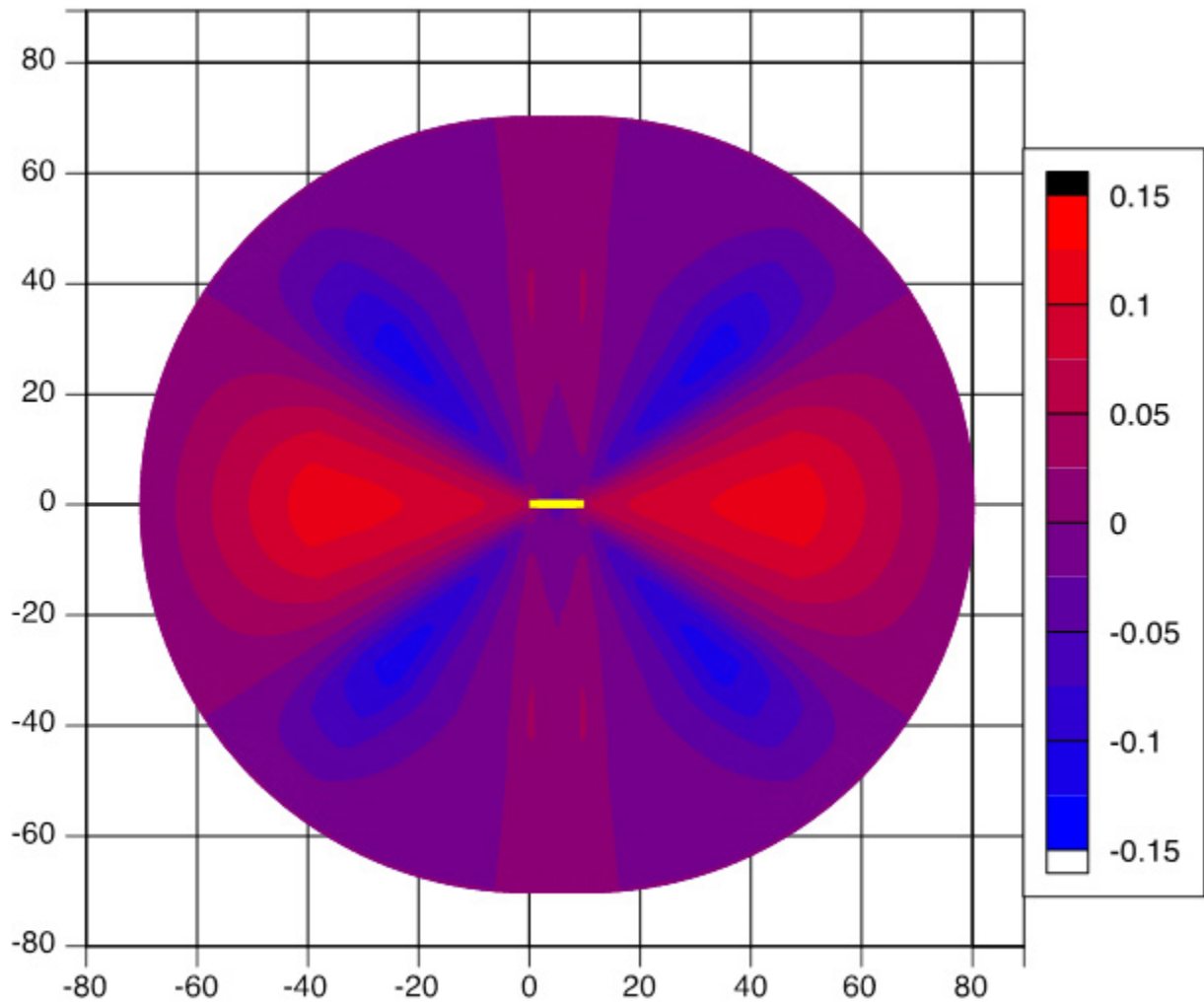


Figure A.3 Change in the mean of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 5 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 6, strike-slip rupture.

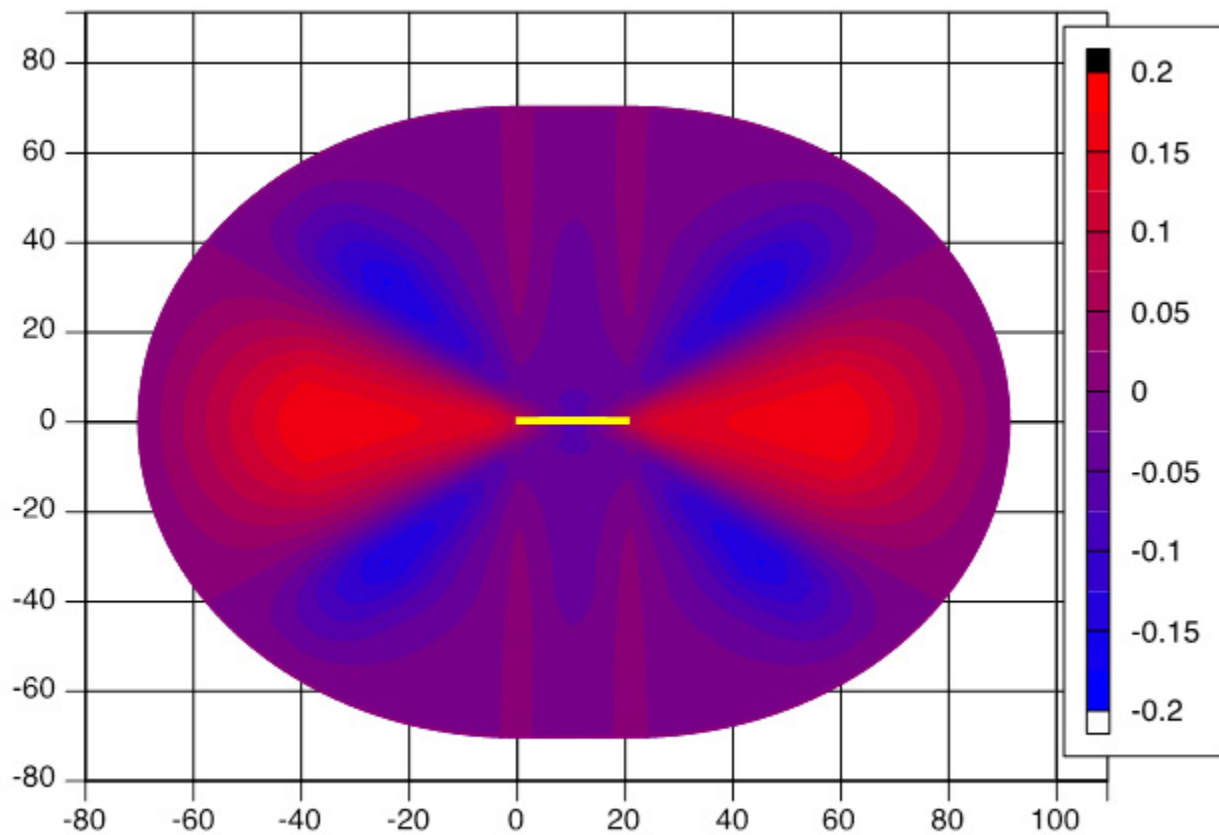


Figure A.4 Change in the mean of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 1 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 6.5, strike-slip rupture.

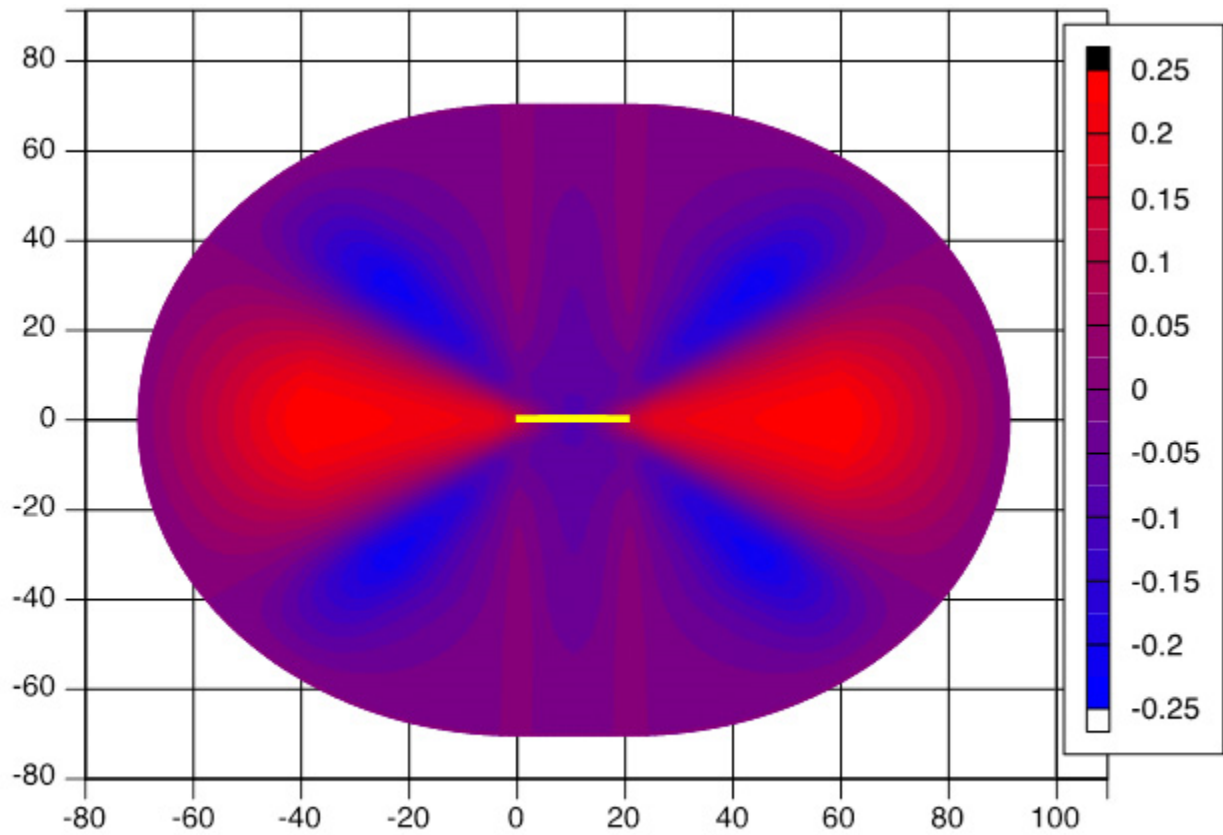


Figure A.5 Change in the mean of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 3 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 6.5, strike-slip rupture.

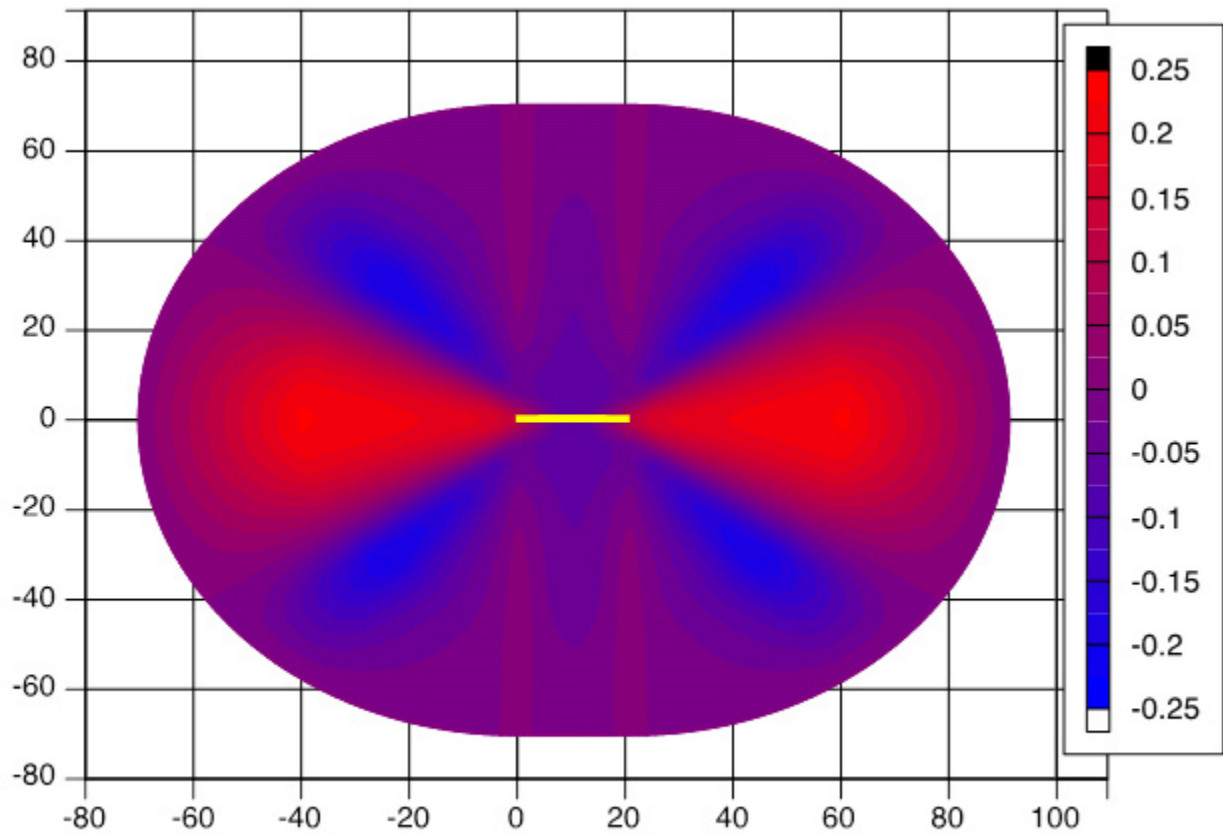


Figure A.6 Change in the mean of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 5 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 6.5, strike-slip rupture.

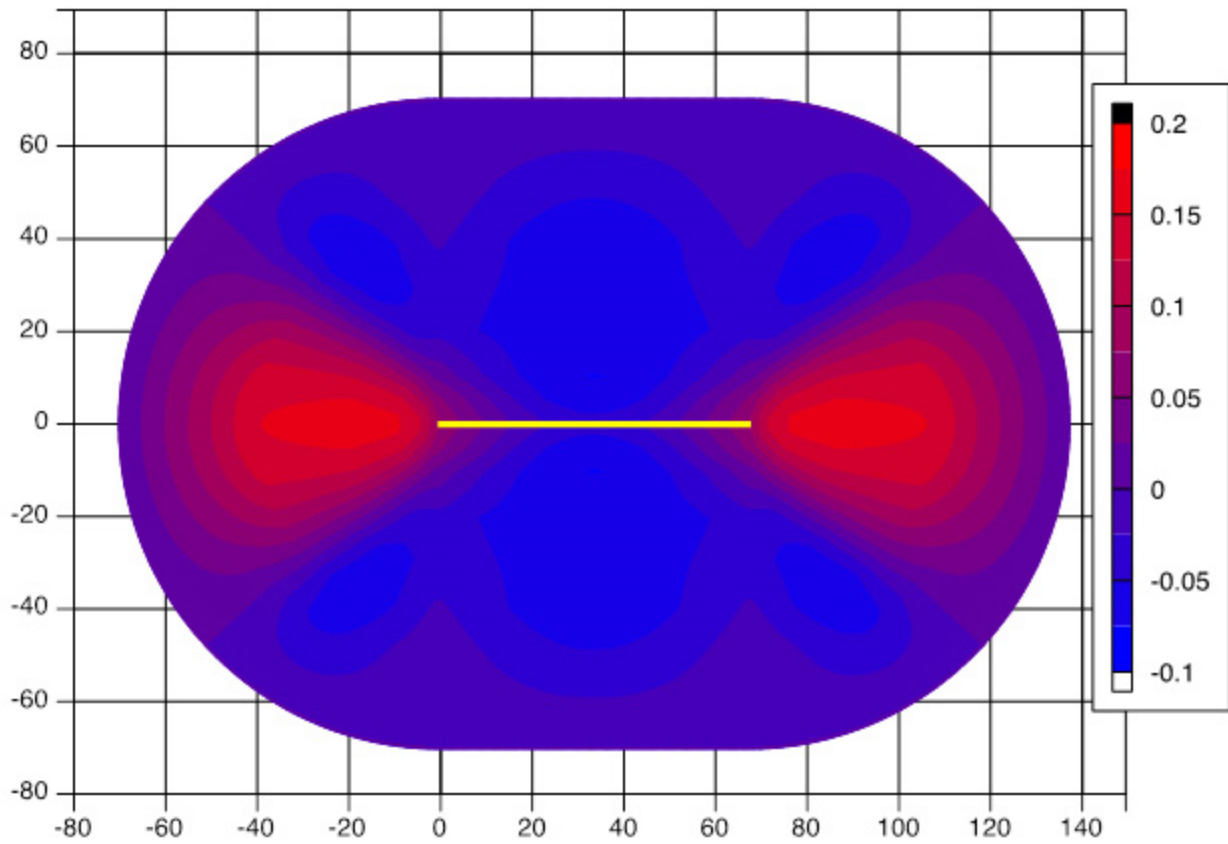


Figure A.7 Change in the mean of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 1 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 7, strike-slip rupture.

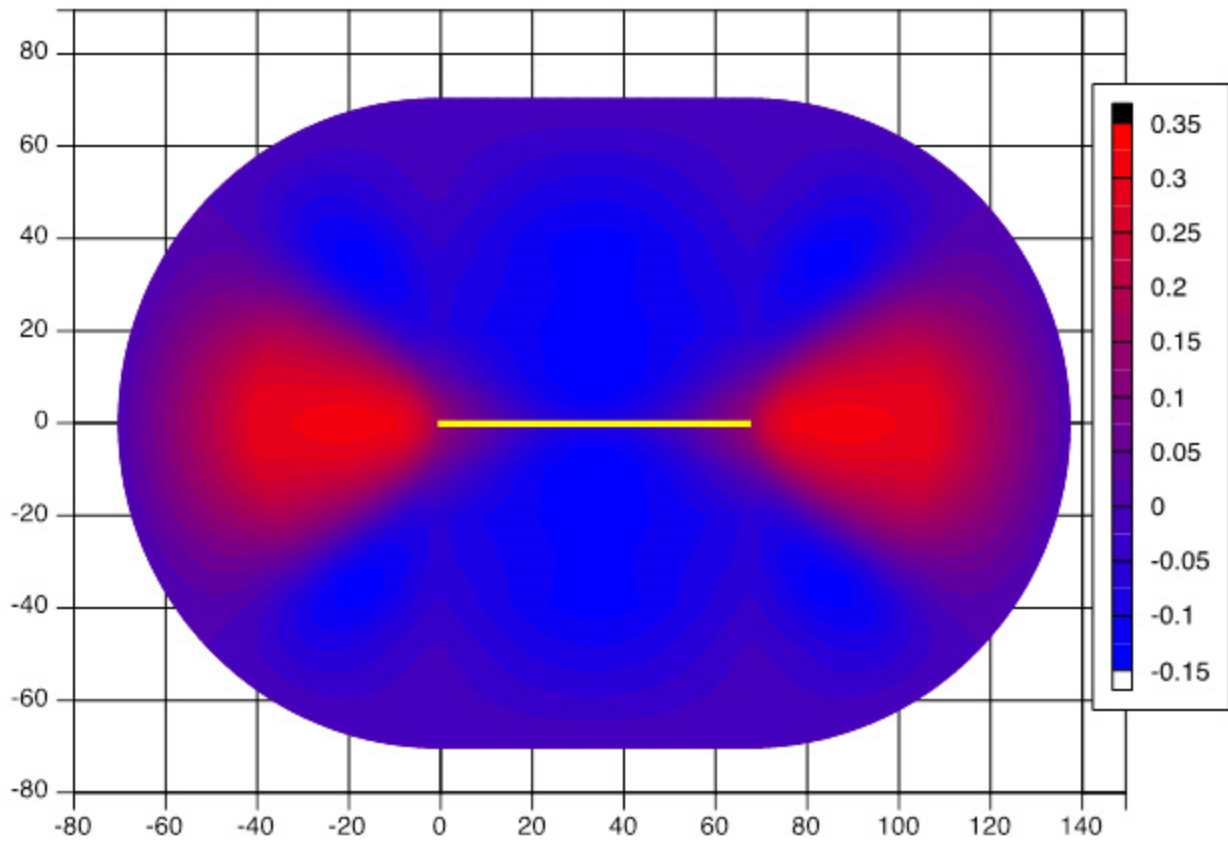


Figure A.8 Change in the mean of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 3 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 7, strike-slip rupture.

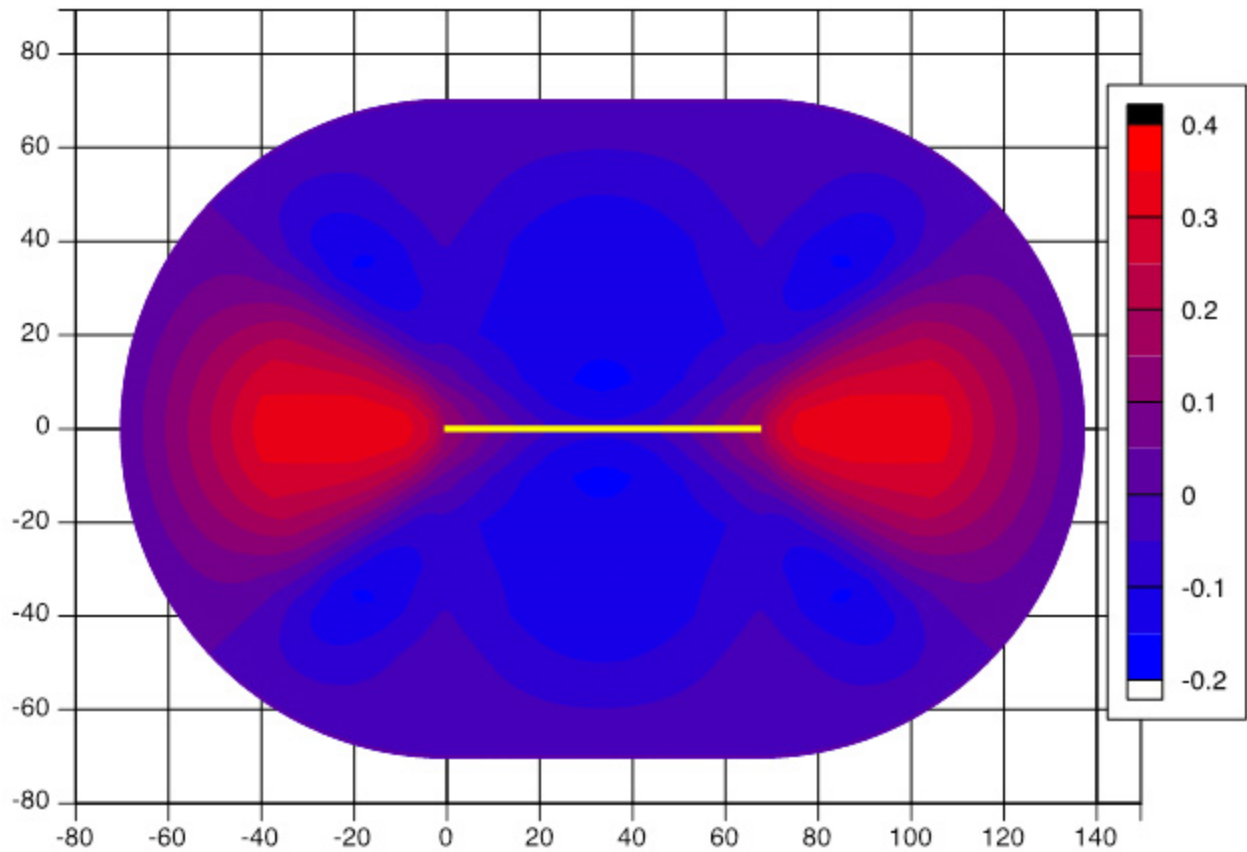


Figure A.9 Change in the mean of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 5 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 7, strike-slip rupture.

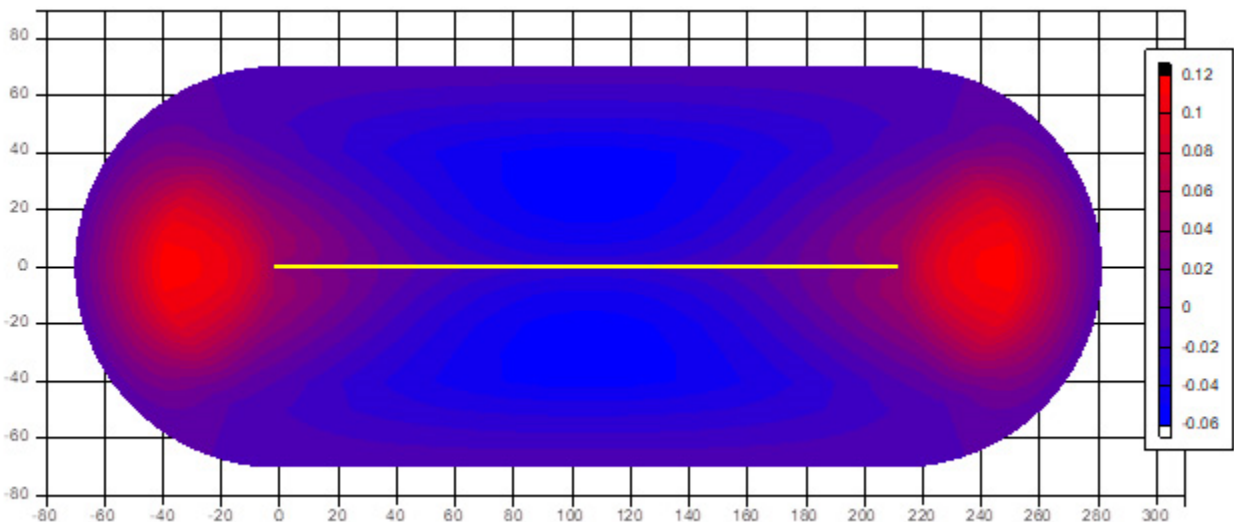


Figure A.10 Change in the mean of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 1 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 7.5, strike-slip rupture.

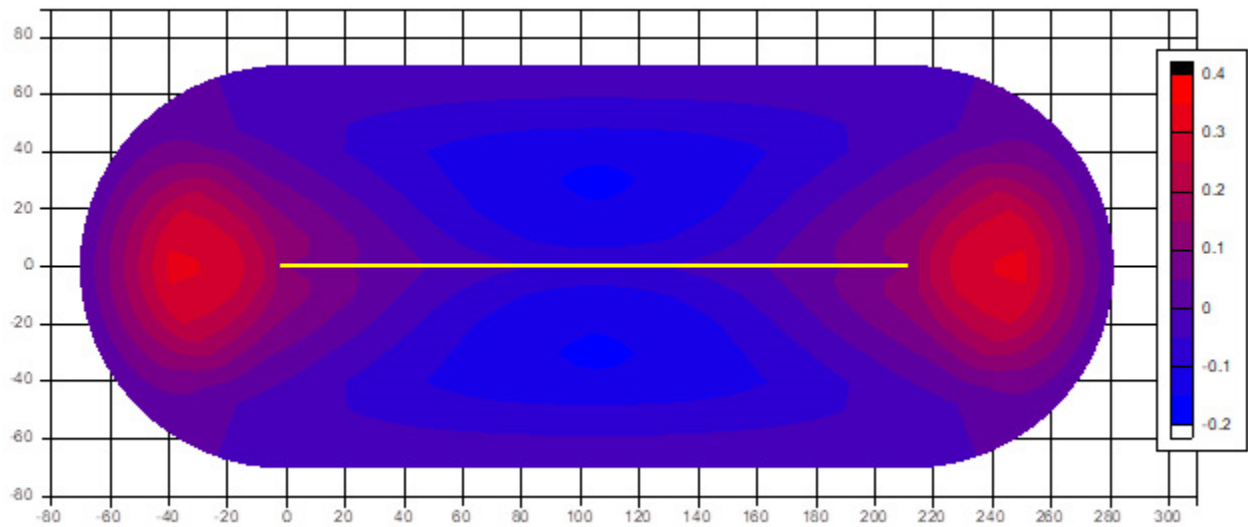


Figure A.11 Change in the mean of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 3 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 7.5, strike-slip rupture.

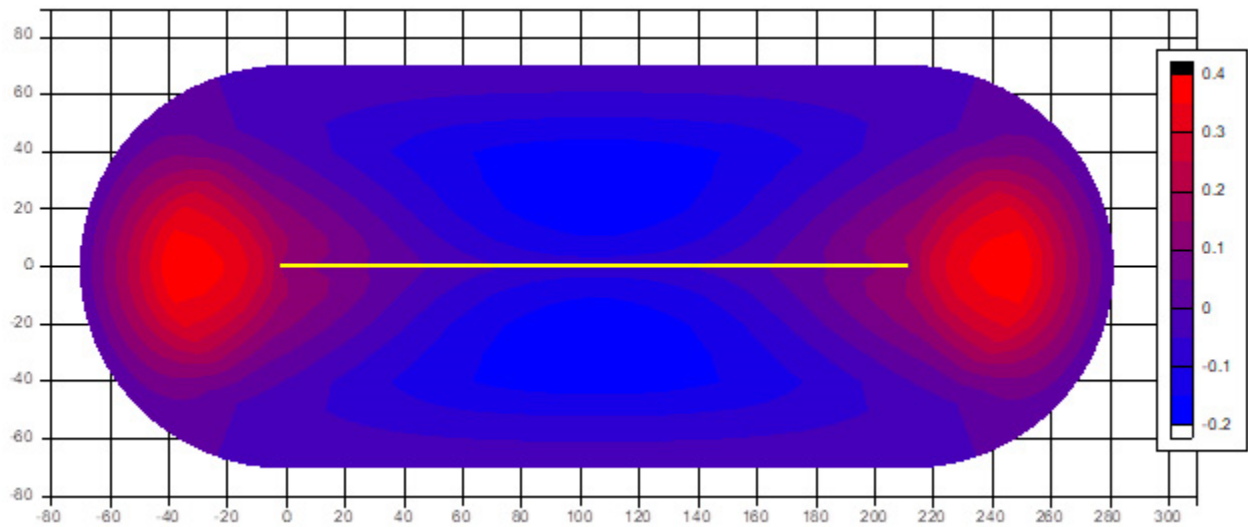


Figure A.12 Change in the mean of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 5 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 7.5, strike-slip rupture.

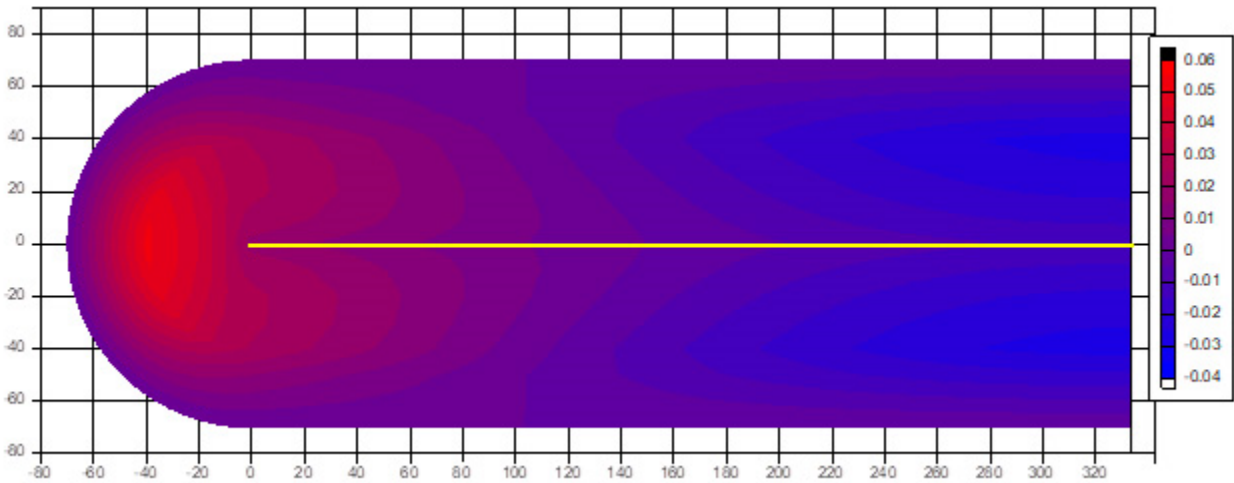


Figure A.13 Change in the mean of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 1 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 8, strike-slip rupture.

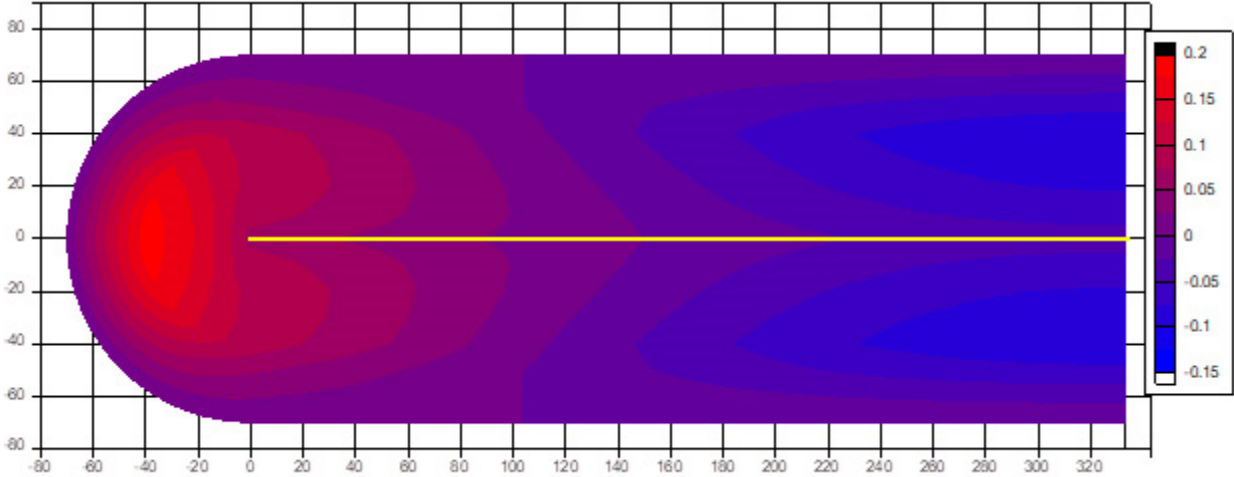


Figure A.14 Change in the mean of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 3 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 8, strike-slip rupture.

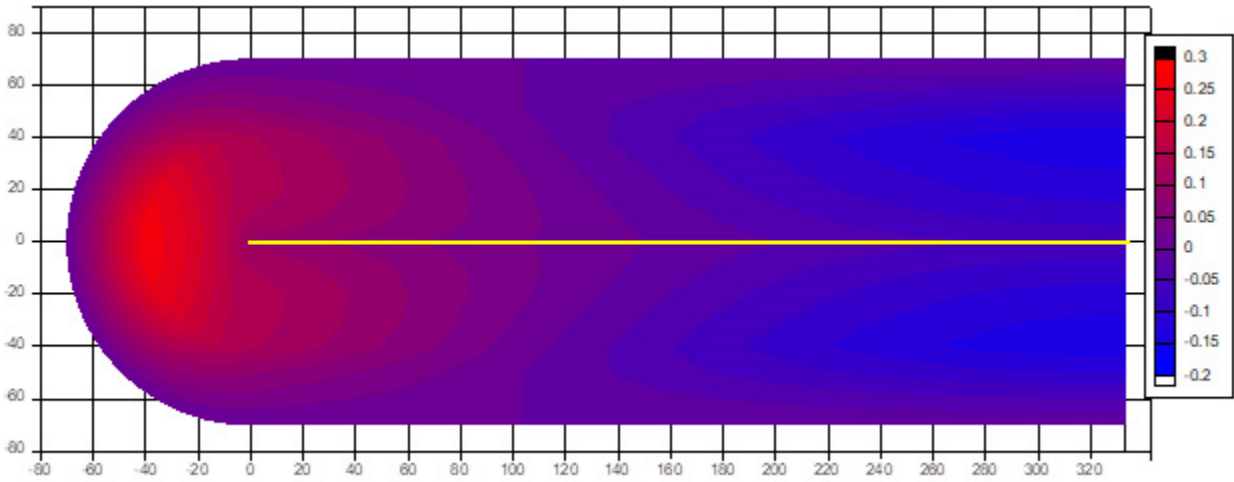


Figure A.15 Change in the mean of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 5 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 8, strike-slip rupture.

A.1.2 Changes in the Standard Deviation of the Log Normal 5% Damped Pseudo-Spectral Acceleration

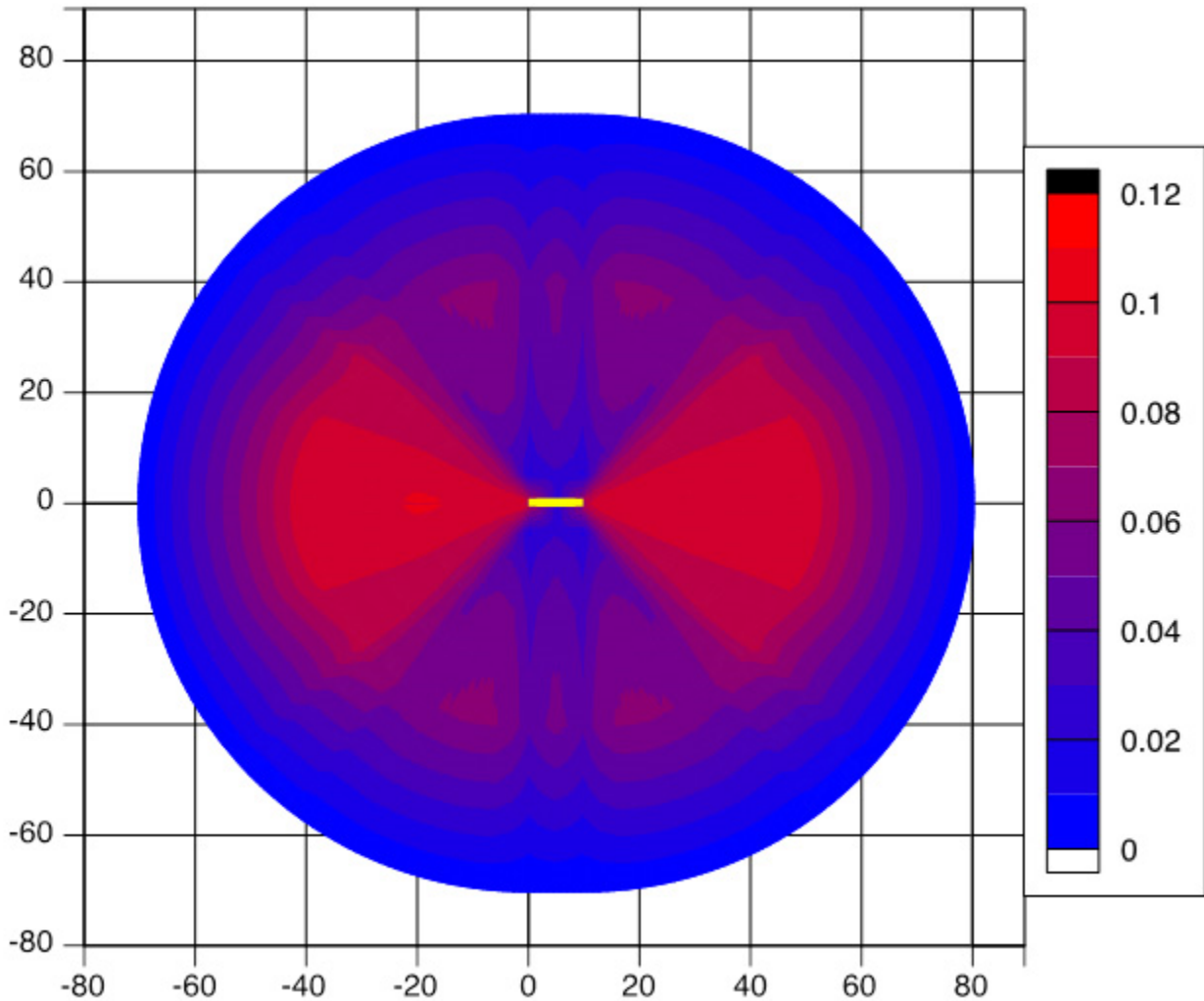


Figure A.16 Change in the standard deviation of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 1 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 6, strike-slip rupture.

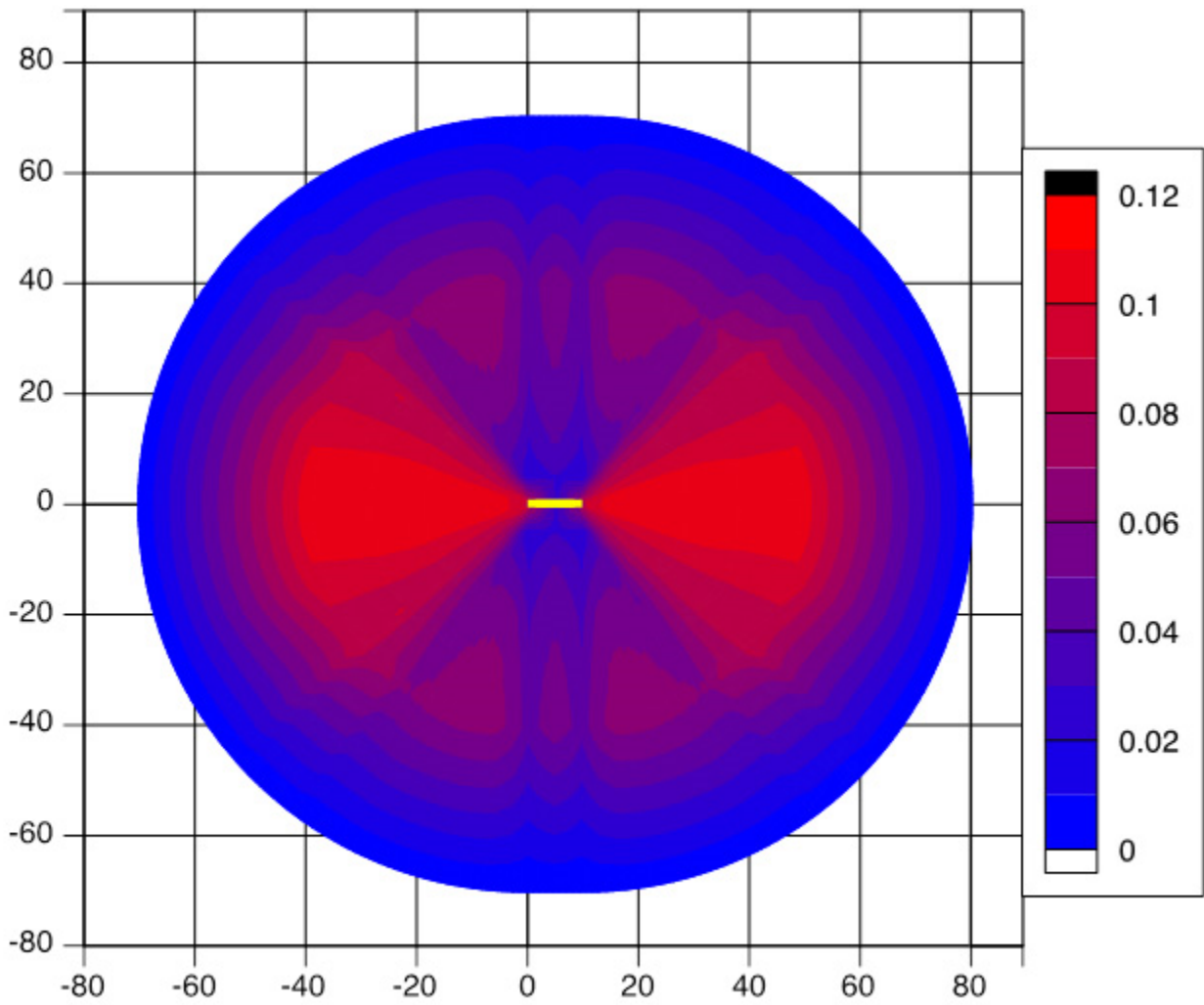


Figure A.17 Change in the standard deviation of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 3 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 6, strike-slip rupture.

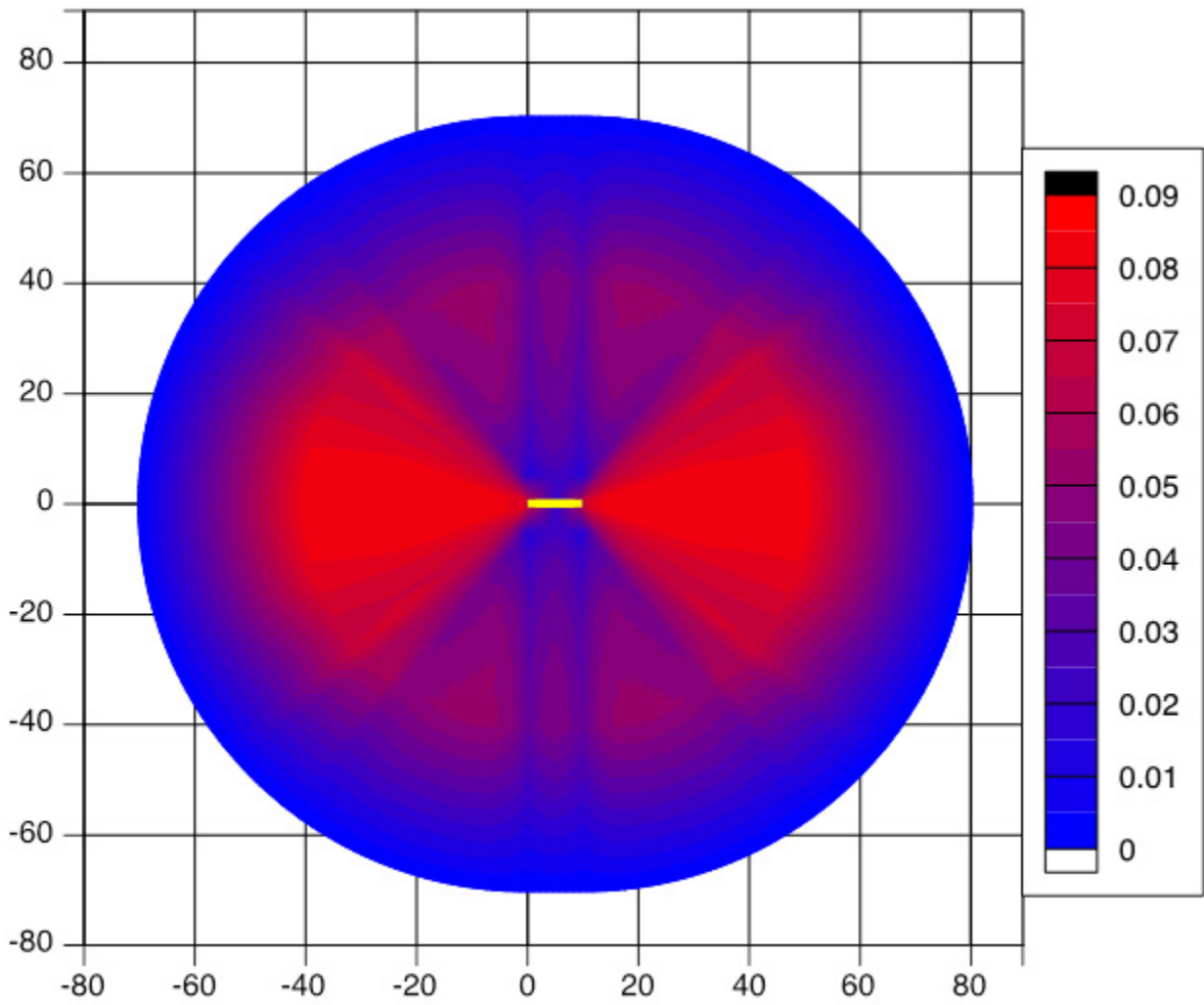


Figure A.18 Change in the standard deviation of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 5 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 6, strike-slip rupture.

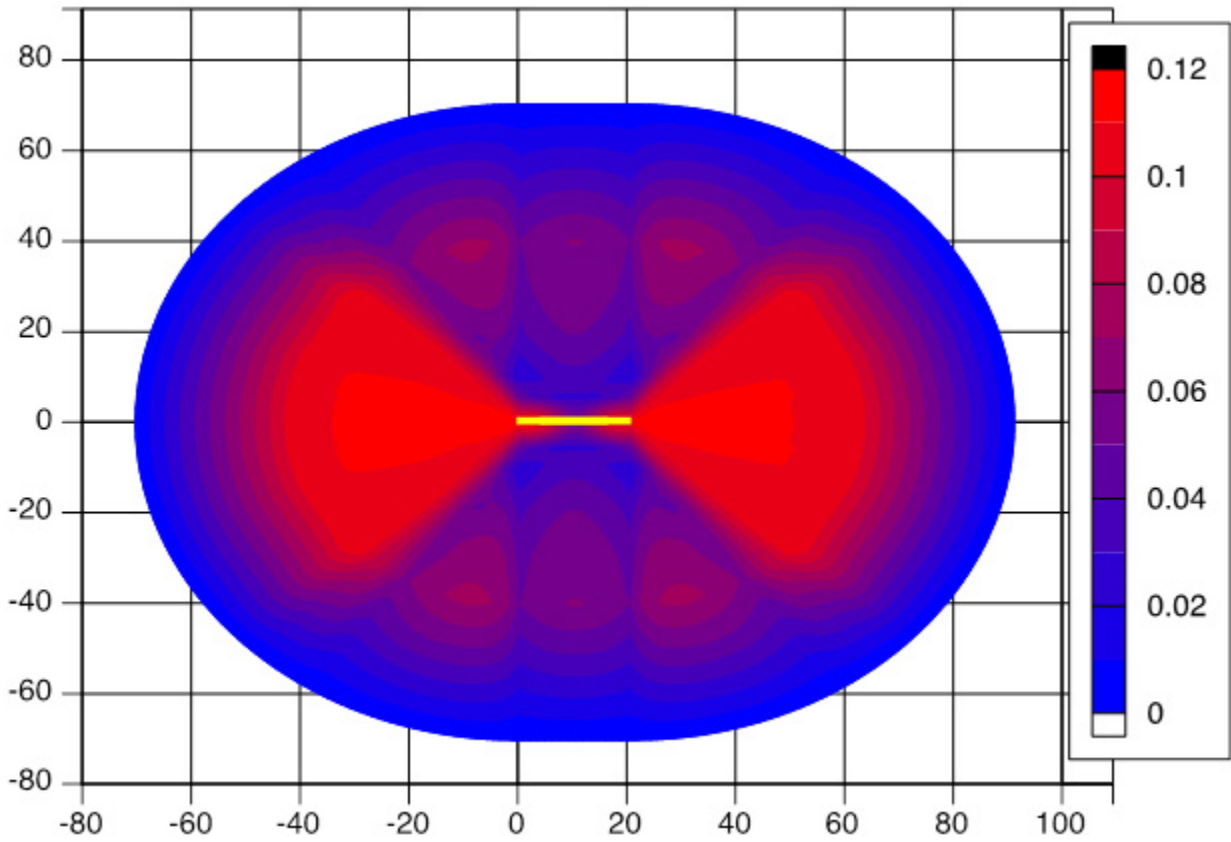


Figure A.19 Change in the standard deviation of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 1 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 6.5, strike-slip rupture.

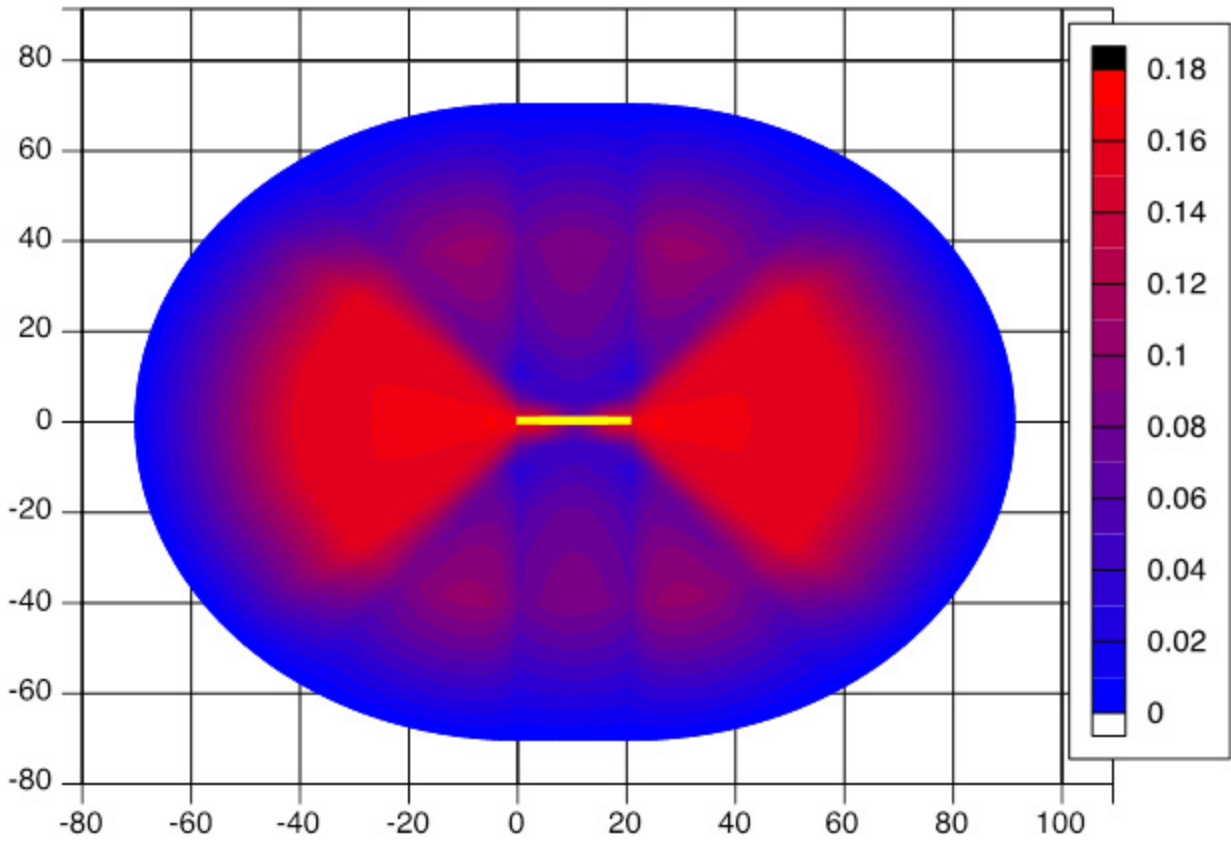


Figure A.20 Change in the standard deviation of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 3 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 6.5, strike-slip rupture.

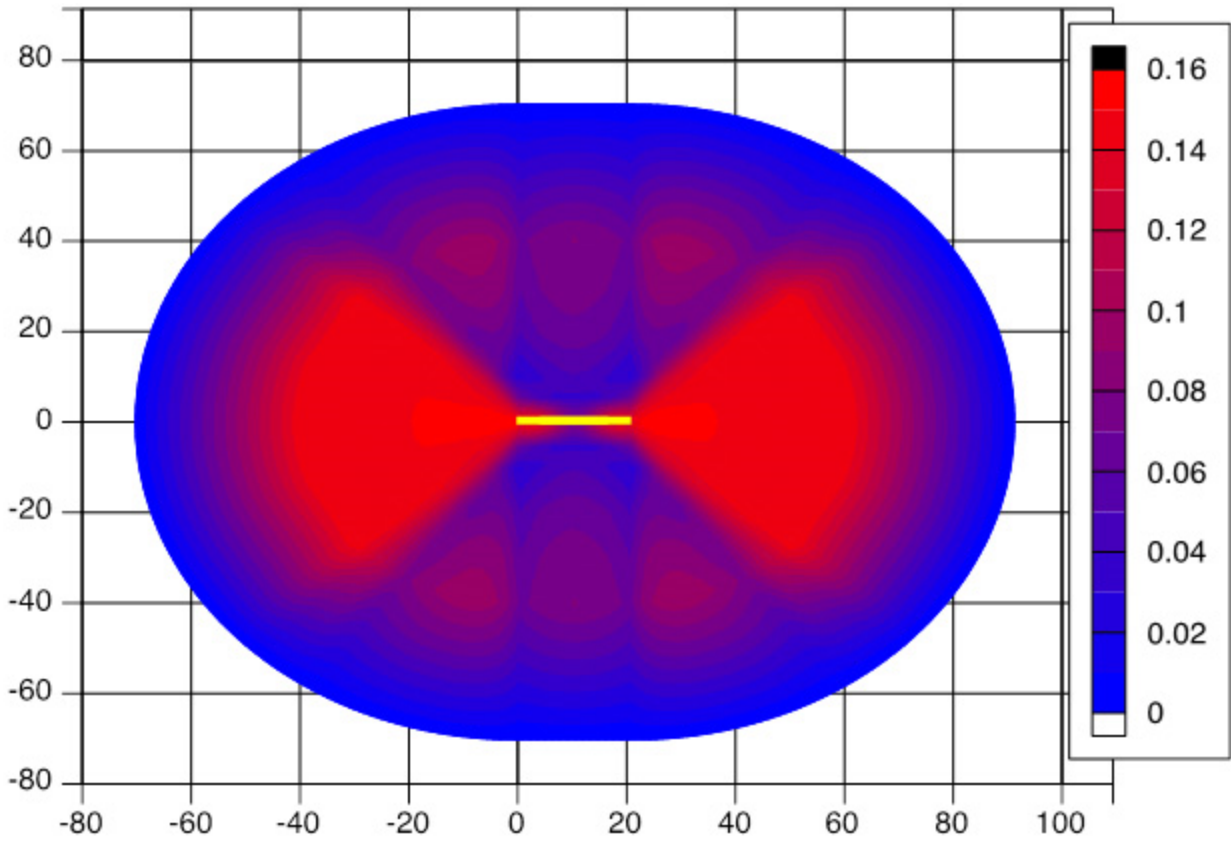


Figure A.21 Change in the standard deviation of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 5 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 6.5, strike-slip rupture.

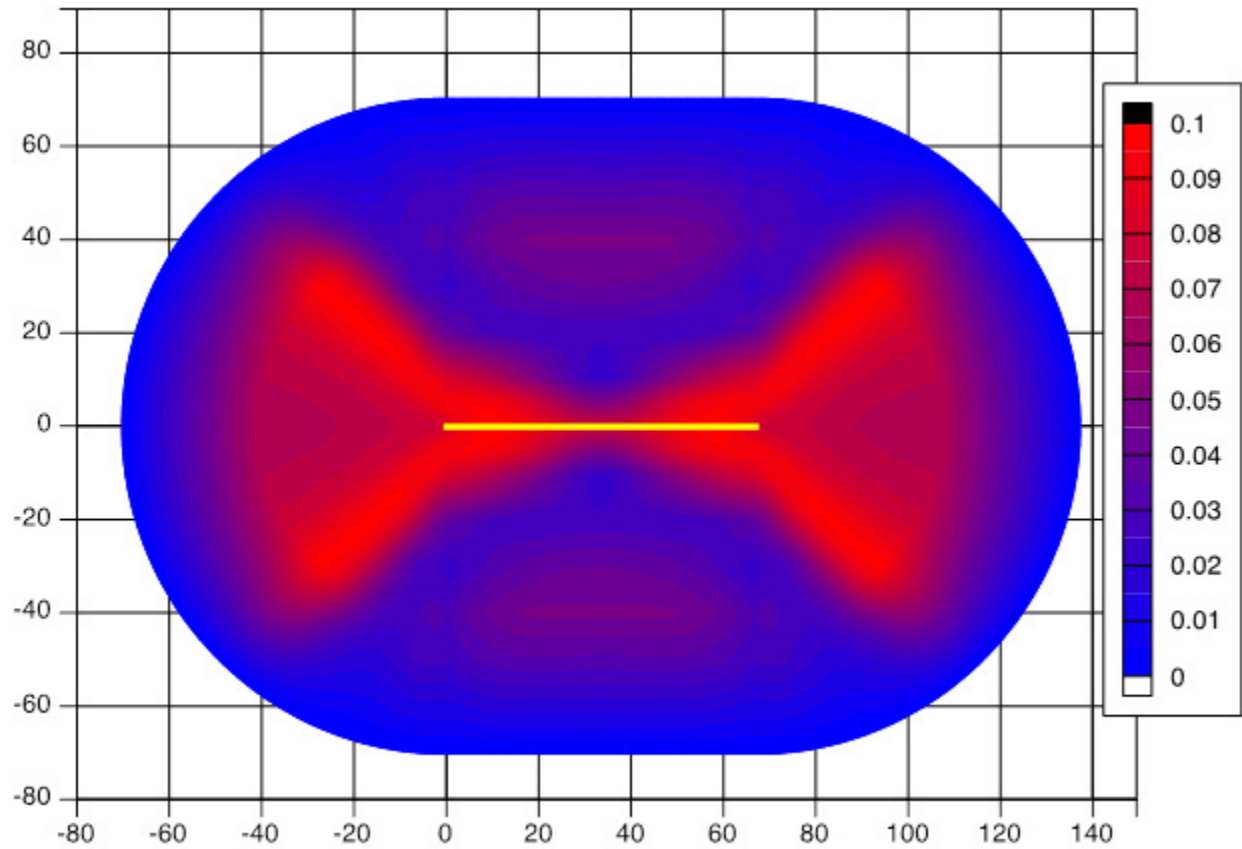


Figure A.22 Change in the standard deviation of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 1 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 7, strike-slip rupture.

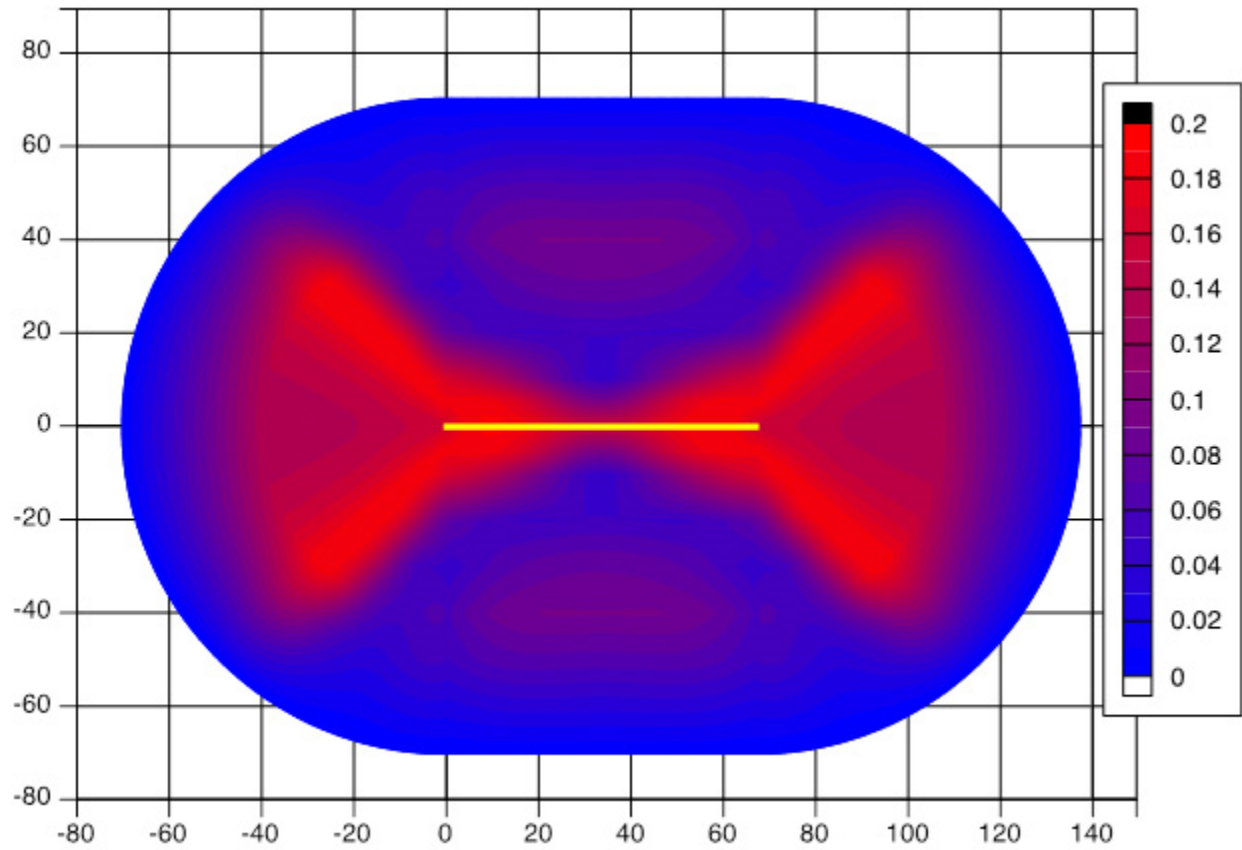


Figure A.23 Change in the standard deviation of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 3 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 7, strike-slip rupture.

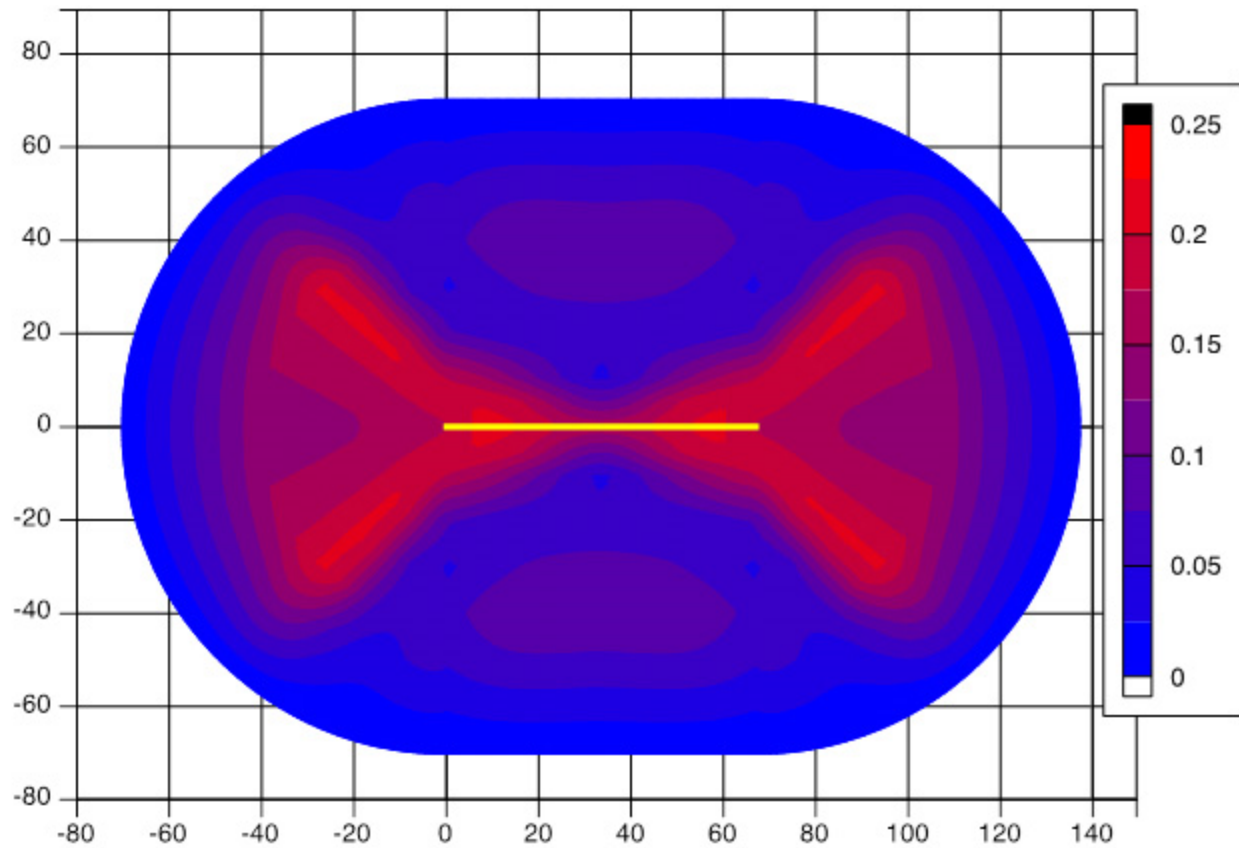


Figure A.24 Change in the standard deviation of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 5 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 7, strike-slip rupture.

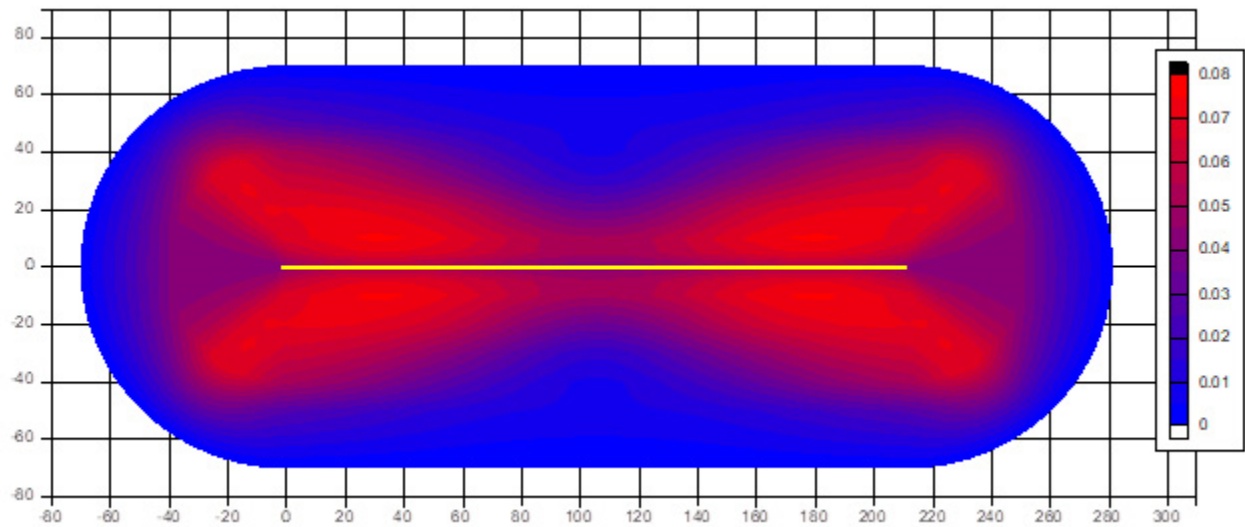


Figure A.25 Change in the standard deviation of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 1 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 7.5, strike-slip rupture.

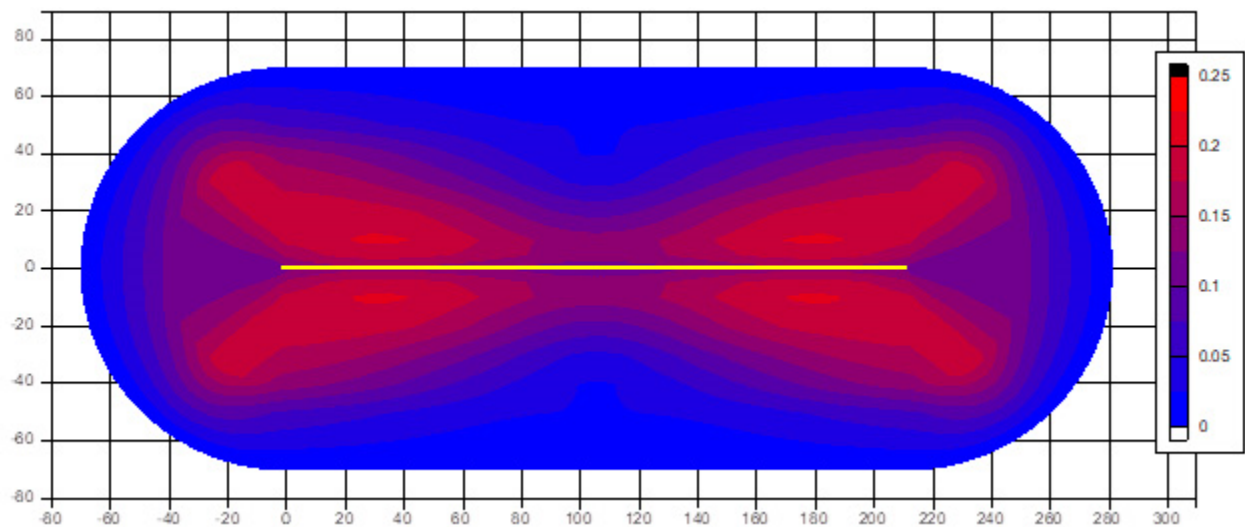


Figure A.26 Change in the standard deviation of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 3 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 7.5, strike-slip rupture.

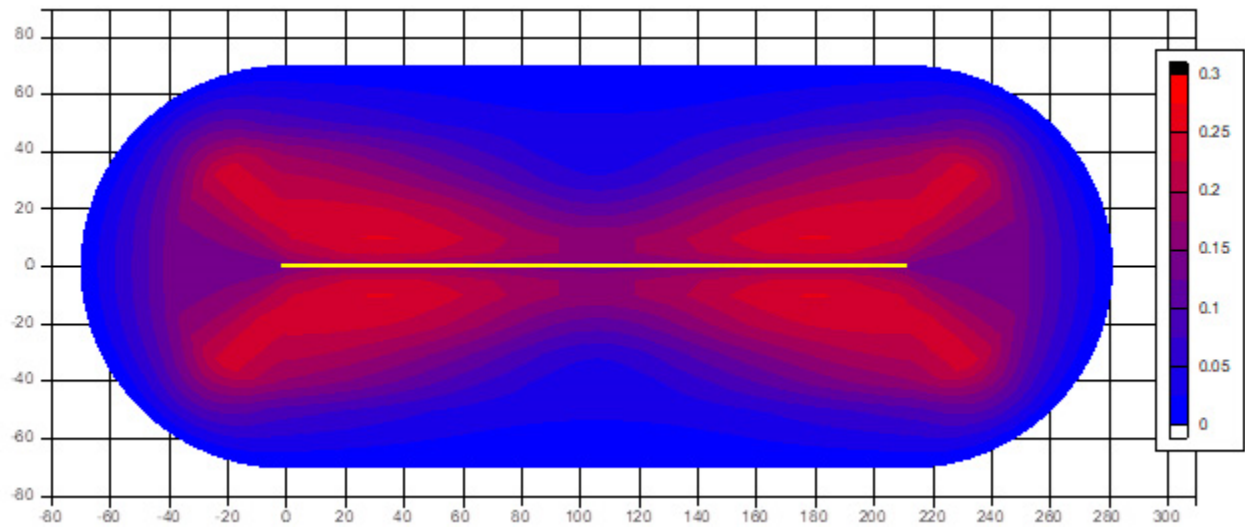


Figure A.27 Change in the standard deviation of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 5 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 7.5, strike-slip rupture.

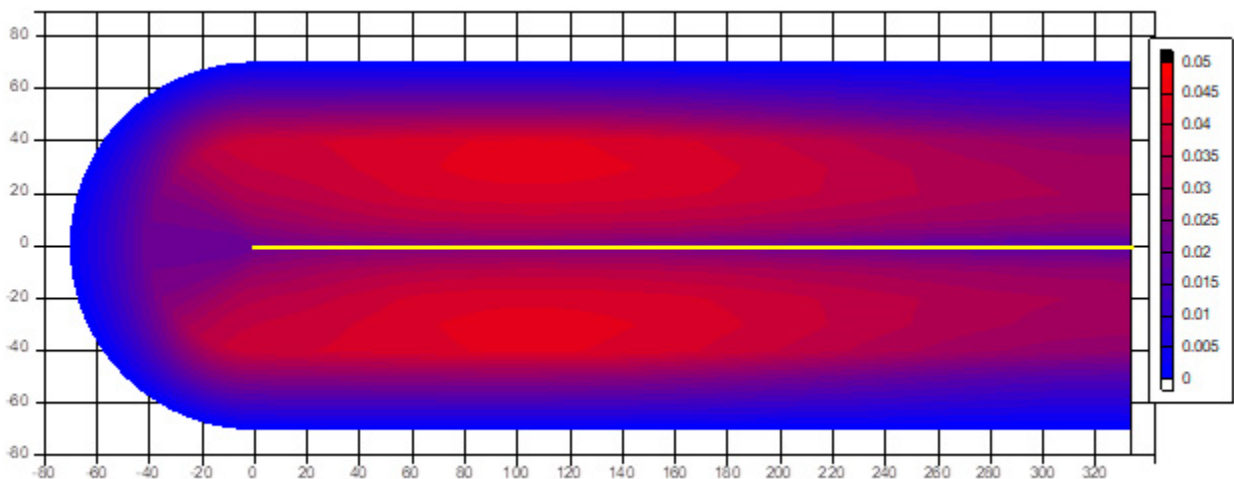


Figure A.28 Change in the standard deviation of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 1 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 8, strike-slip rupture.

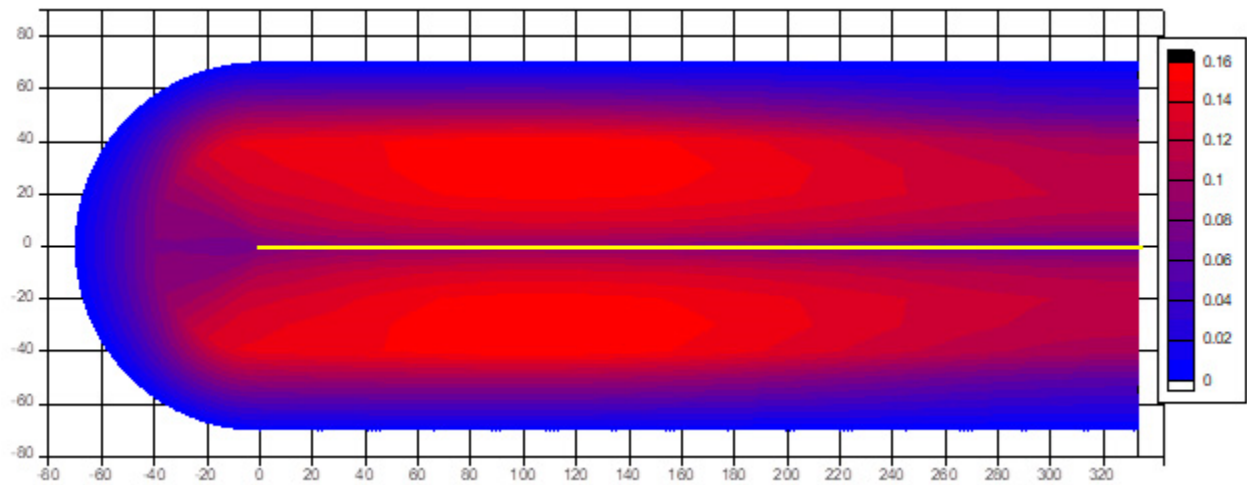


Figure A.29 Change in the standard deviation of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 3 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 8, strike-slip rupture.

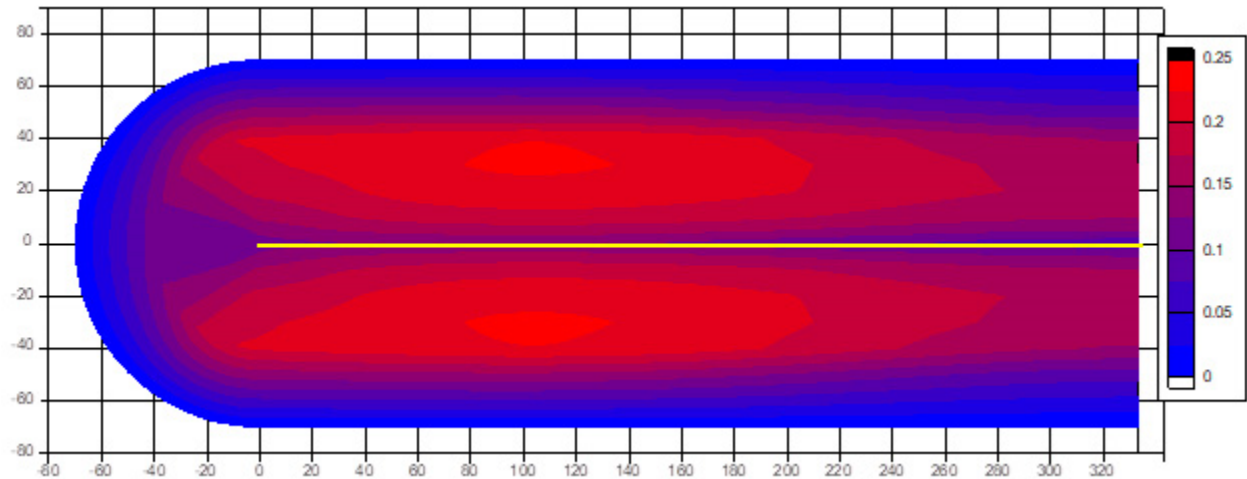


Figure A.30 Change in the standard deviation of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 5 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 8, strike-slip rupture.

A.1.3 Changes in the Standard Deviation of the Log Normal 5% Damped Pseudo-Spectral Acceleration with ϕ_2 Reduction

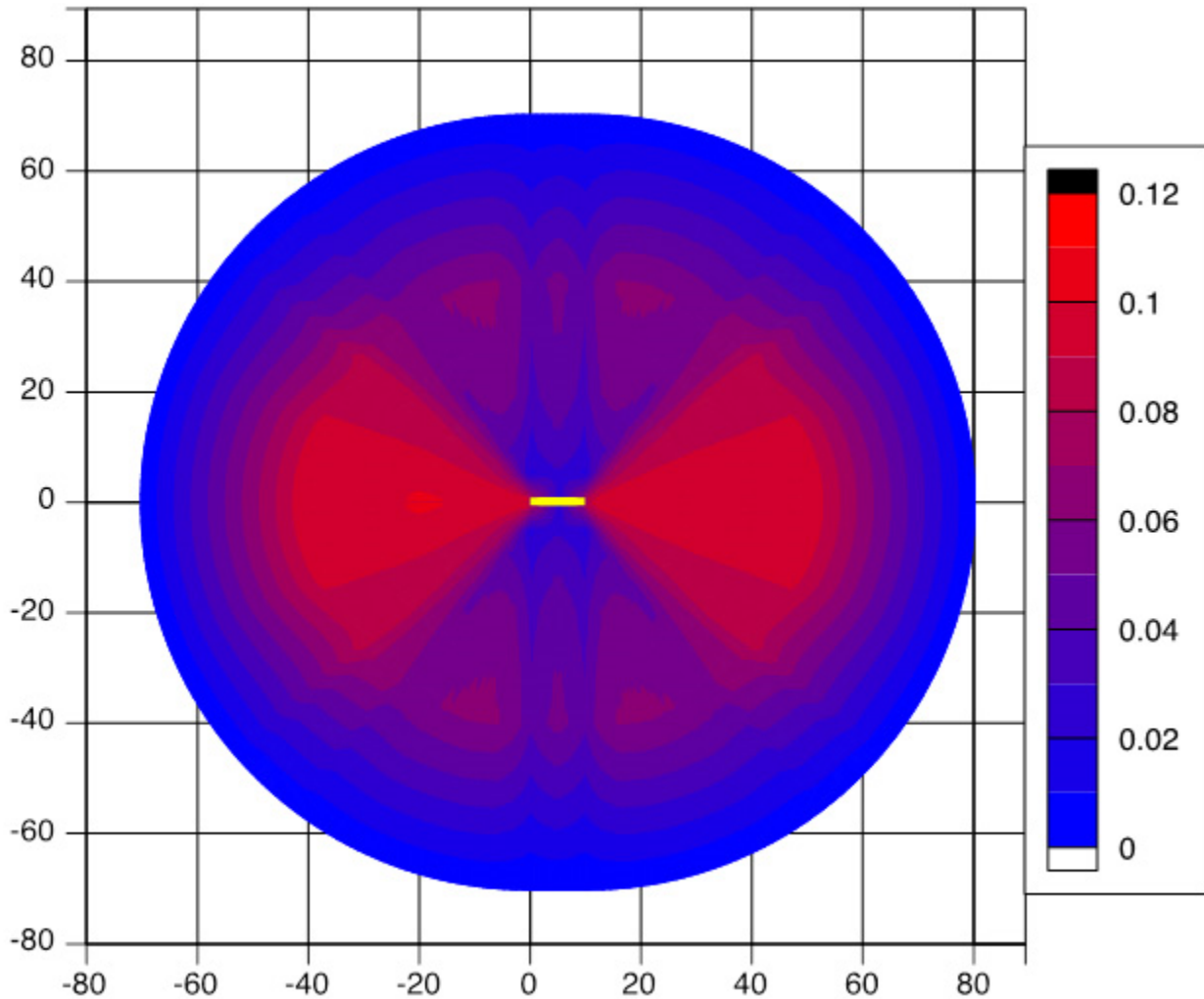


Figure A.31 Change in the standard deviation of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 1 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 6, strike-slip rupture with ϕ_2 reduction.

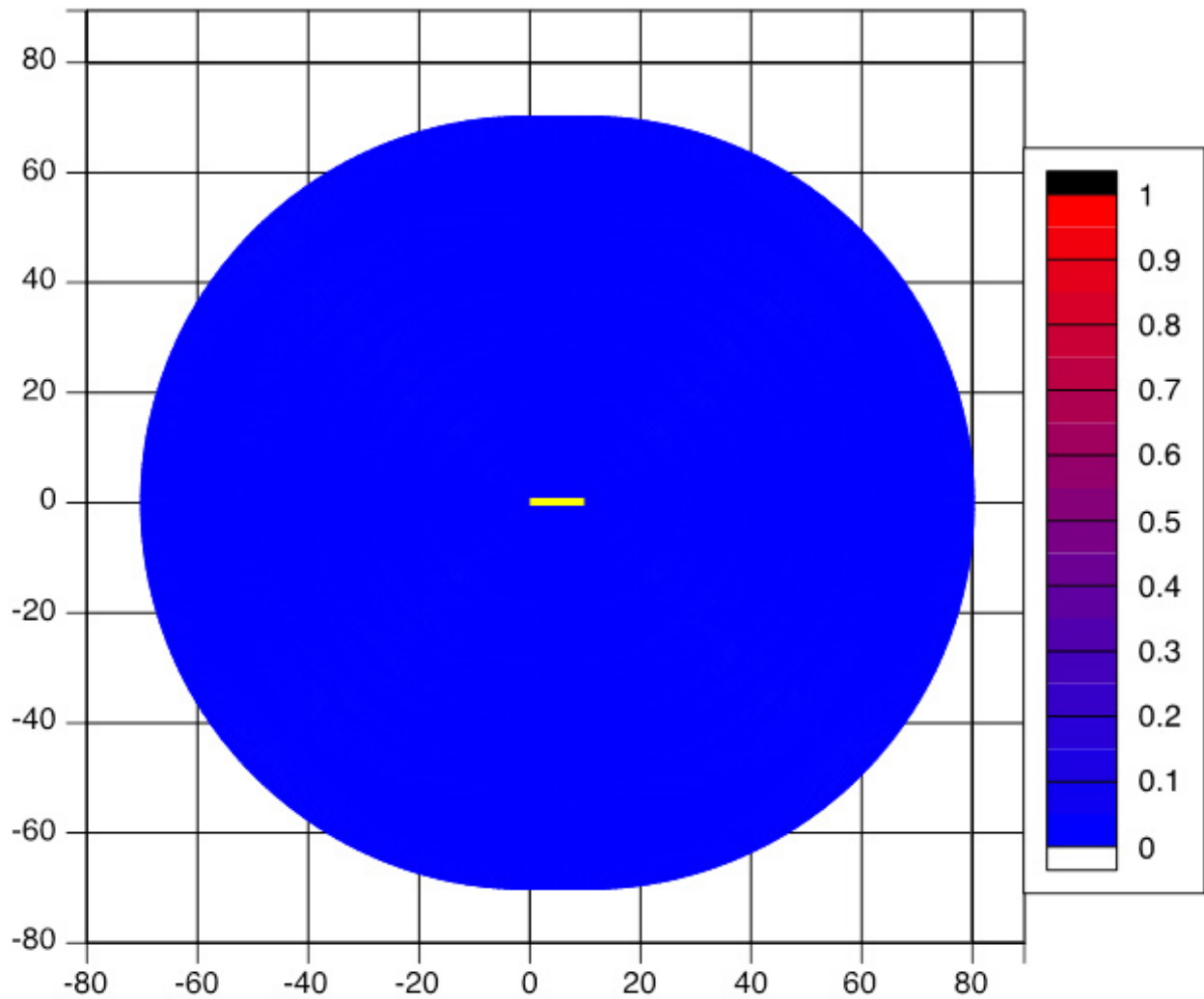


Figure A.32 Change in the standard deviation of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 3 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 6, strike-slip rupture with ϕ_2 reduction.

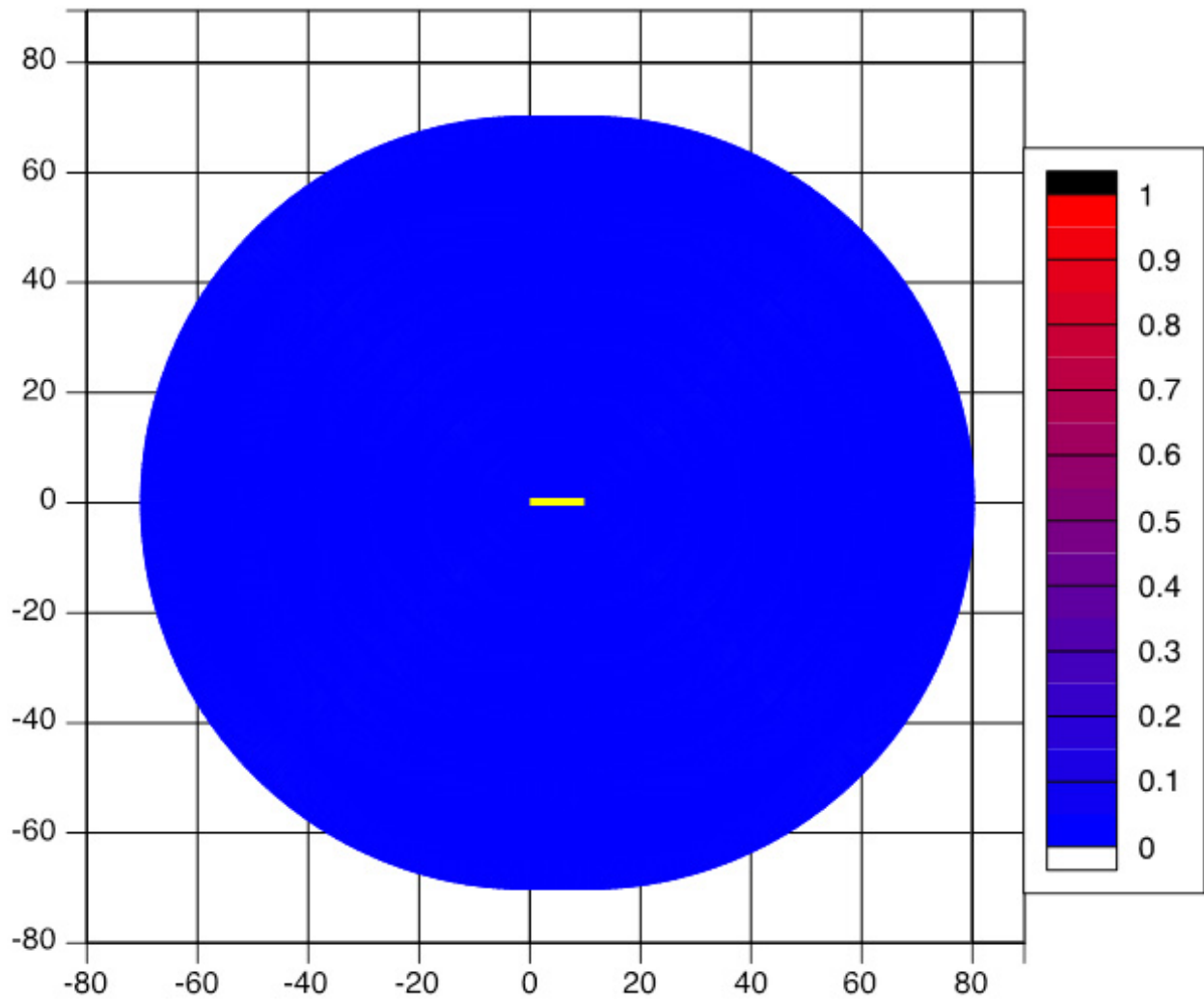


Figure A.33 Change in the standard deviation of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 5 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 6, strike-slip rupture with ϕ_2 reduction.

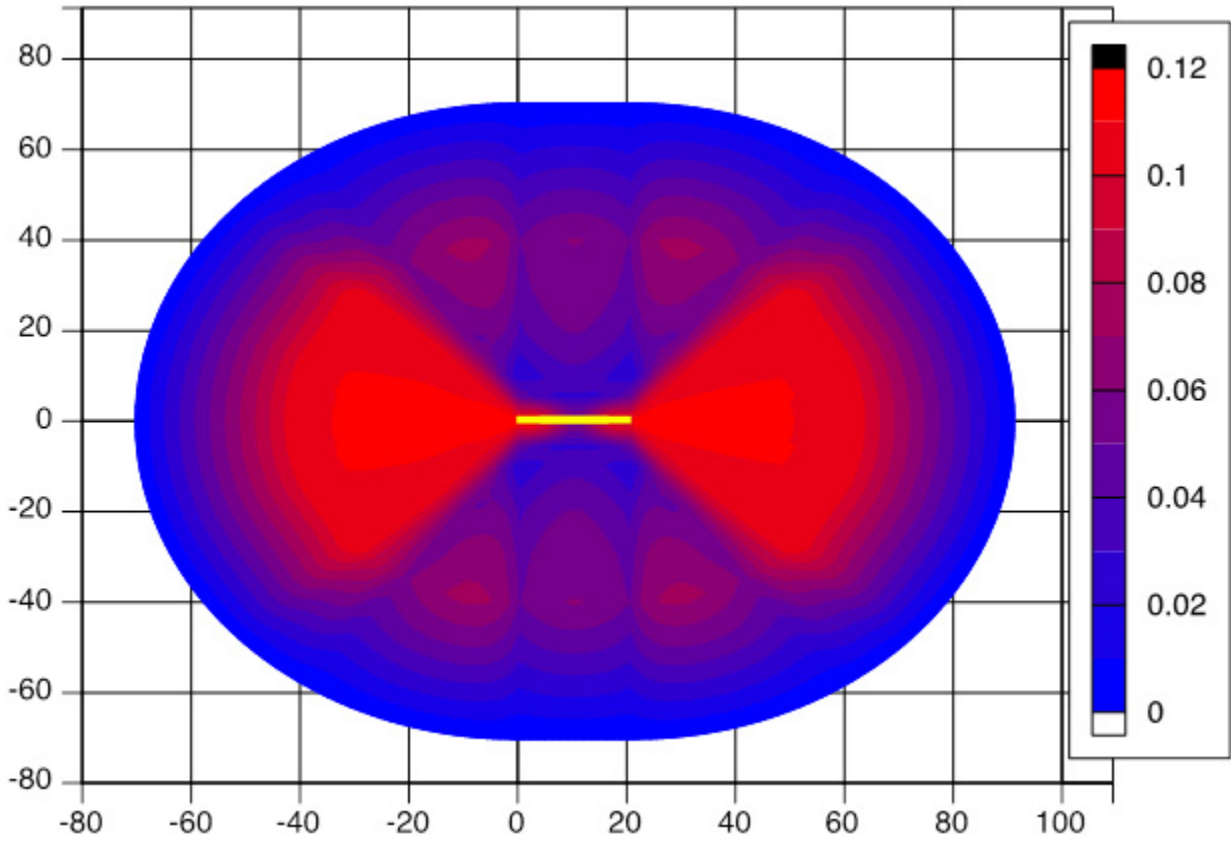


Figure A.34 Change in the standard deviation of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 1 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 6.5, strike-slip rupture with ϕ_2 reduction.

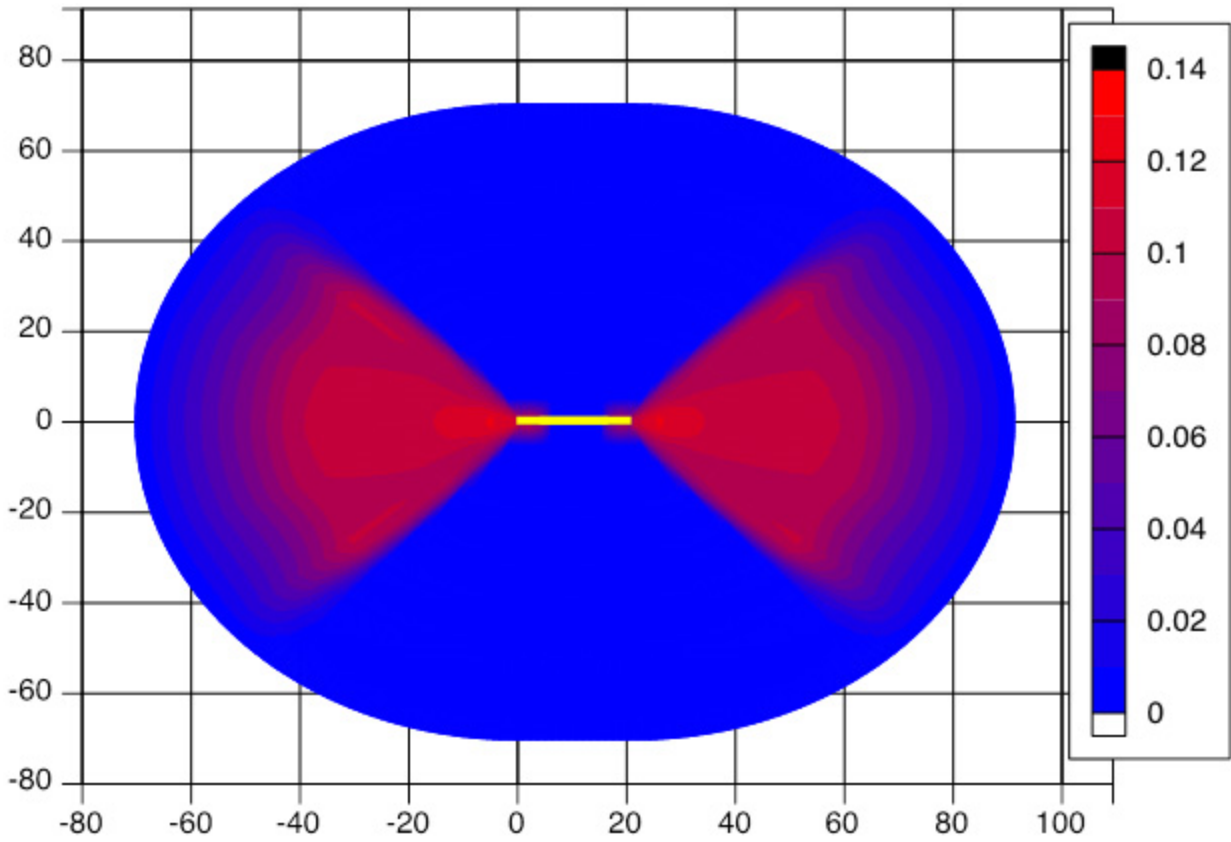


Figure A.35 Change in the standard deviation of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 3 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 6.5, strike-slip rupture with ϕ_2 reduction.

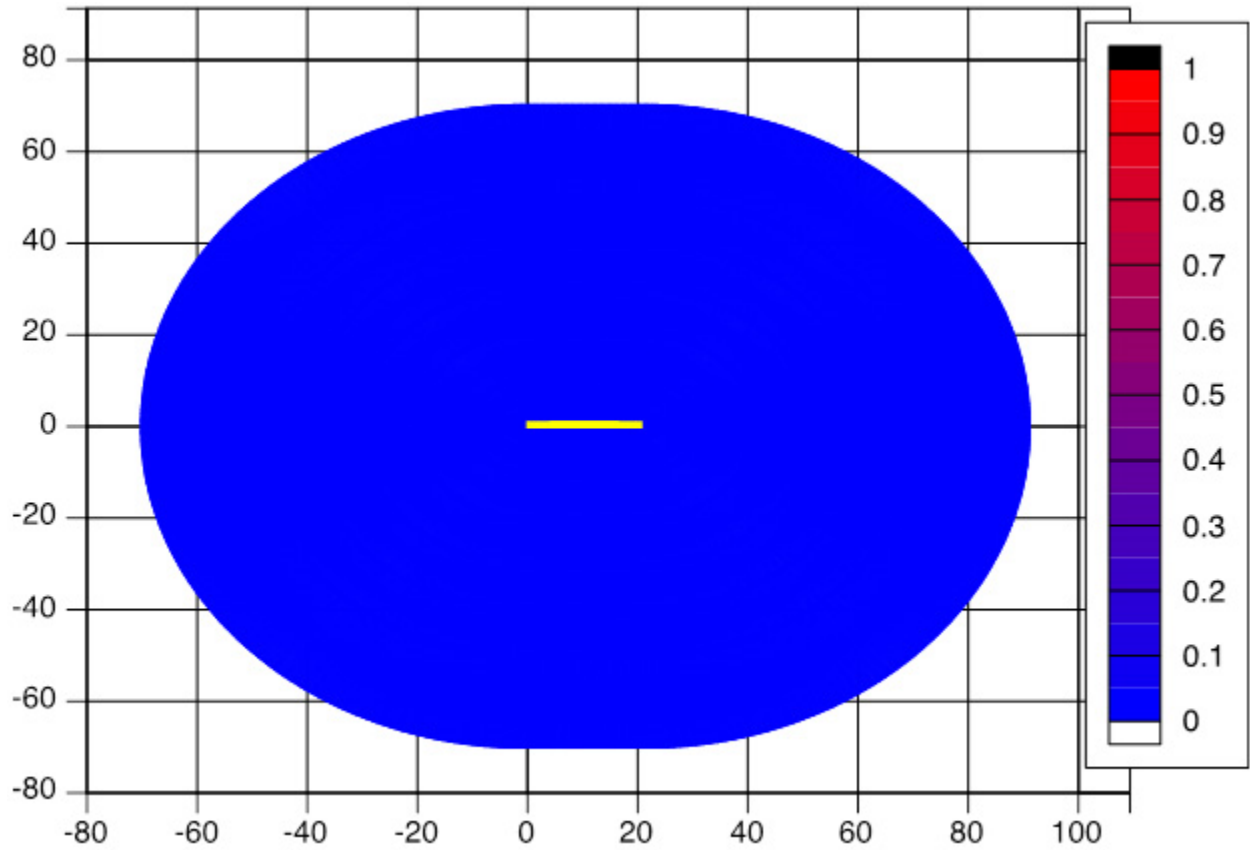


Figure A.36 Change in the standard deviation of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 5 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 6.5, strike-slip rupture with ϕ_2 reduction.

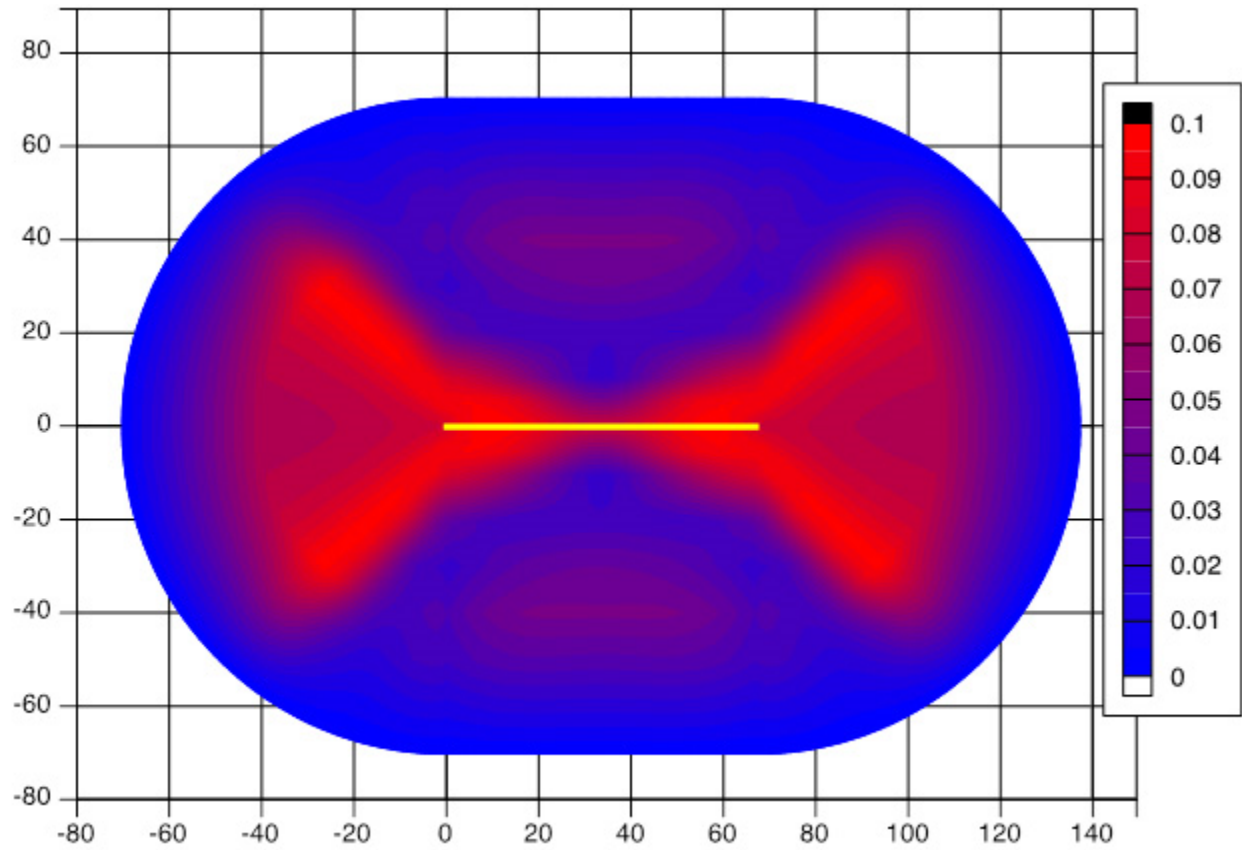


Figure A.37 Change in the standard deviation of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 1 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 7, strike-slip rupture with ϕ_2 reduction.

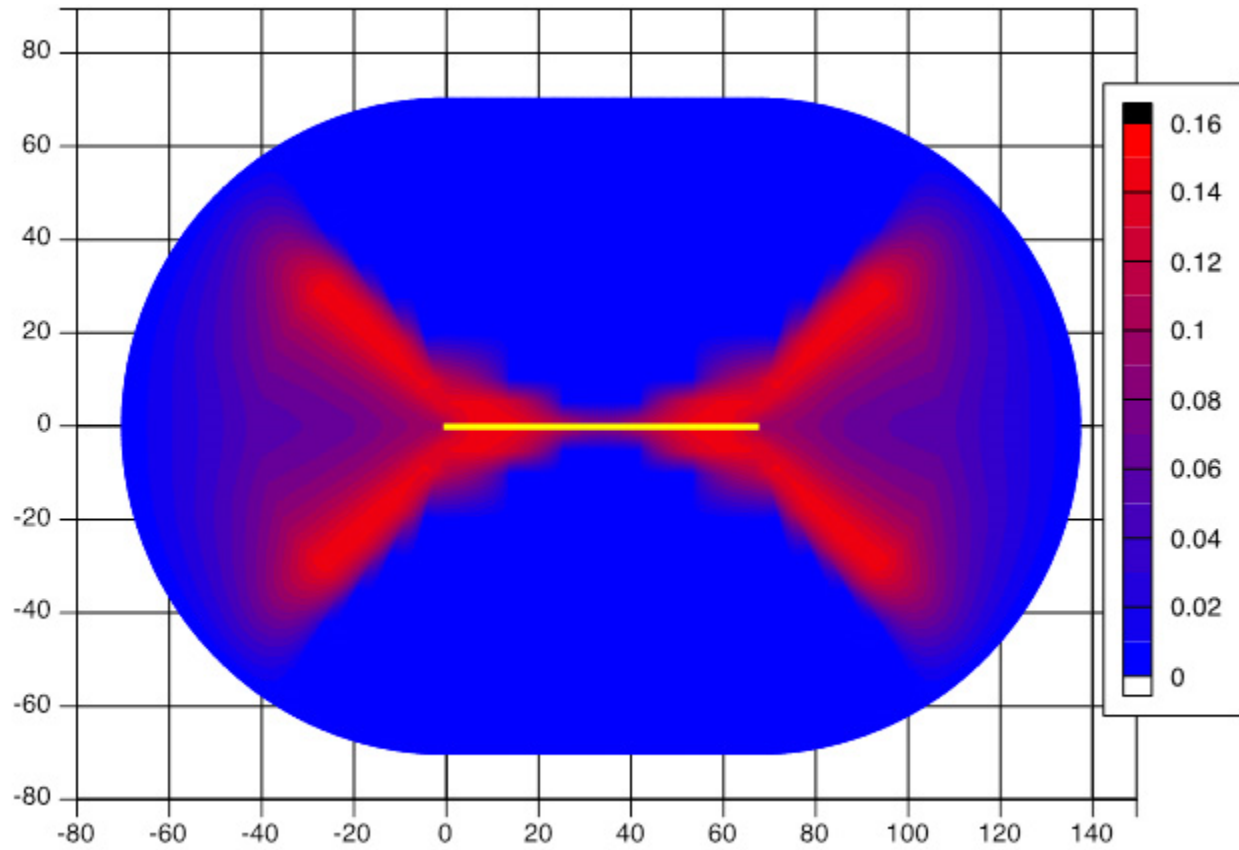


Figure A.38 Change in the standard deviation of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 3 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 7, strike-slip rupture with ϕ_2 reduction.

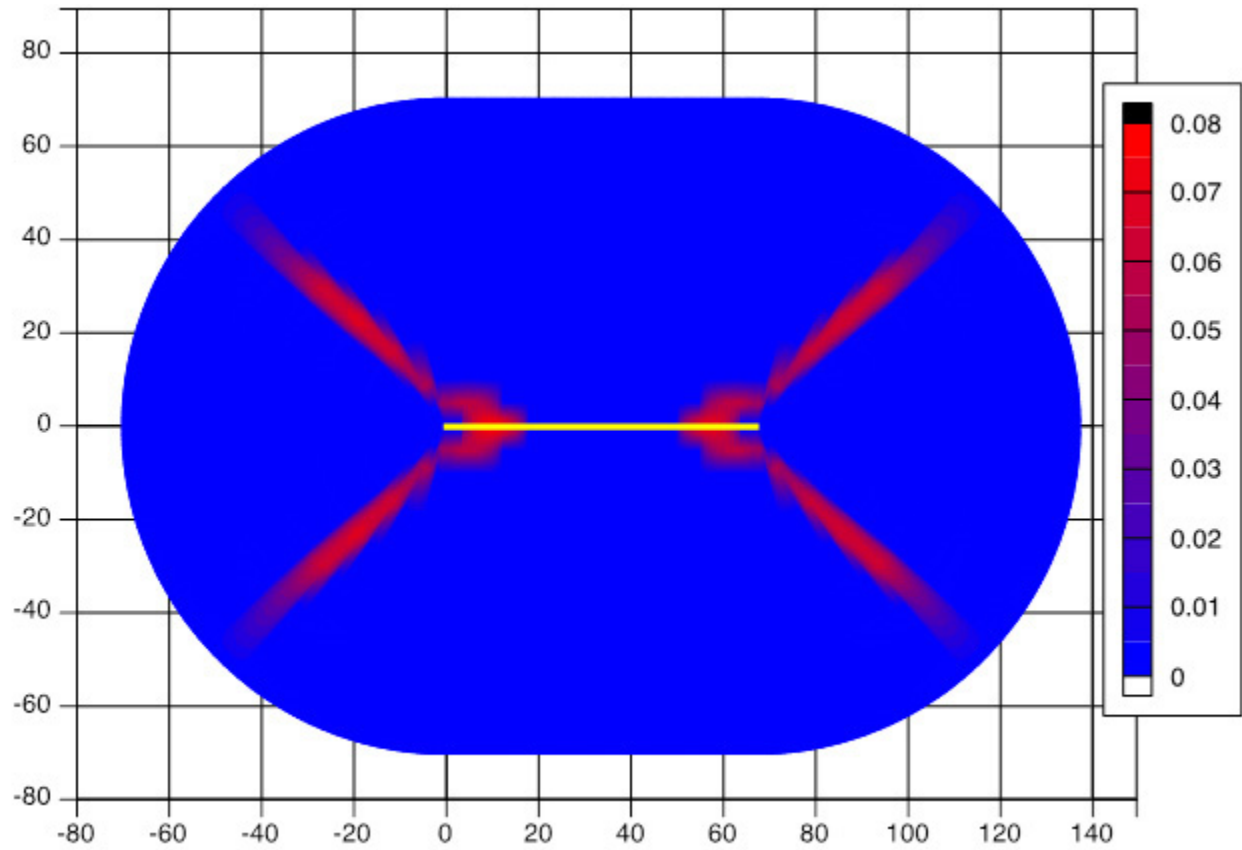


Figure A.39 Change in the standard deviation of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 5 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 7, strike-slip rupture with ϕ_2 reduction.

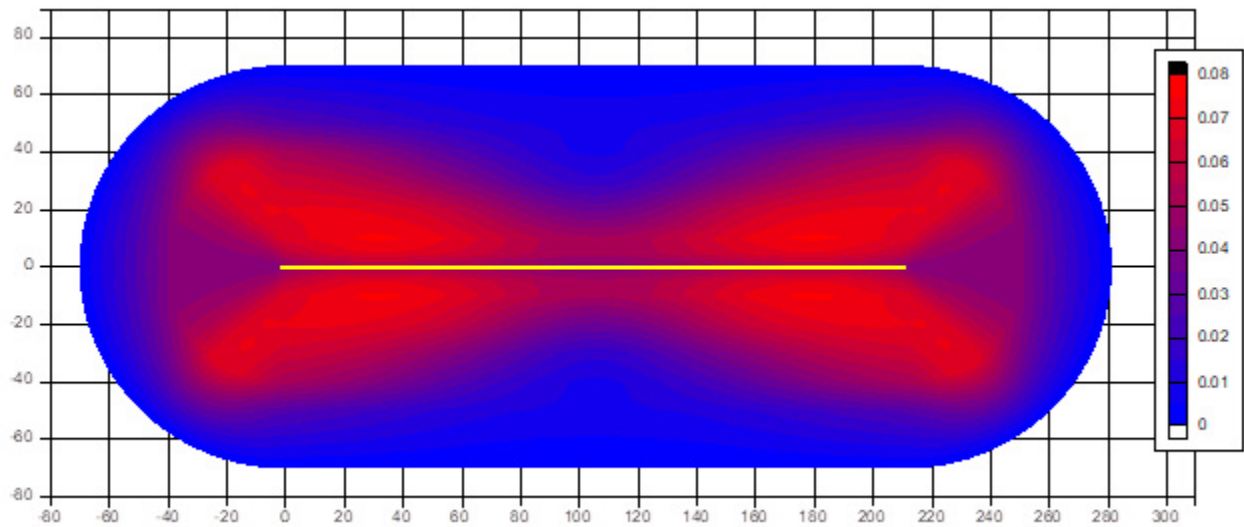


Figure A.40 Change in the standard deviation of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 1 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 7.5, strike-slip rupture with ϕ_2 reduction.

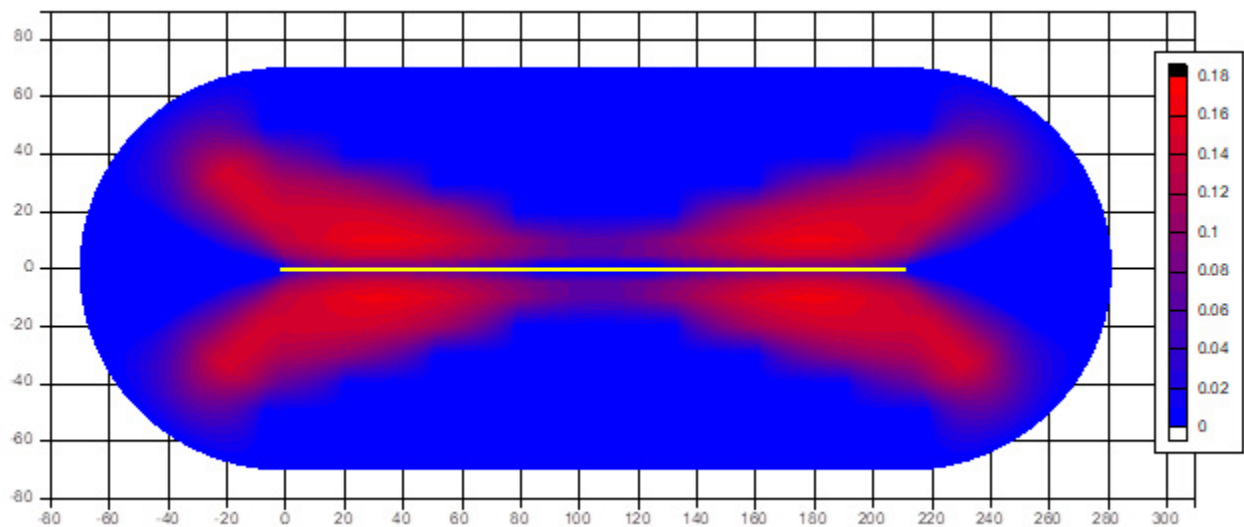


Figure A.41 Change in the standard deviation of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 3 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 7.5, strike-slip rupture with ϕ_2 reduction.

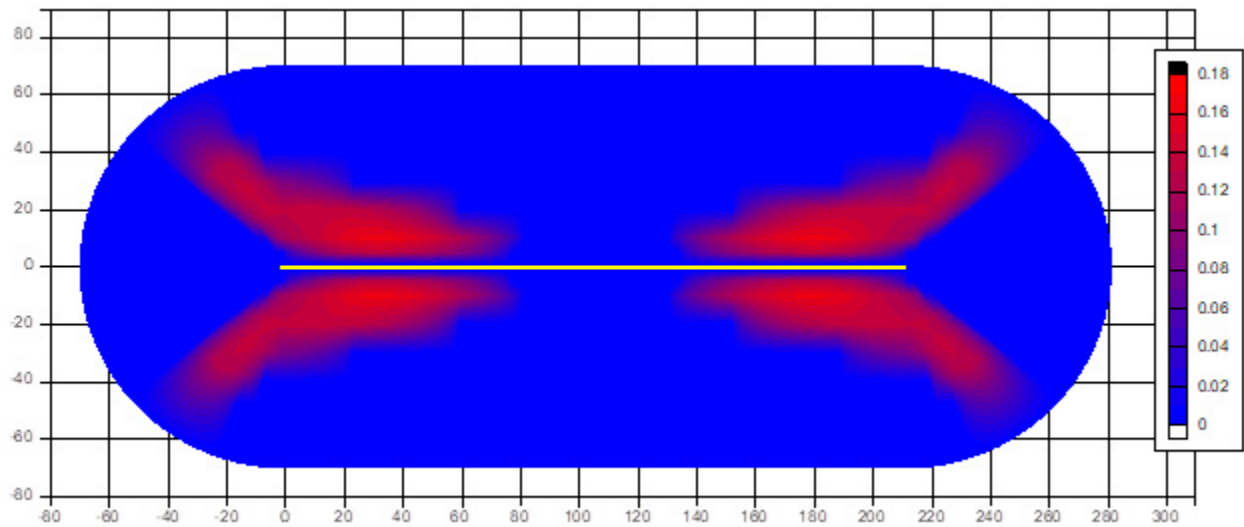


Figure A.42 Change in the standard deviation of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 5 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 7.5, strike-slip rupture with ϕ_2 reduction.

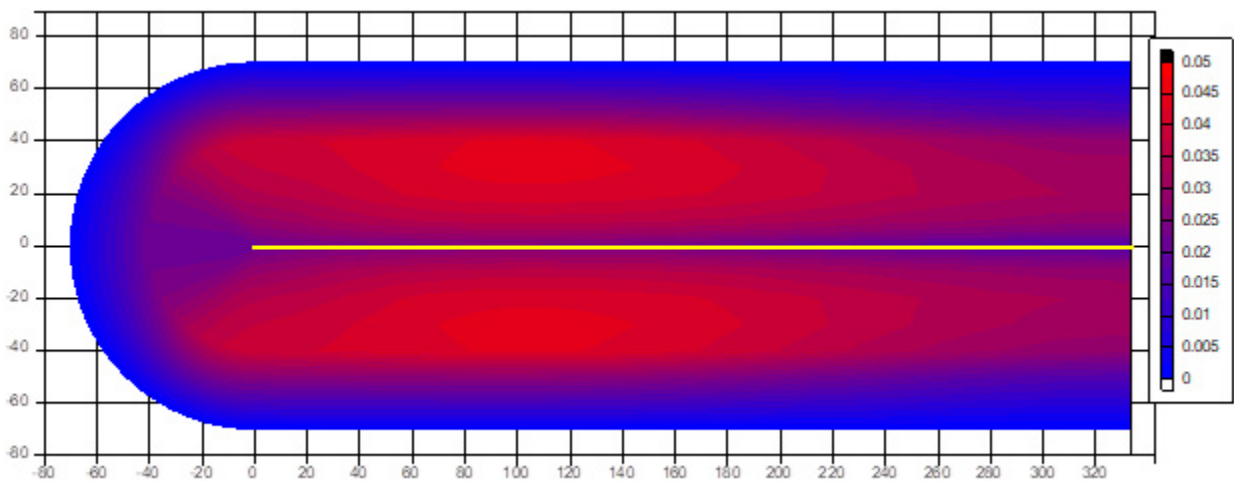


Figure A.43 Change in the standard deviation of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 1 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 8, strike-slip rupture with ϕ_2 reduction.

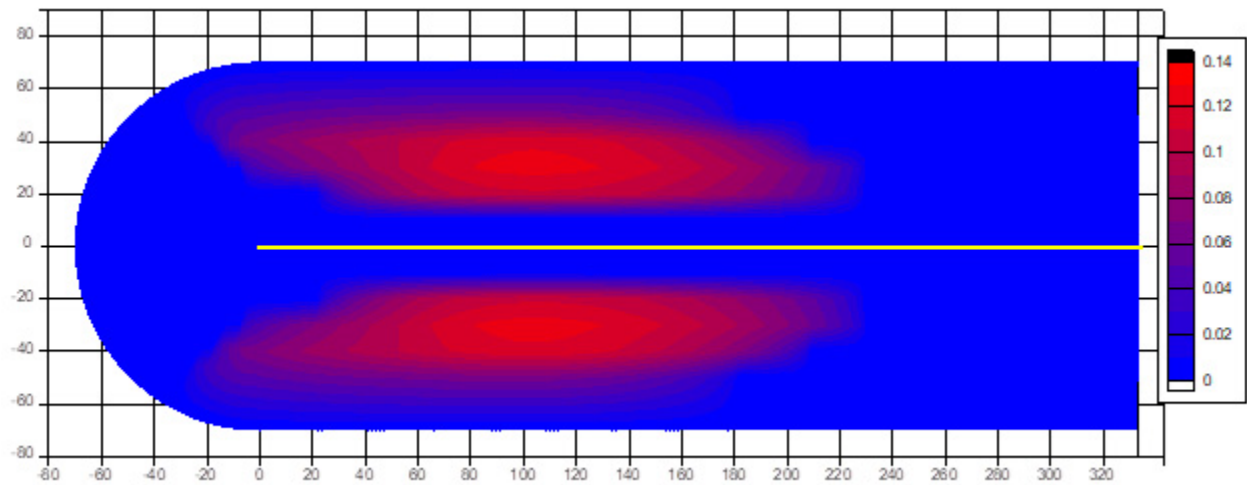


Figure A.44 Change in the standard deviation of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 3 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 8, strike-slip rupture with ϕ_2 reduction.

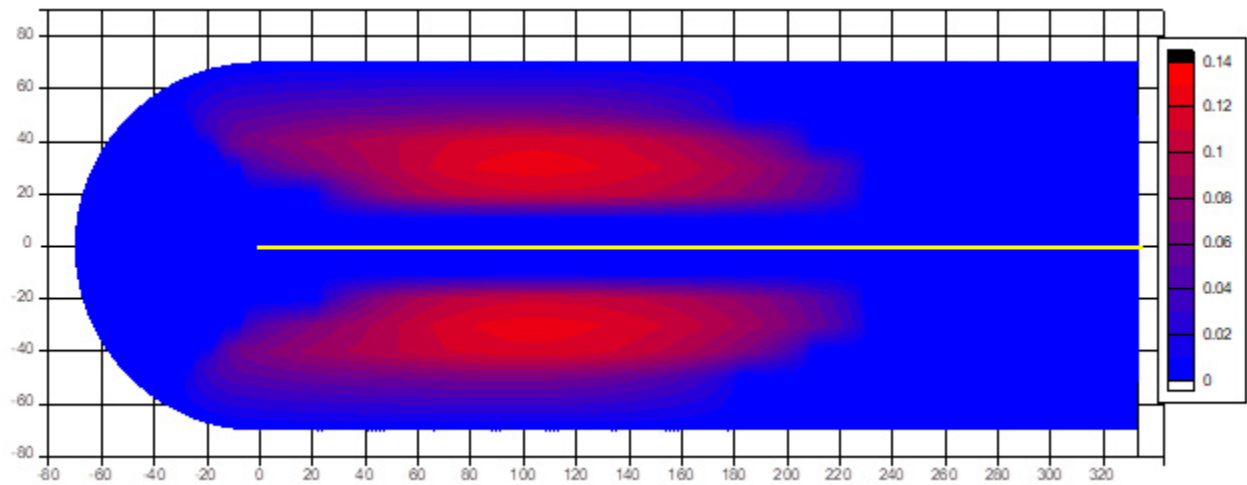


Figure A.45 Change in the standard deviation of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 5 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 8, strike-slip rupture with ϕ_2 reduction.

A.2 REVERSE RUPTURE RESULTS

A.2.1 Changes in the Mean of the Log Normal 5% Damped Pseudo-Spectral Acceleration

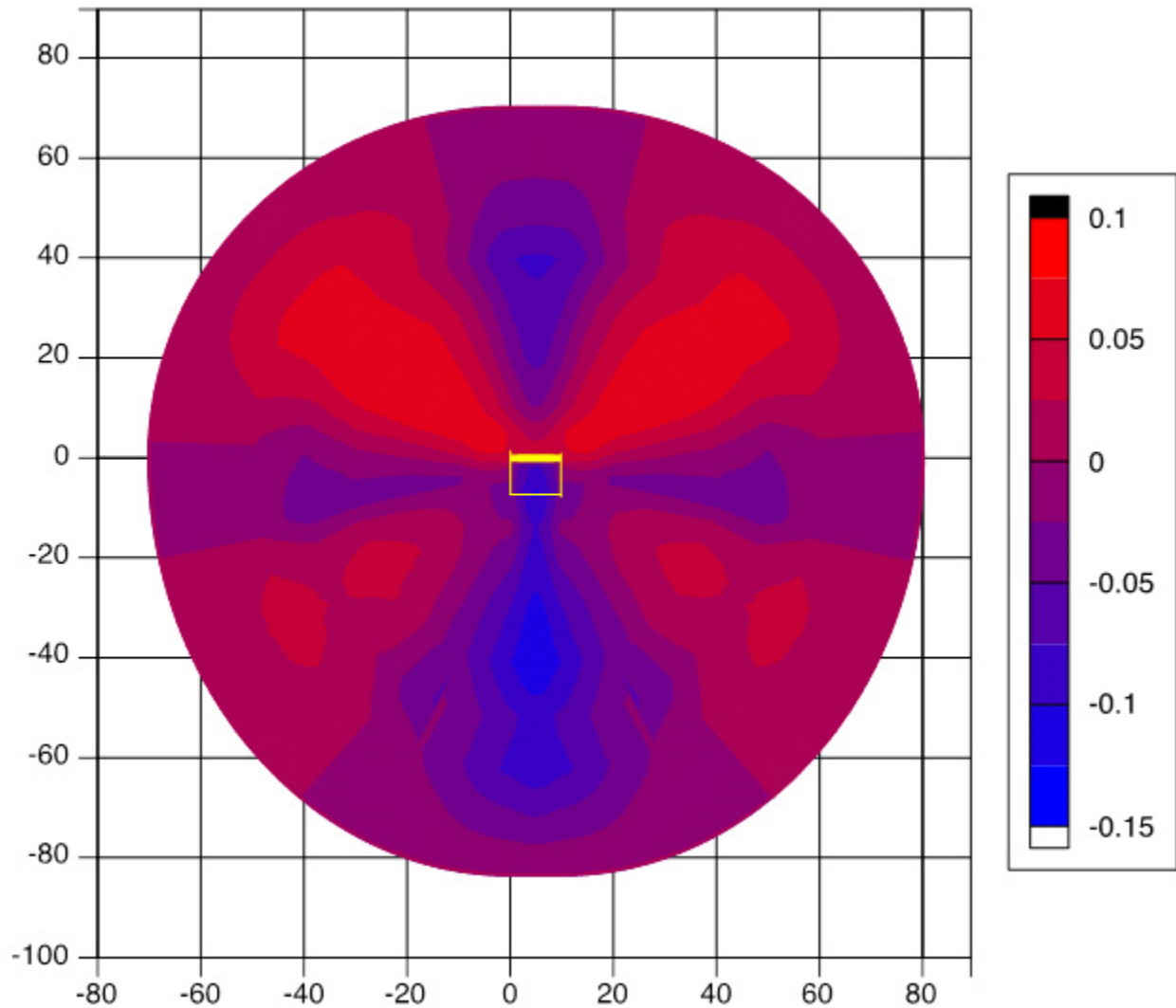


Figure A.46 Change in the mean of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 1 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 6, reverse rupture.

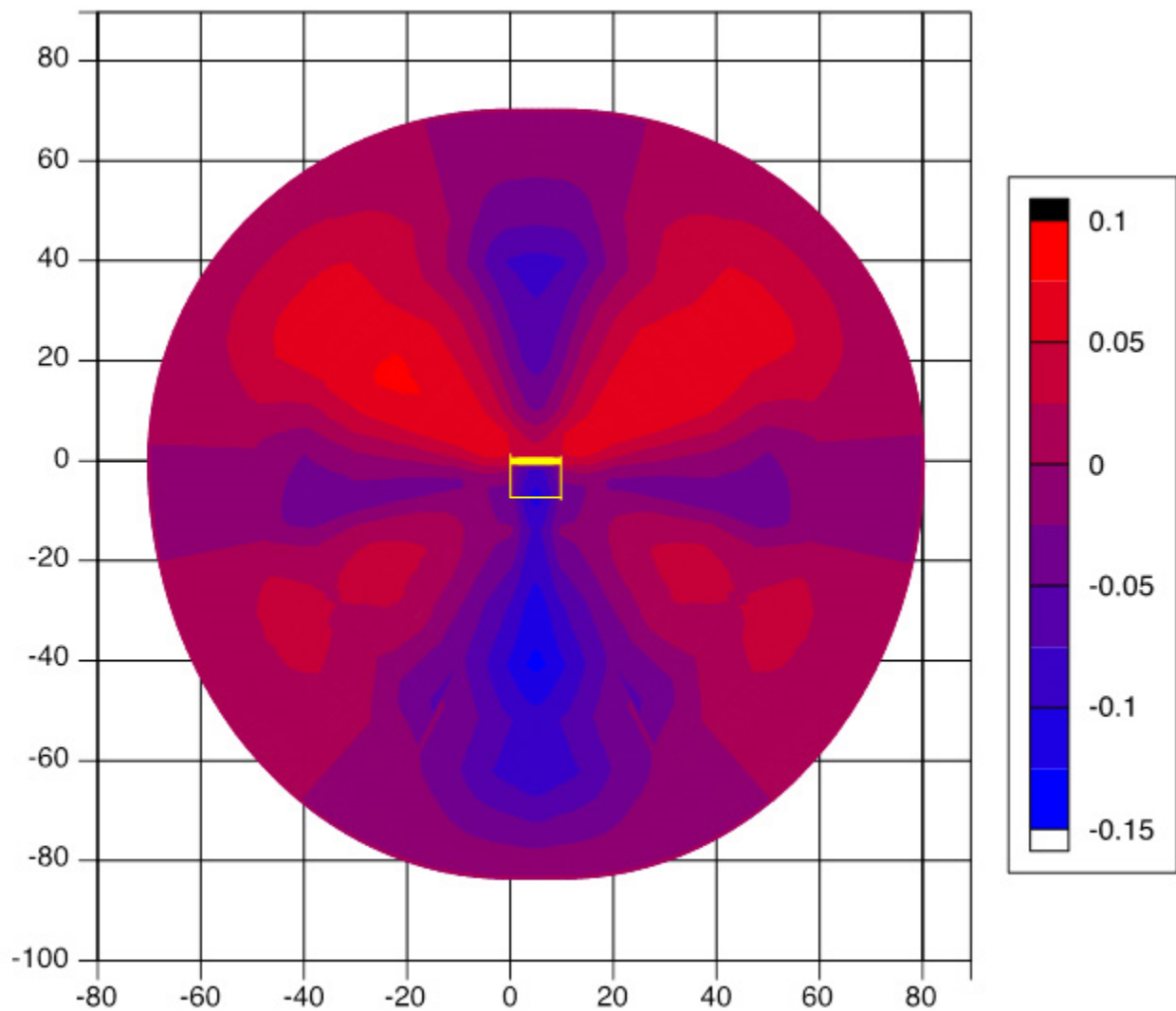


Figure A.47 Change in the mean of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 3 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 6, reverse rupture.

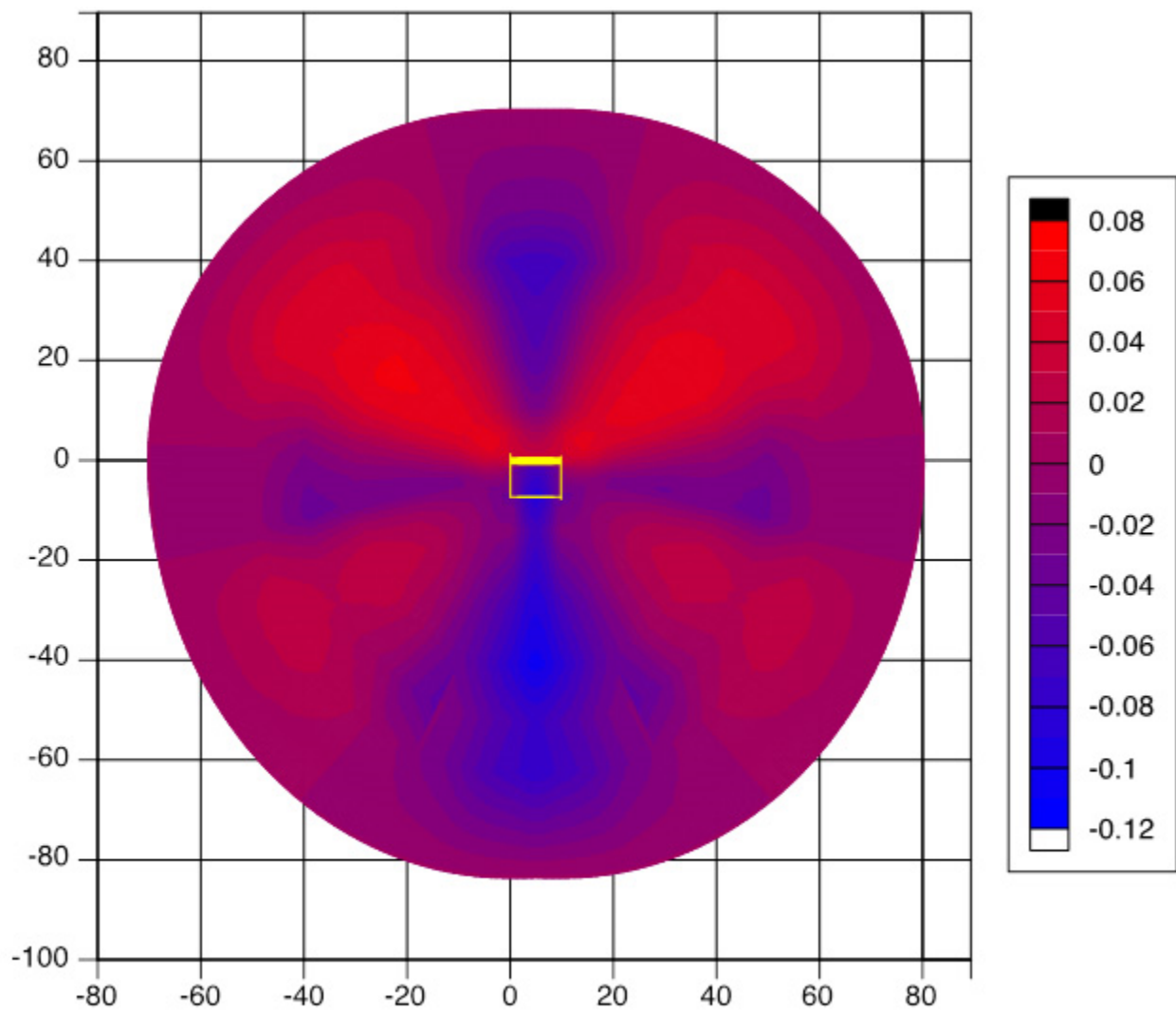


Figure A.48 Change in the mean of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 5 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 6, reverse rupture.

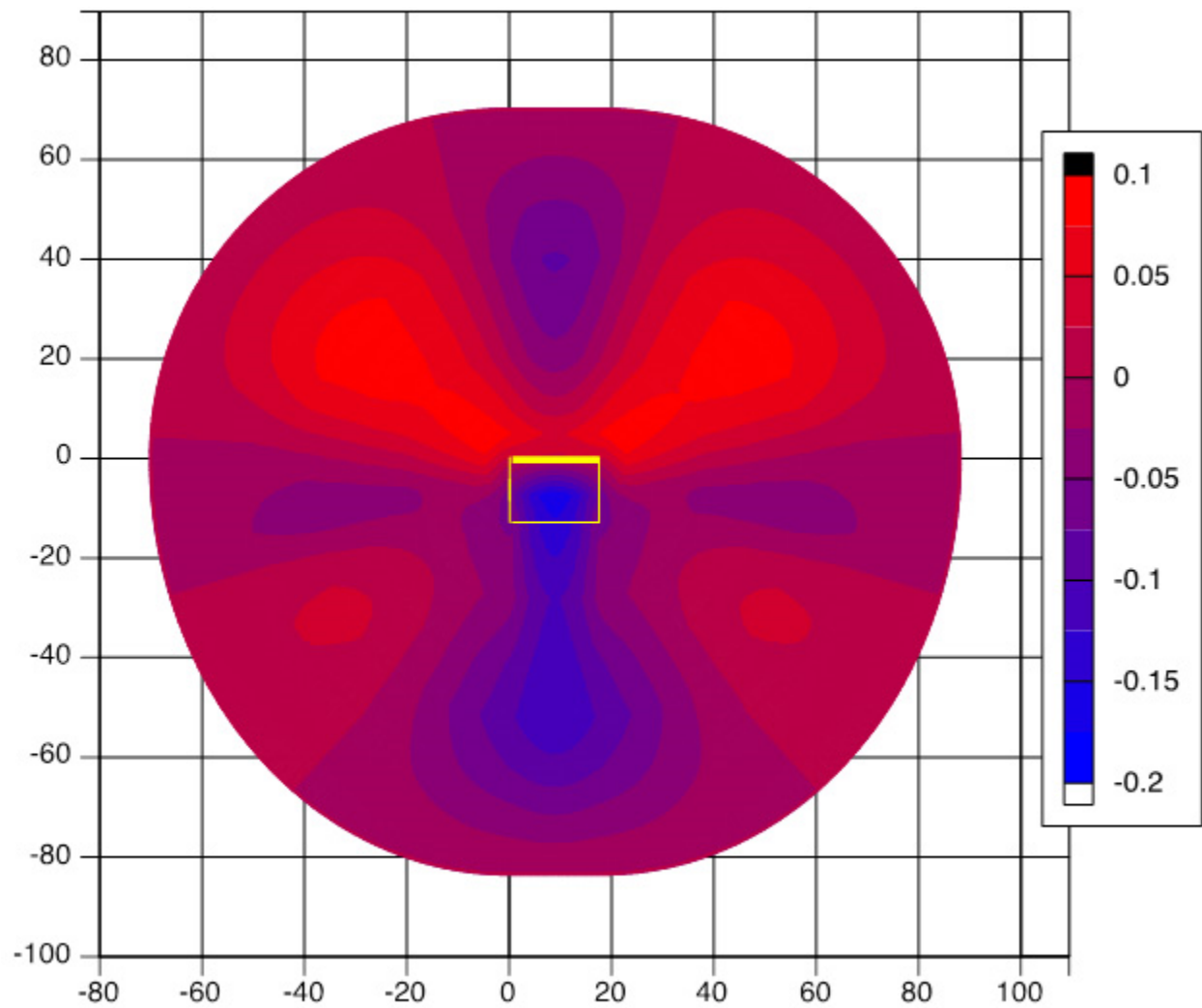


Figure A.49 Change in the mean of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 1 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 6.5, reverse rupture.

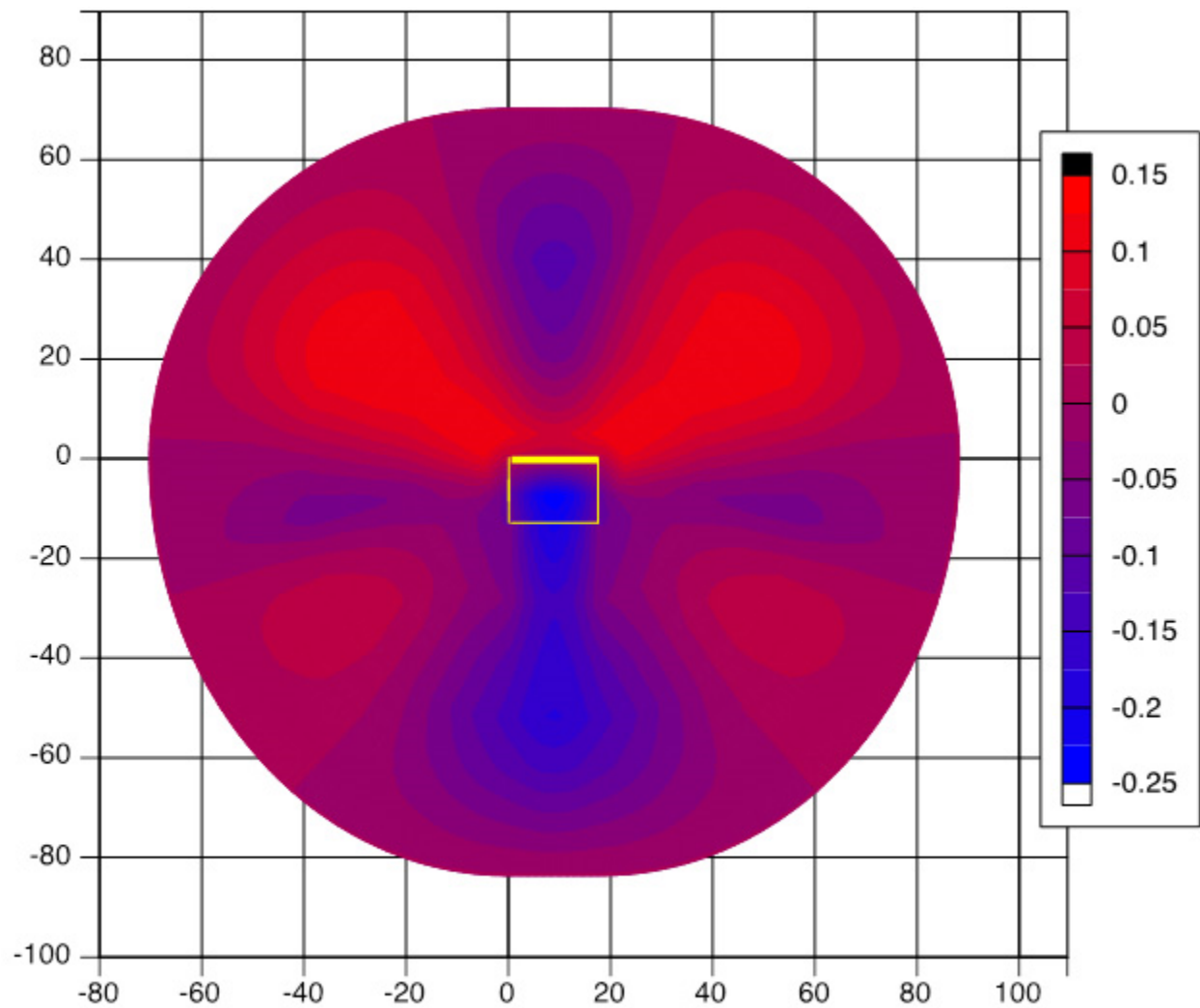


Figure A.50 Change in the mean of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 3 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 6.5, reverse rupture.

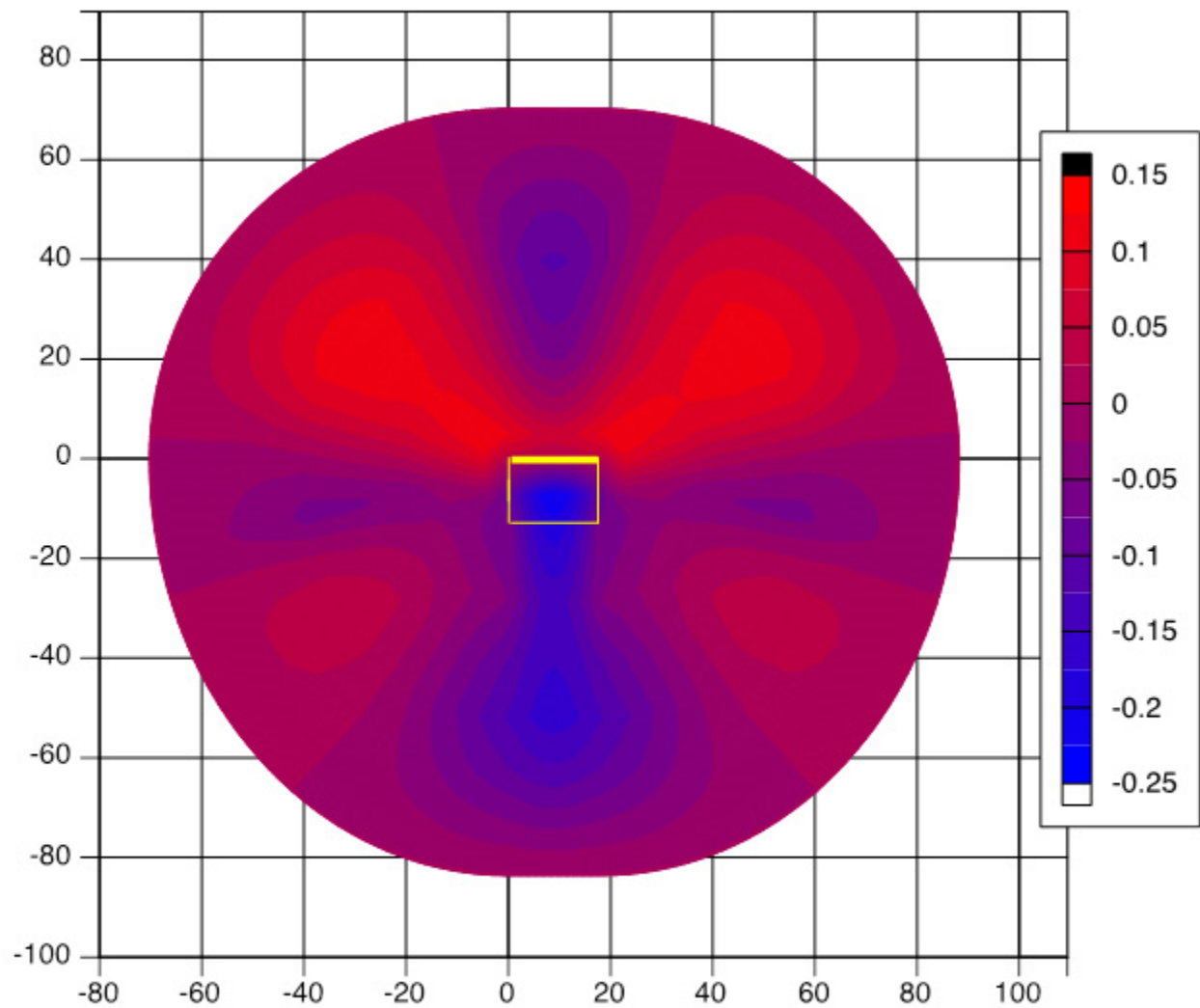


Figure A.51 Change in the mean of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 5 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 6.5, reverse rupture.

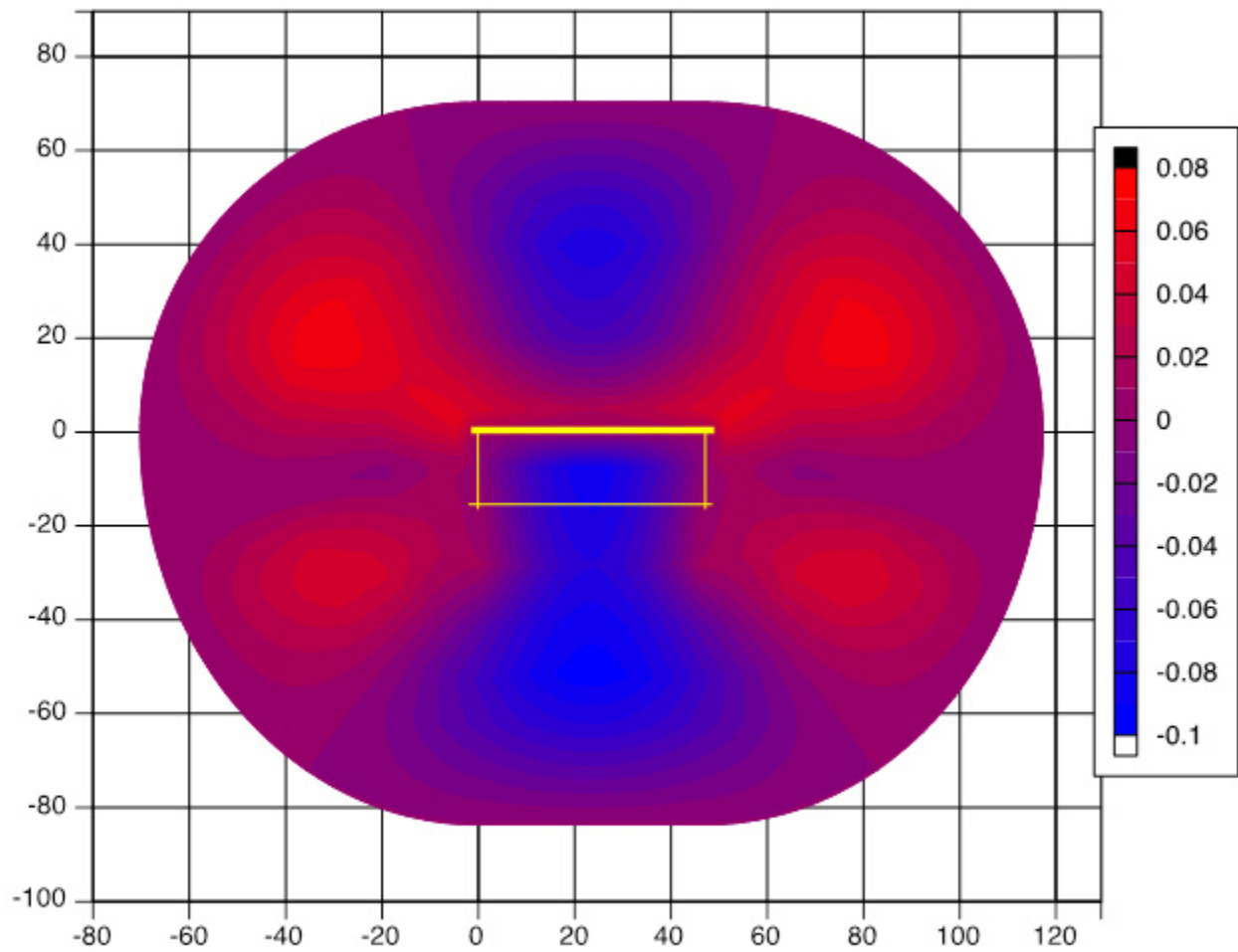


Figure A.52 Change in the mean of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 1 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 7, reverse rupture.

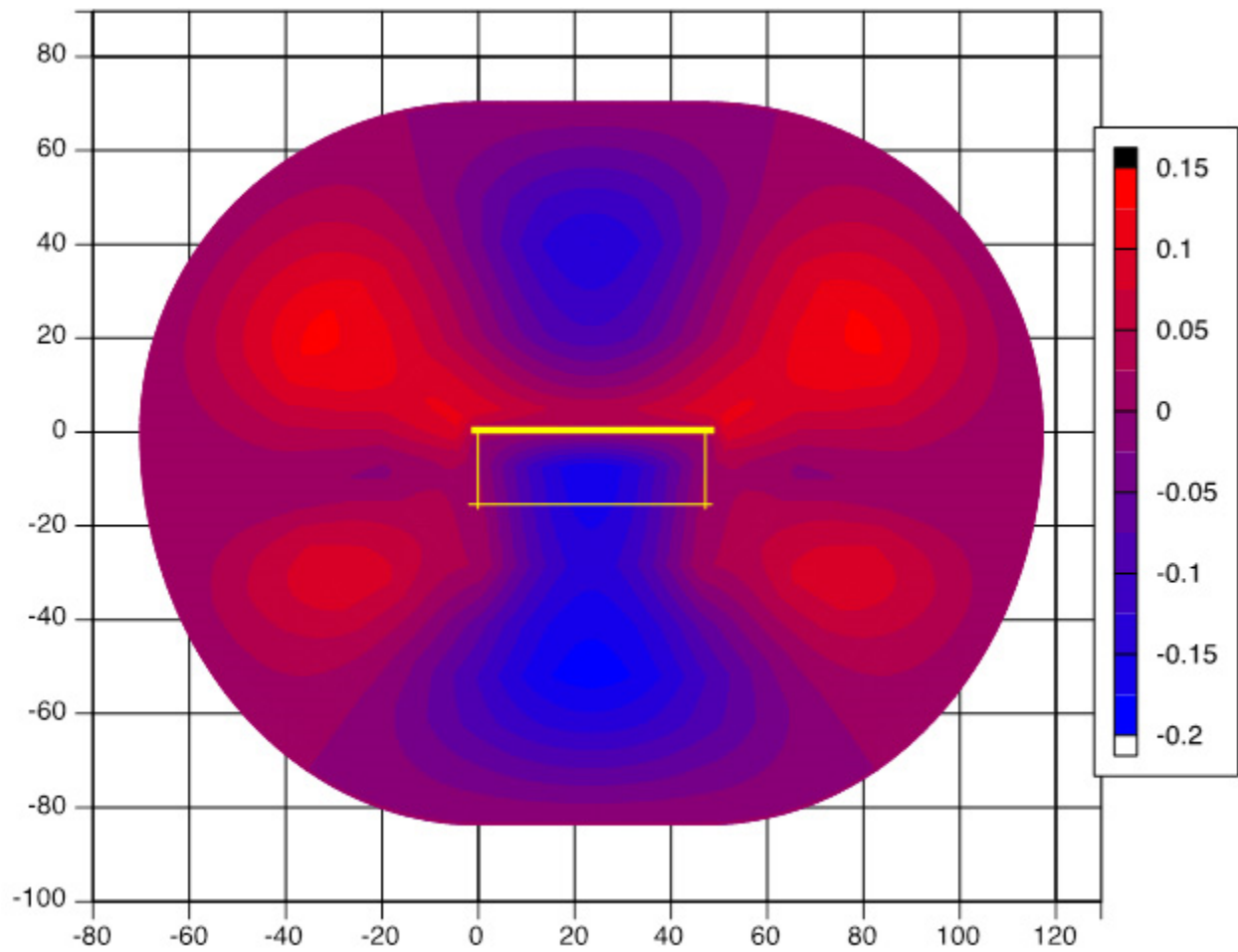


Figure A.53 Change in the mean of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 3 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 7, reverse rupture.

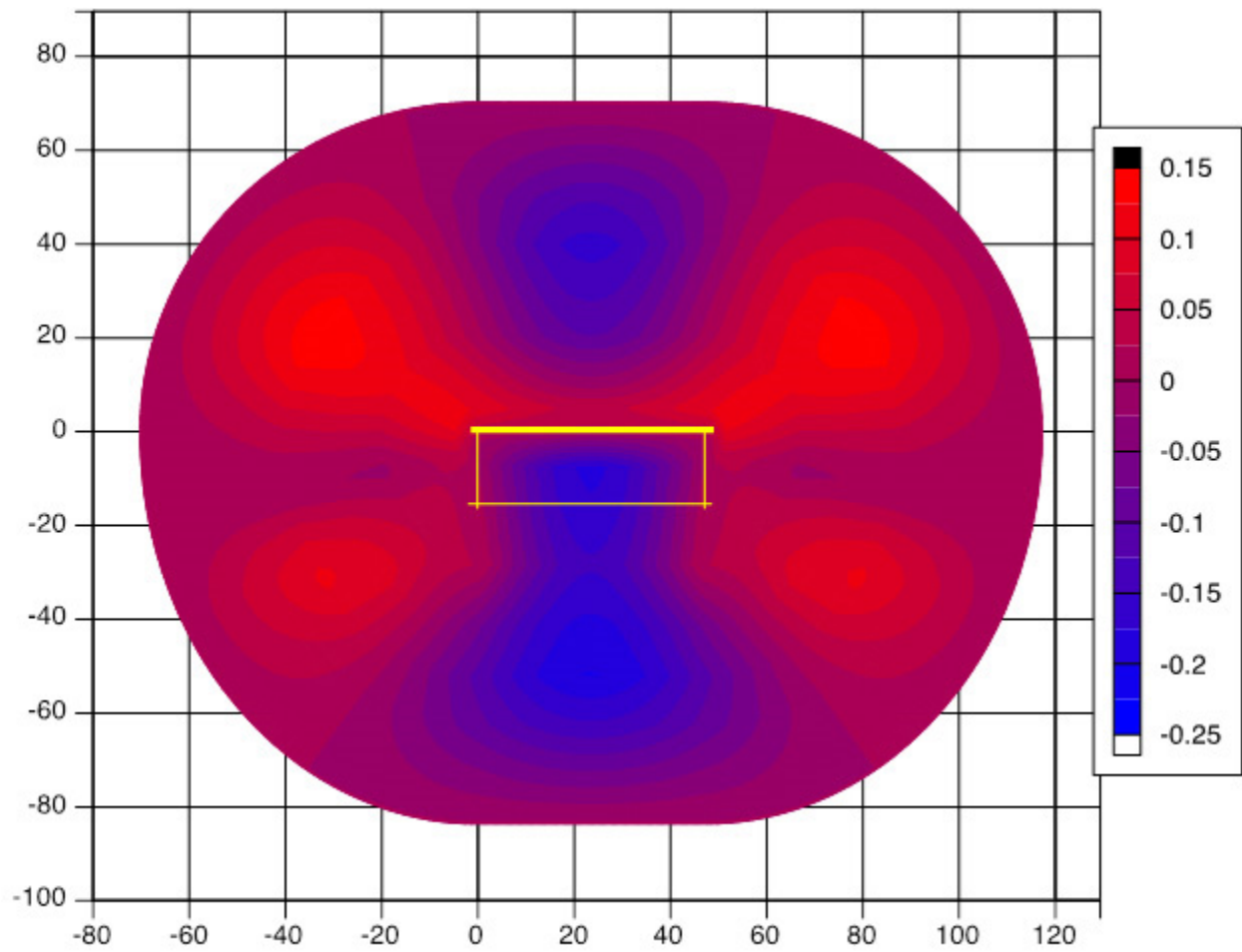


Figure A.54 Change in the mean of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 5 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 7, reverse rupture.

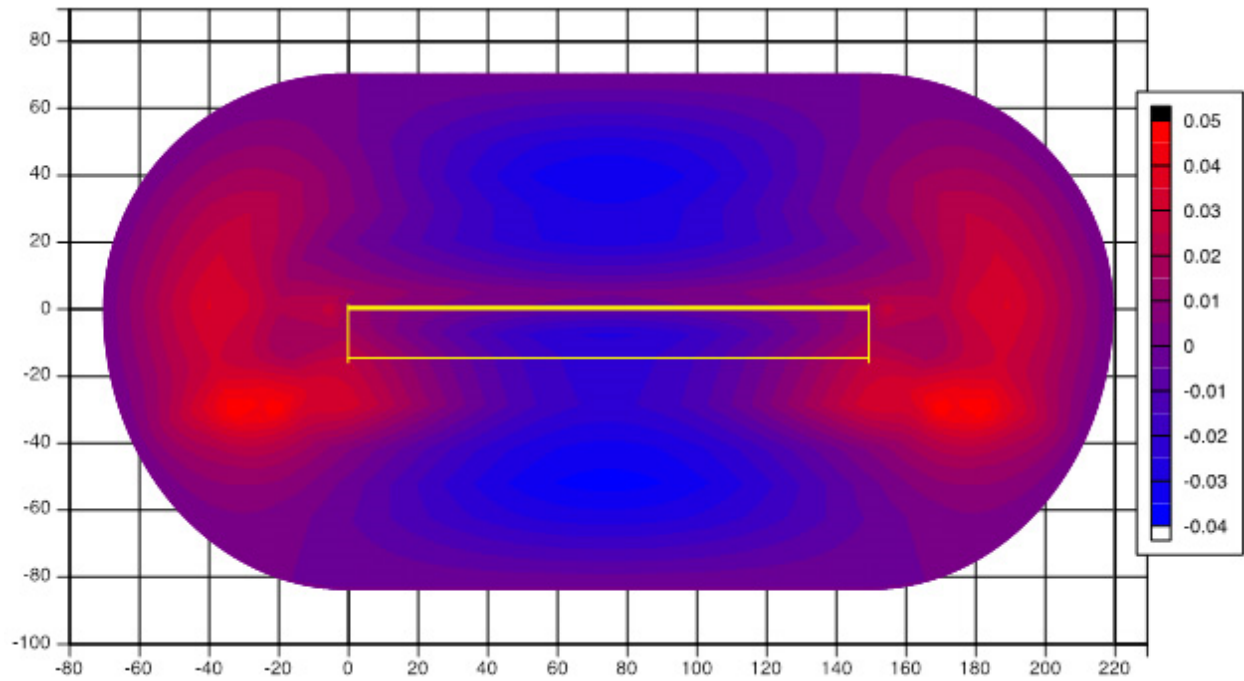


Figure A.55 Change in the mean of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 1 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 7.5, reverse rupture.

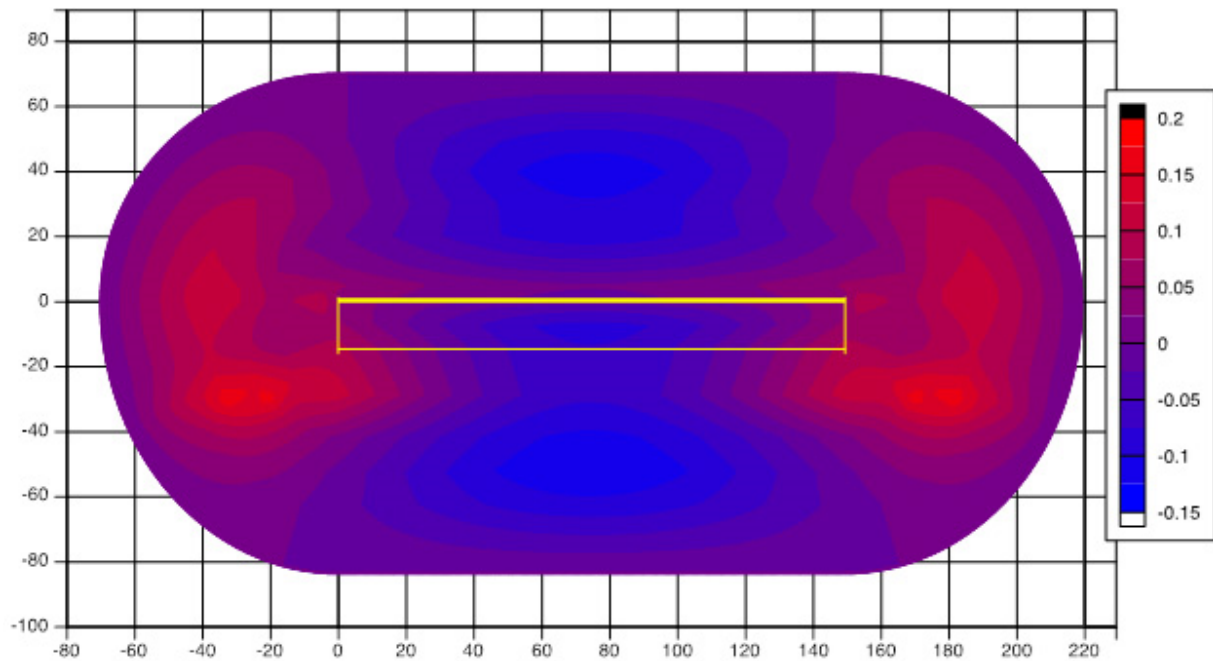


Figure A.56 Change in the mean of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 3 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 7.5, reverse rupture.

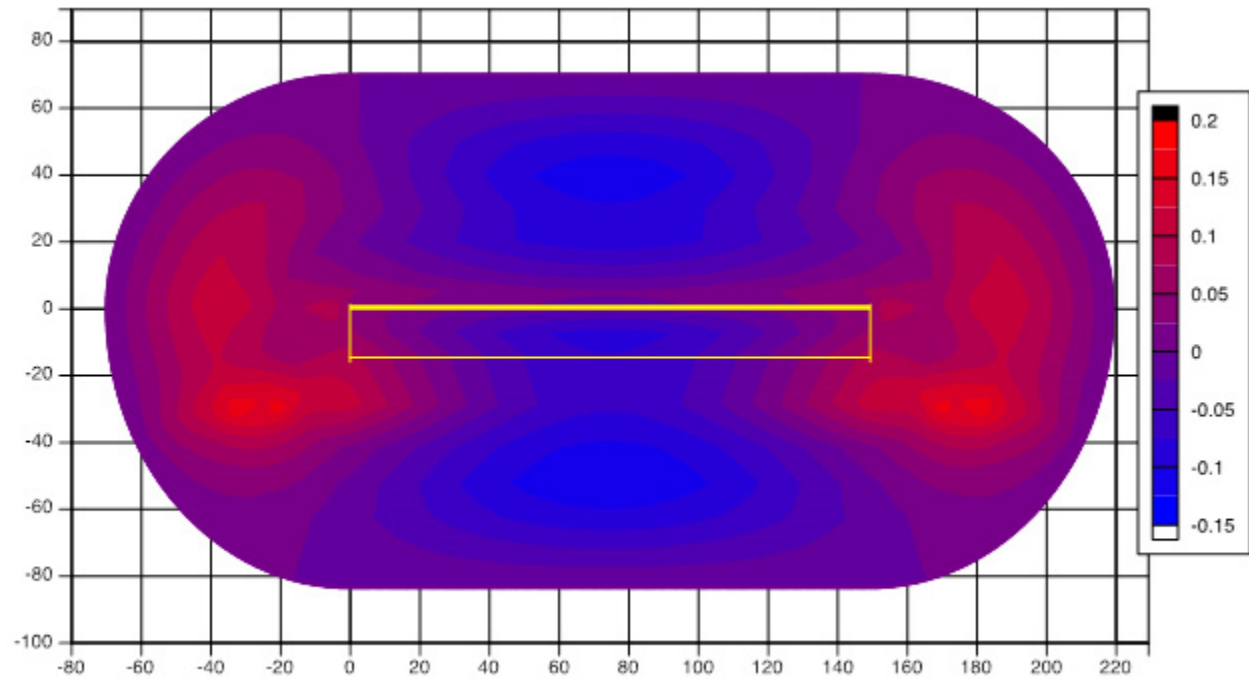


Figure A.57 Change in the mean of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 5 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 7.5, reverse rupture.

A.2.2 Changes in the Standard Deviation of the Log Normal 5% Damped Pseudo-Spectral Acceleration

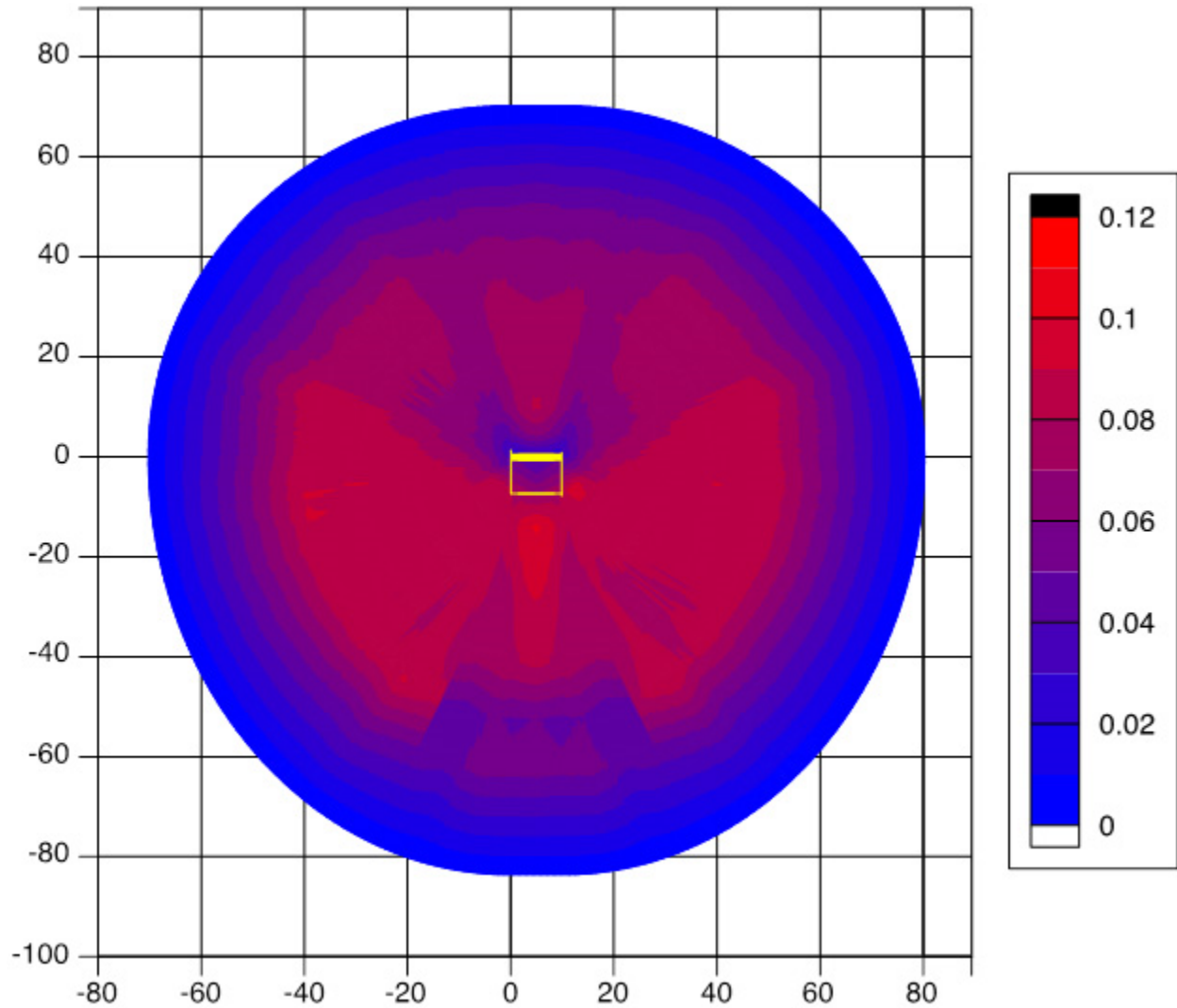


Figure A.58 Change in the standard deviation of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 1 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 6, reverse rupture.

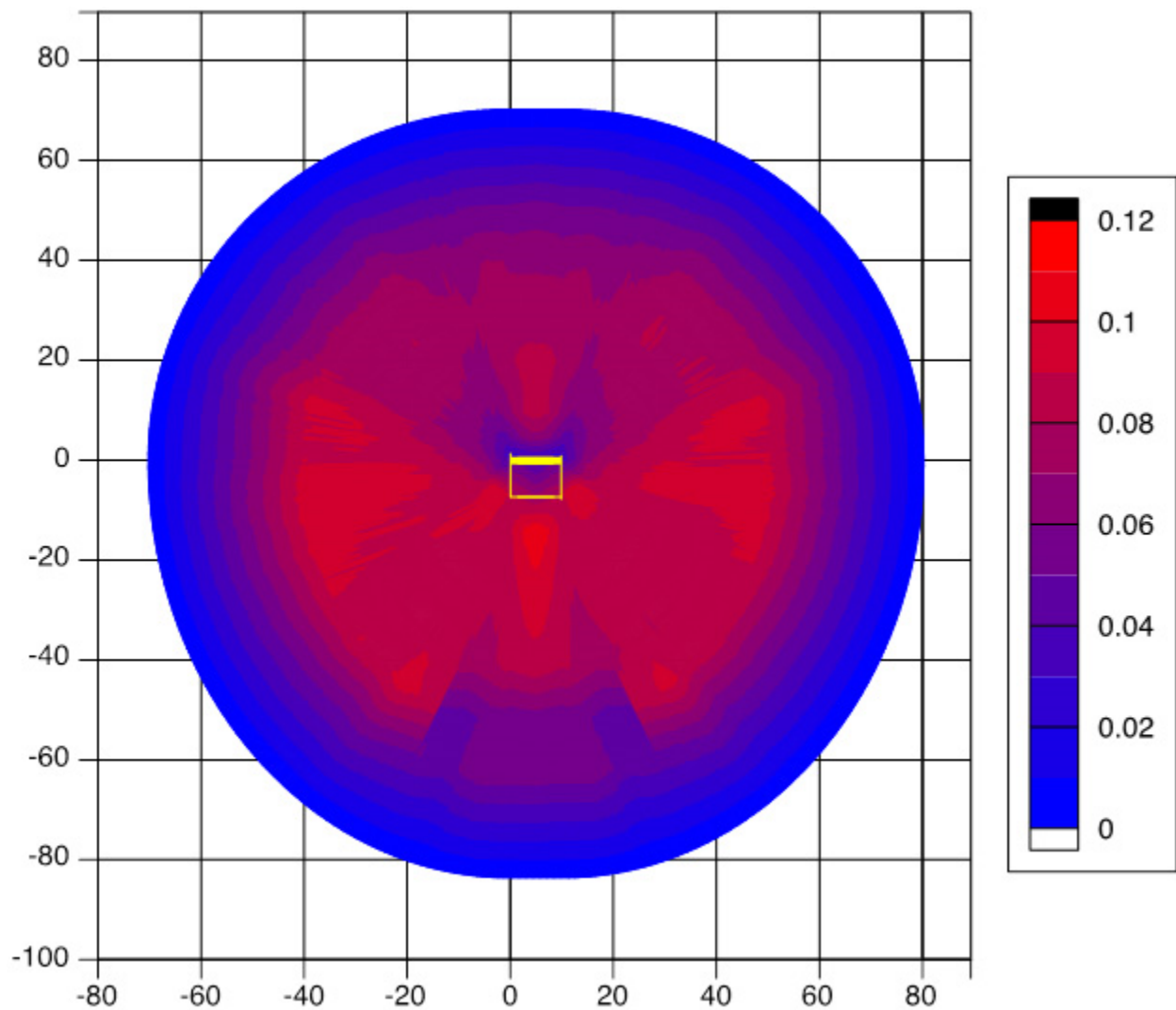


Figure A.59 Change in the standard deviation of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 3 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 6, reverse rupture.

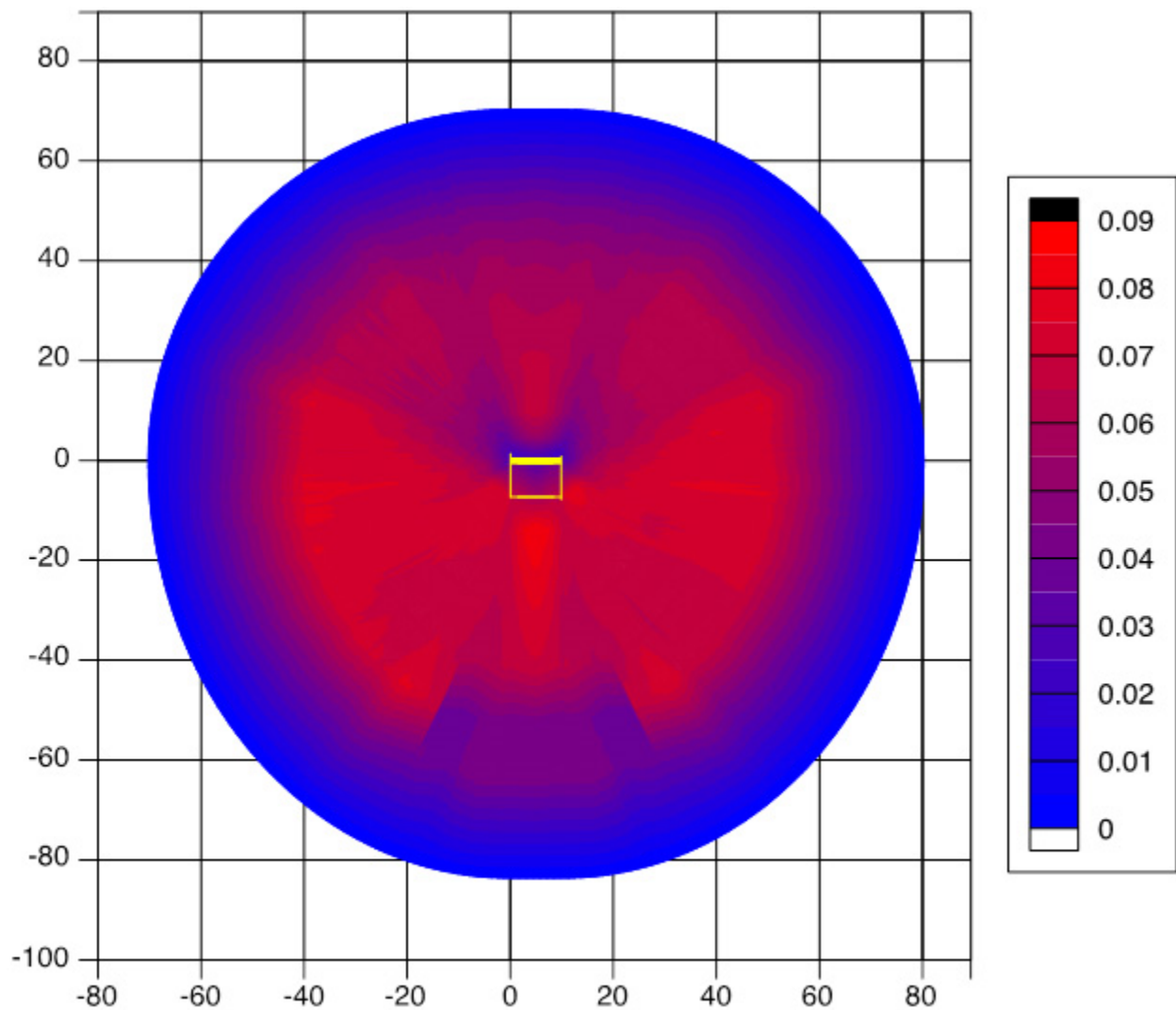


Figure A.60 Change in the standard deviation of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 5 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 6, reverse rupture.

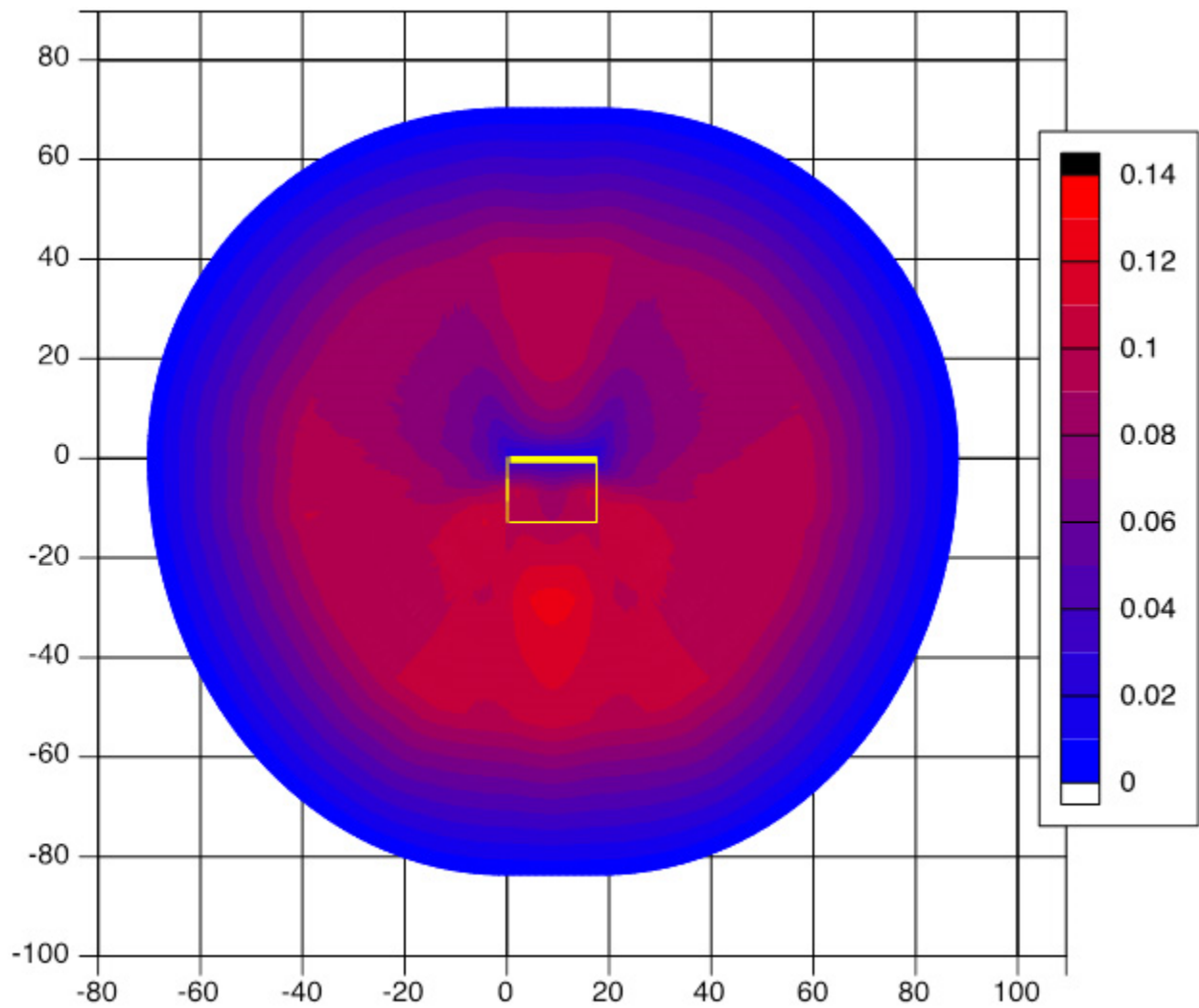


Figure A.61 Change in the standard deviation of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 1 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 6.5, reverse rupture.

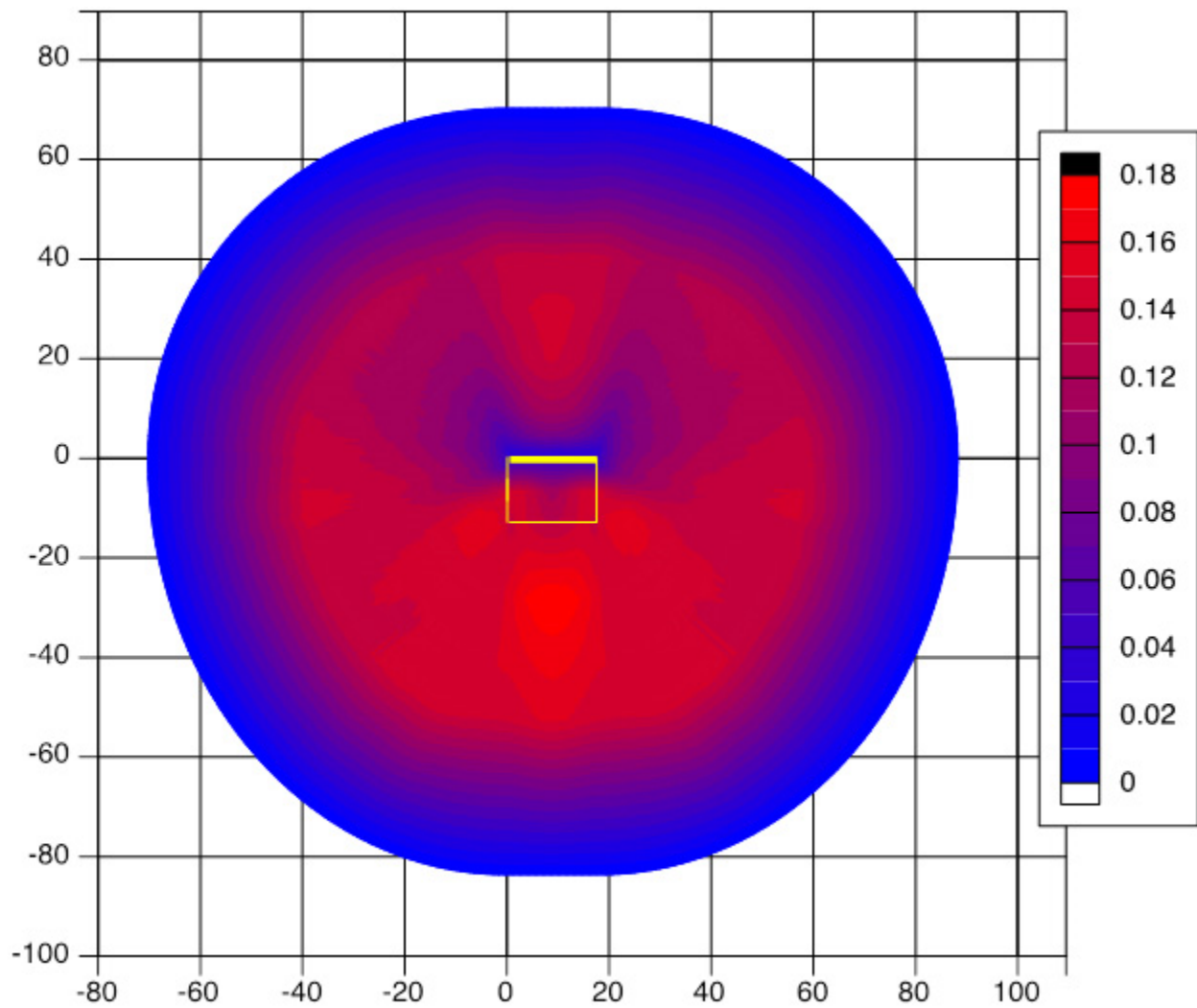


Figure A.62 Change in the standard deviation of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 3 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 6.5, reverse rupture.

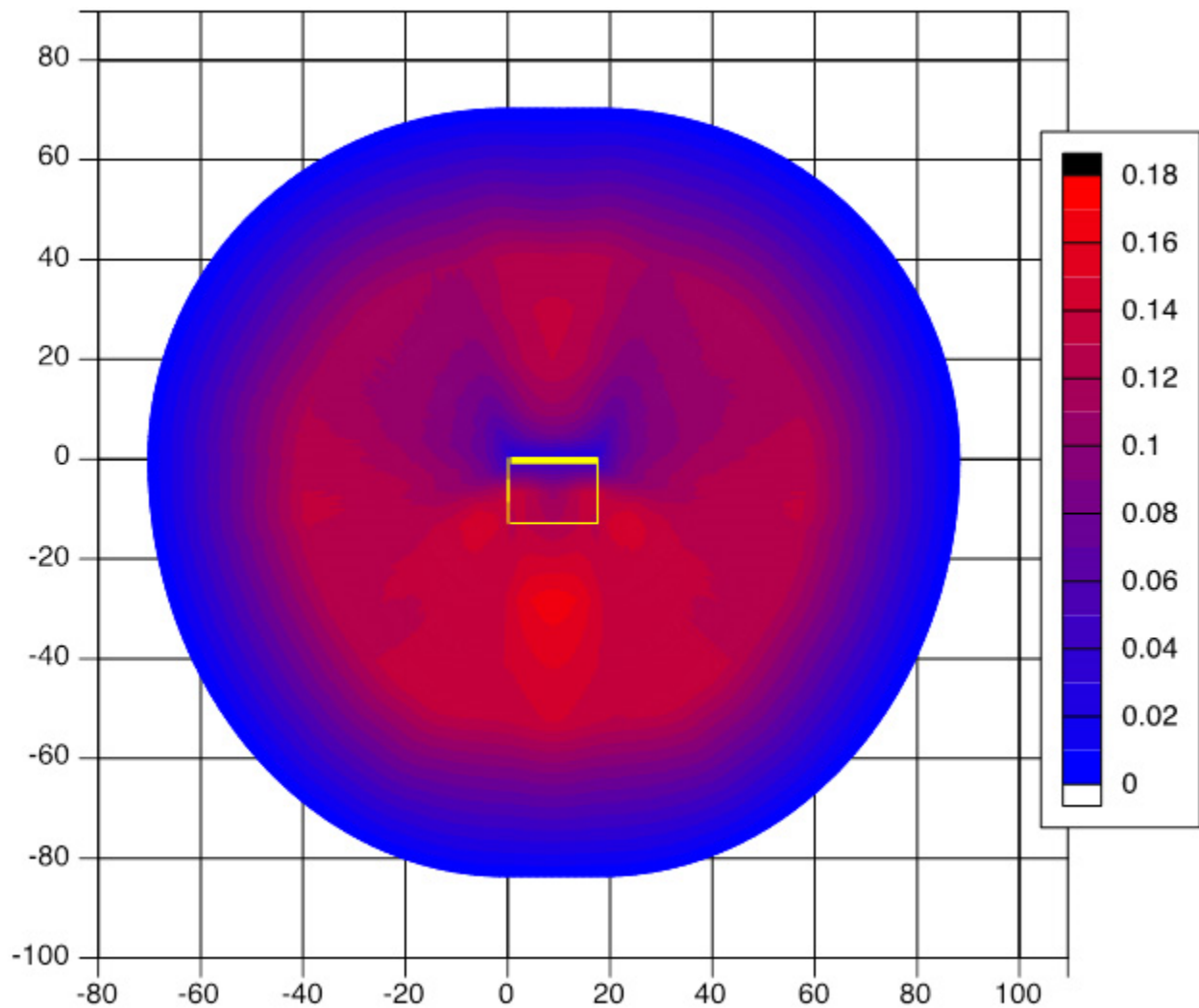


Figure A.63 Change in the standard deviation of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 5 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 6.5, reverse rupture.

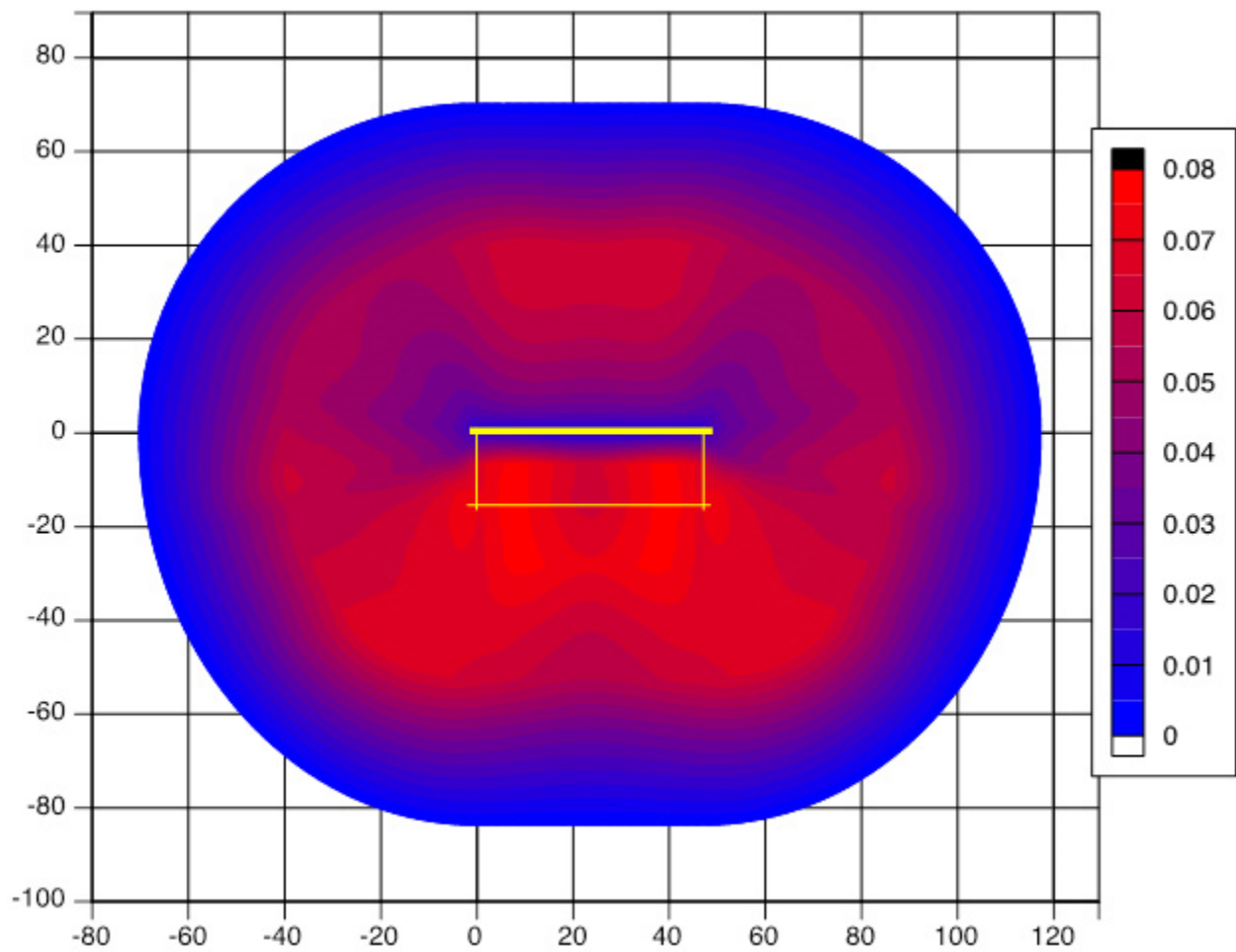


Figure A.64 Change in the standard deviation of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 1 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 7, reverse rupture.

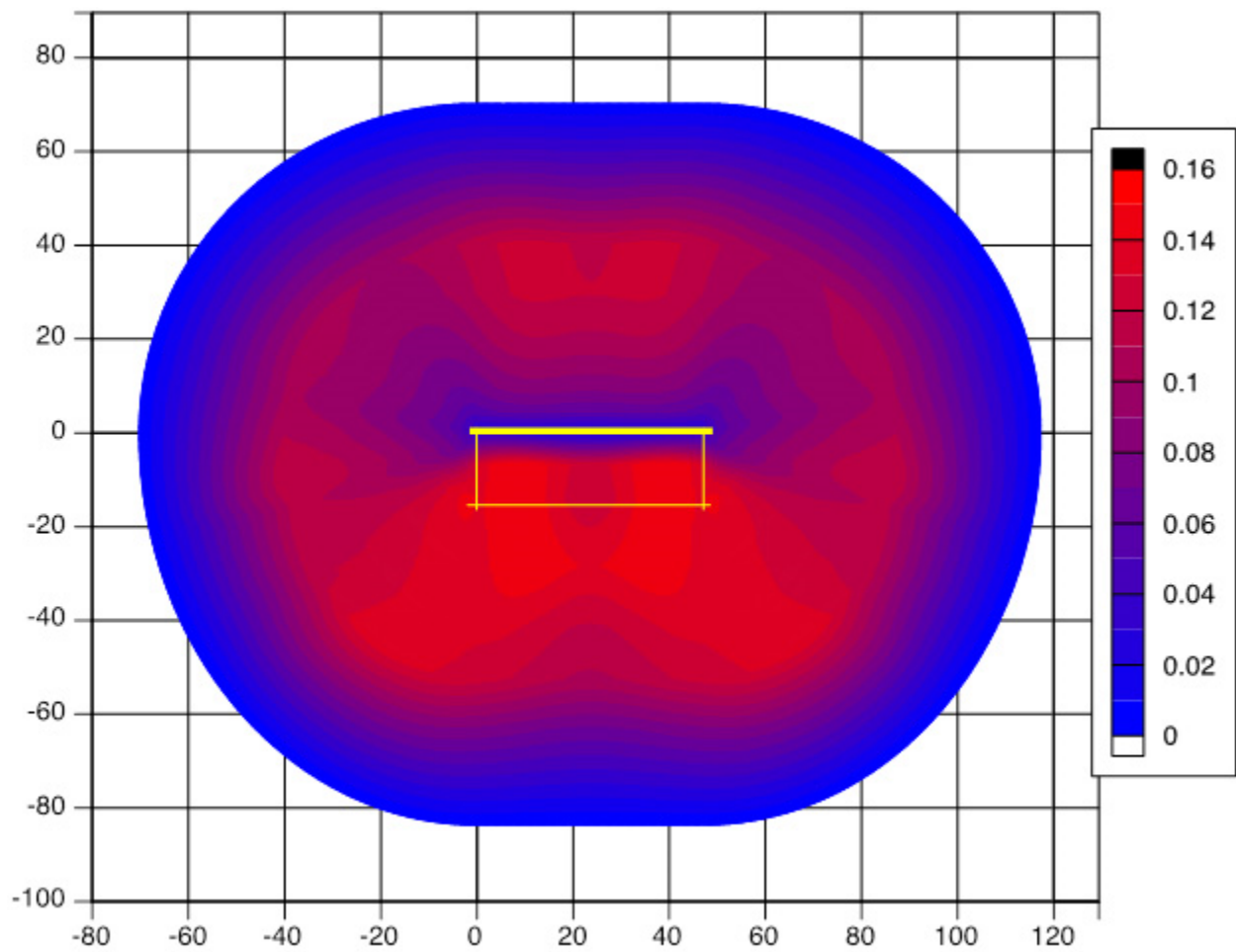


Figure A.65 Change in the standard deviation of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 3 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 7, reverse rupture.

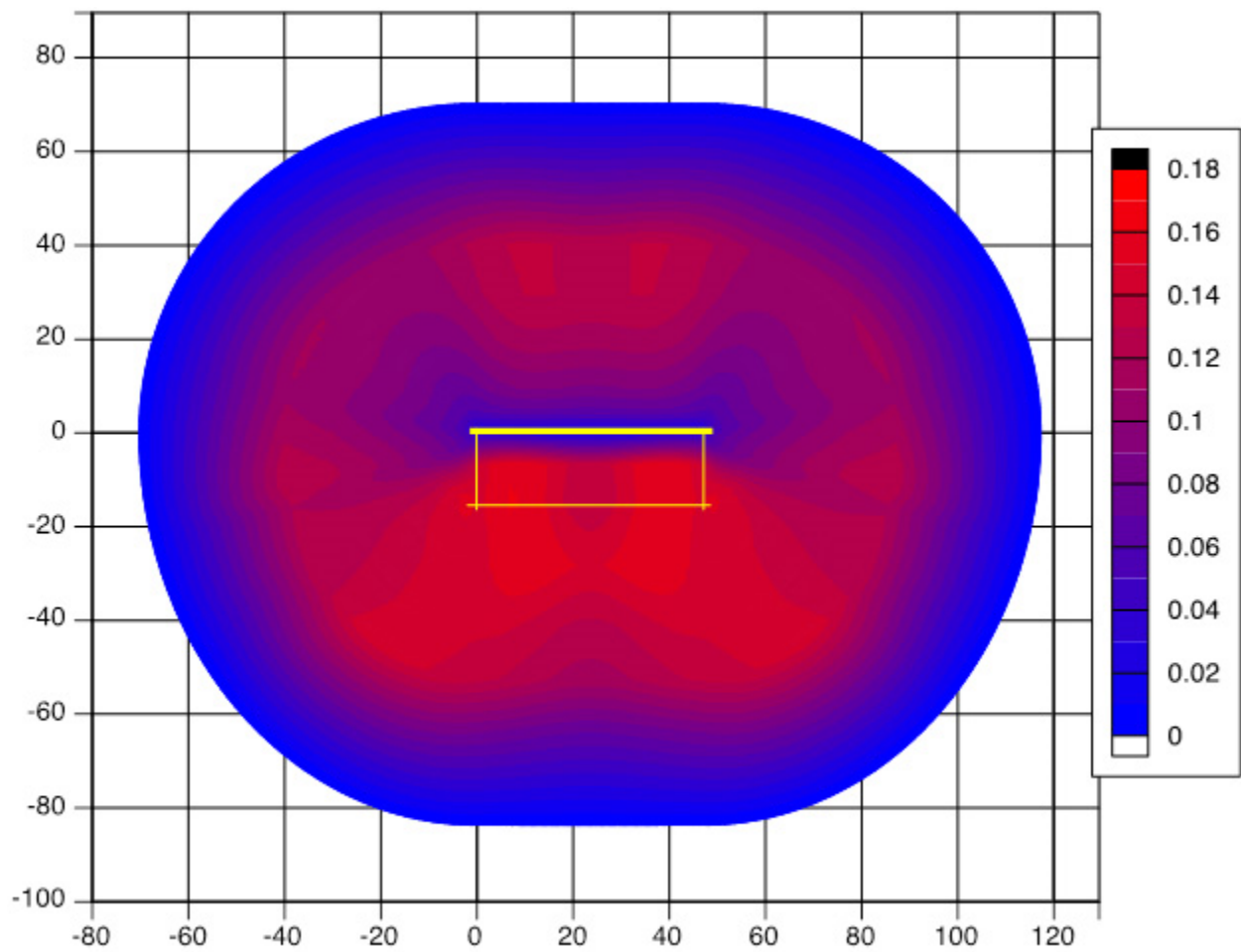


Figure A.66 Change in the standard deviation of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 5 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 7, reverse rupture.

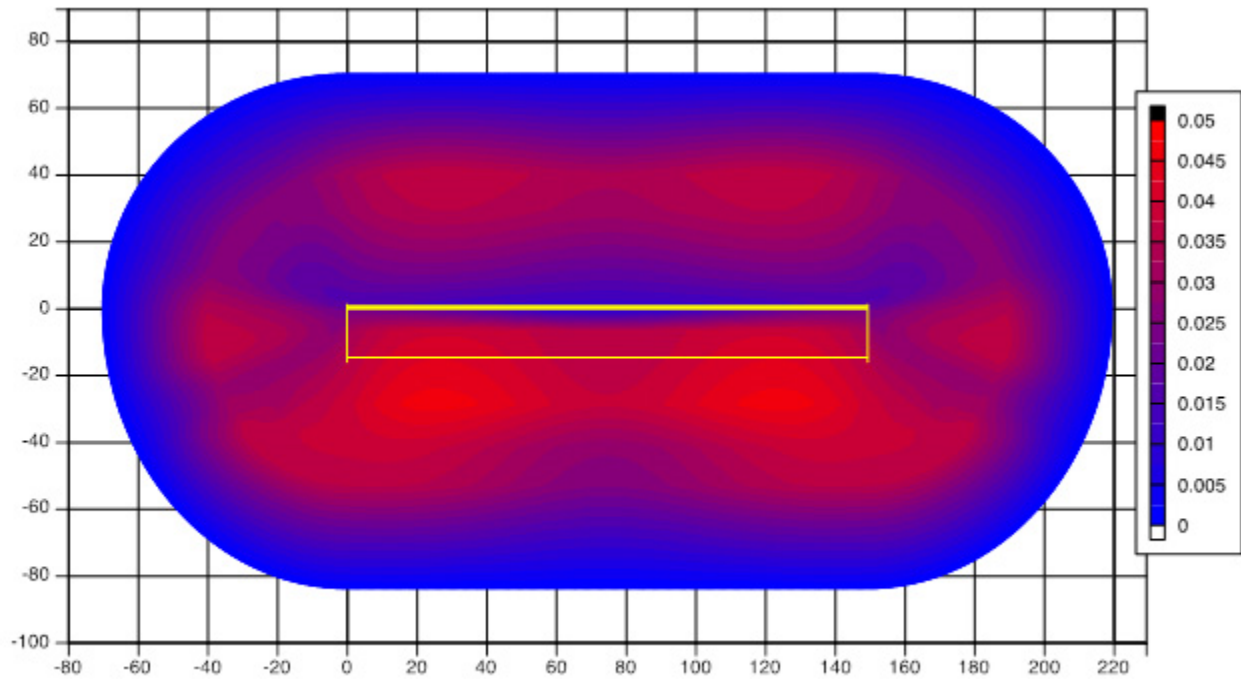


Figure A.67 Change in the standard deviation of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 1 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 7.5, reverse rupture.

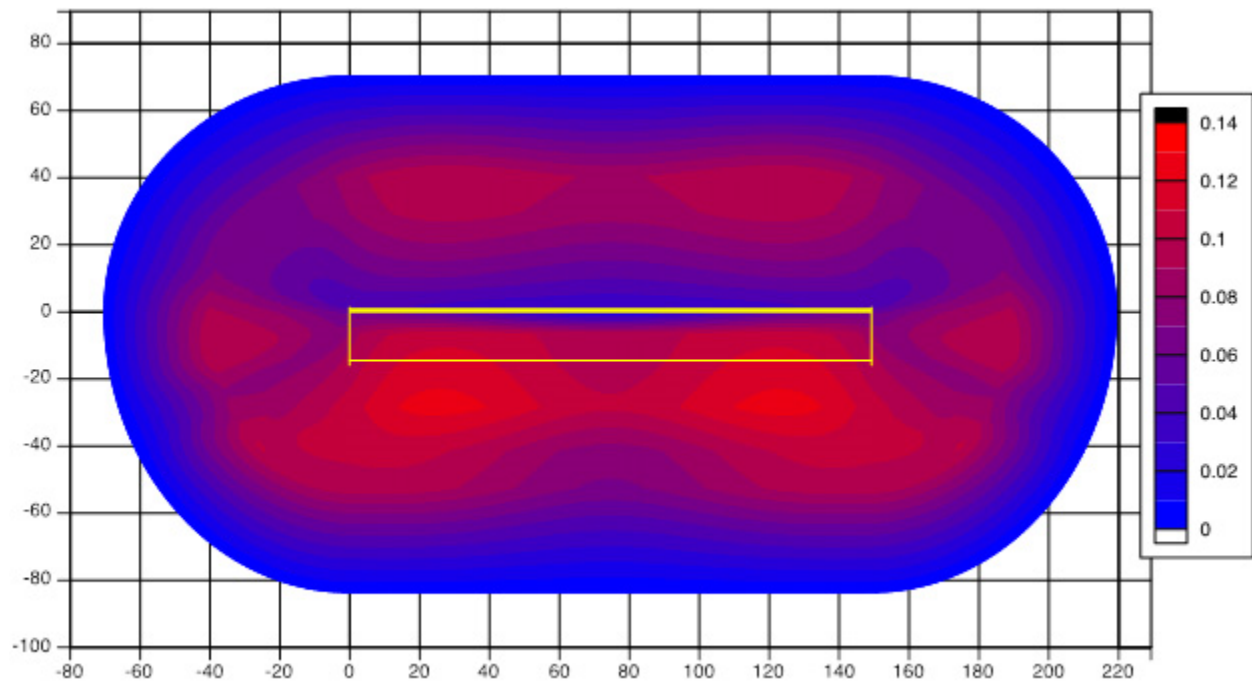


Figure A.68 Change in the standard deviation of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 3 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 7.5, reverse rupture.

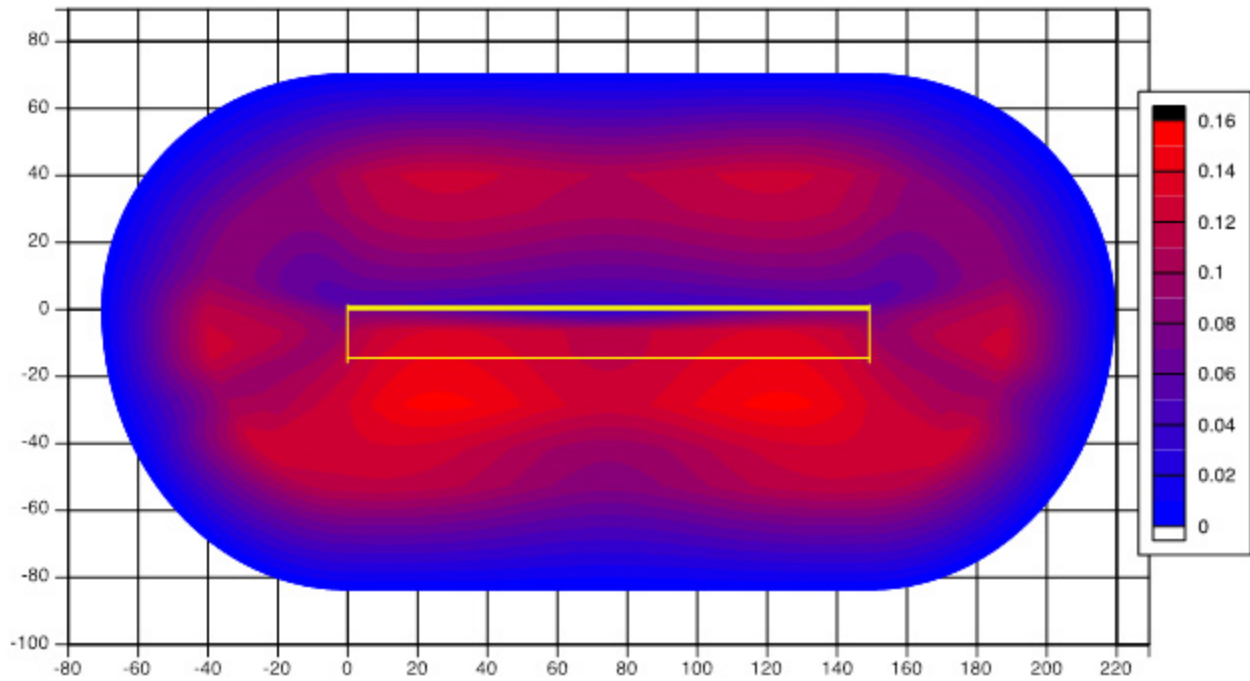


Figure A.69 Change in the standard deviation of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 5 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 7.5, reverse rupture.

A.2.3 Changes in the Standard Deviation of the Log Normal 5% Damped Pseudo-Spectral Acceleration with ϕ_2 Reduction

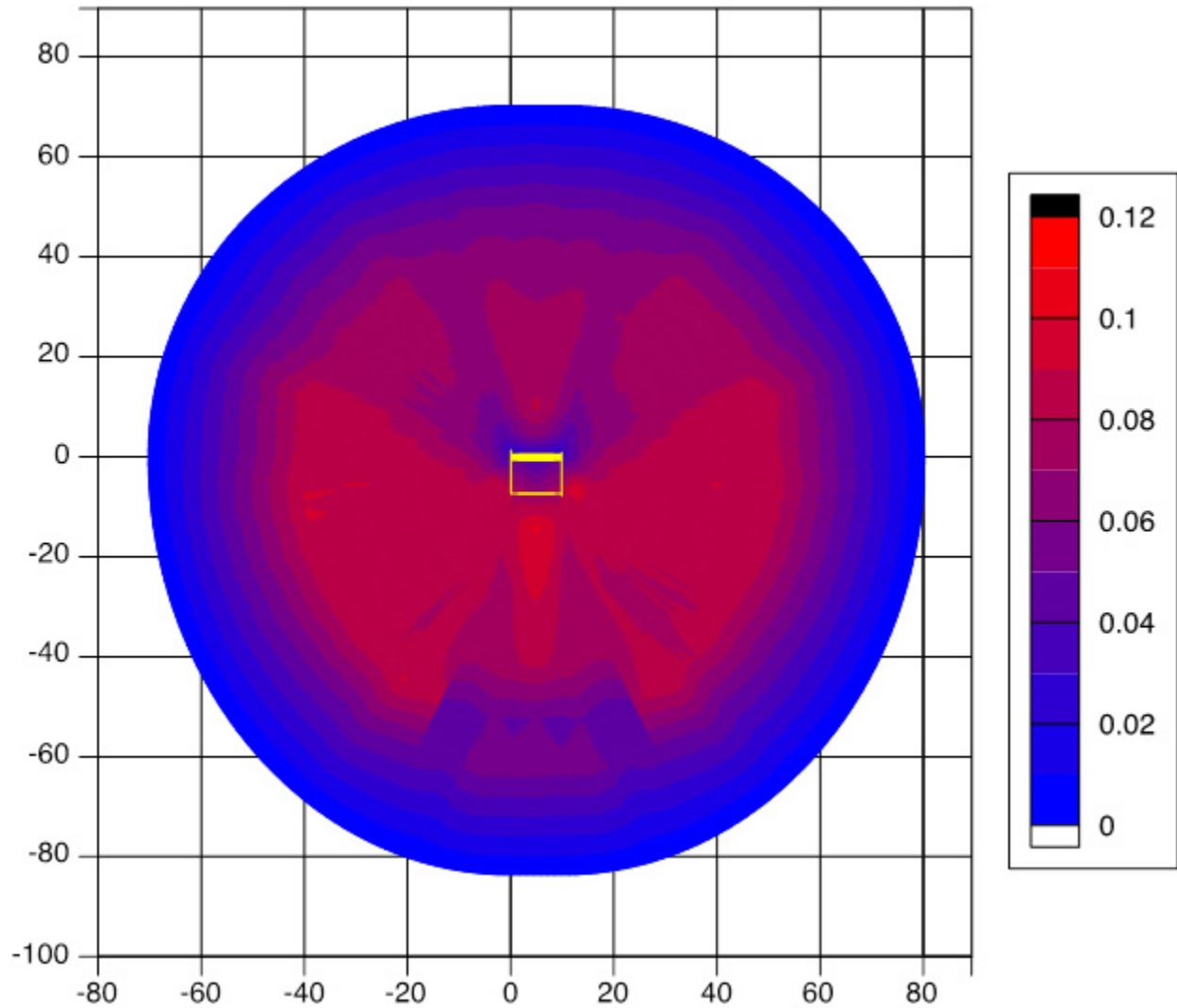


Figure A.70 Change in the standard deviation of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 1 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 6, reverse rupture with ϕ_2 reduction.

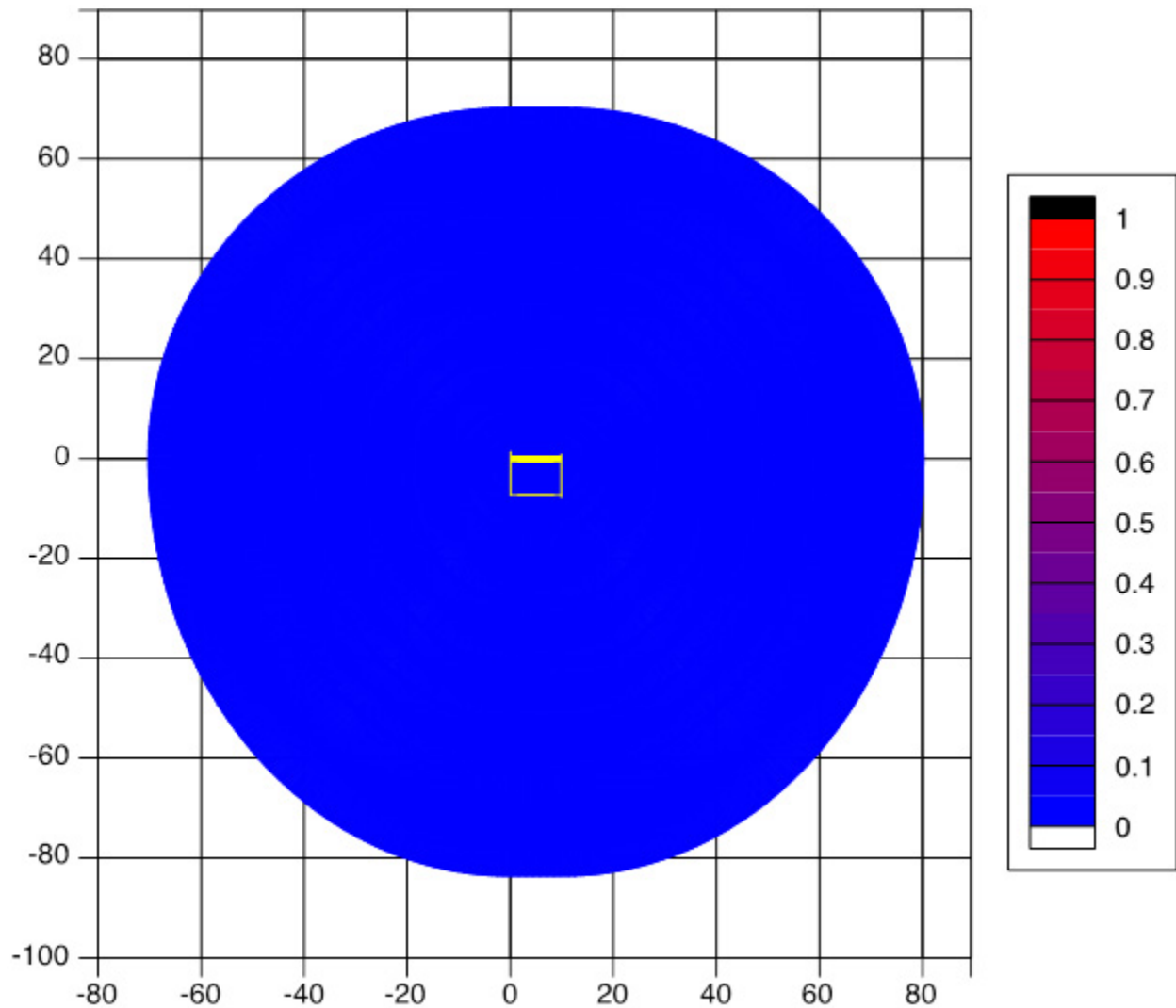


Figure A.71 Change in the standard deviation of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 3 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 6, reverse rupture with ϕ_2 reduction.

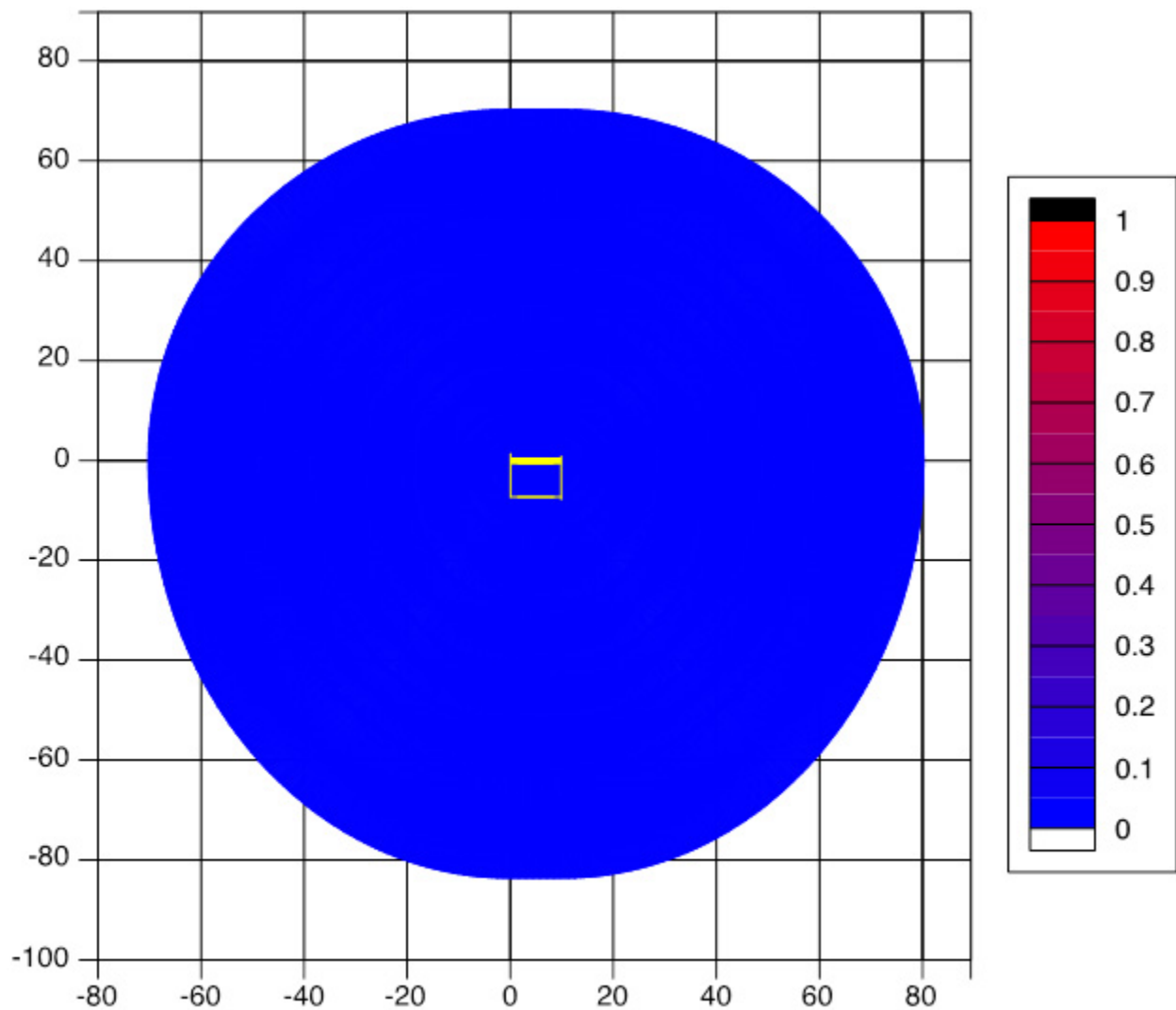


Figure A.72 Change in the standard deviation of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 5 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 6, reverse rupture with ϕ_2 reduction.

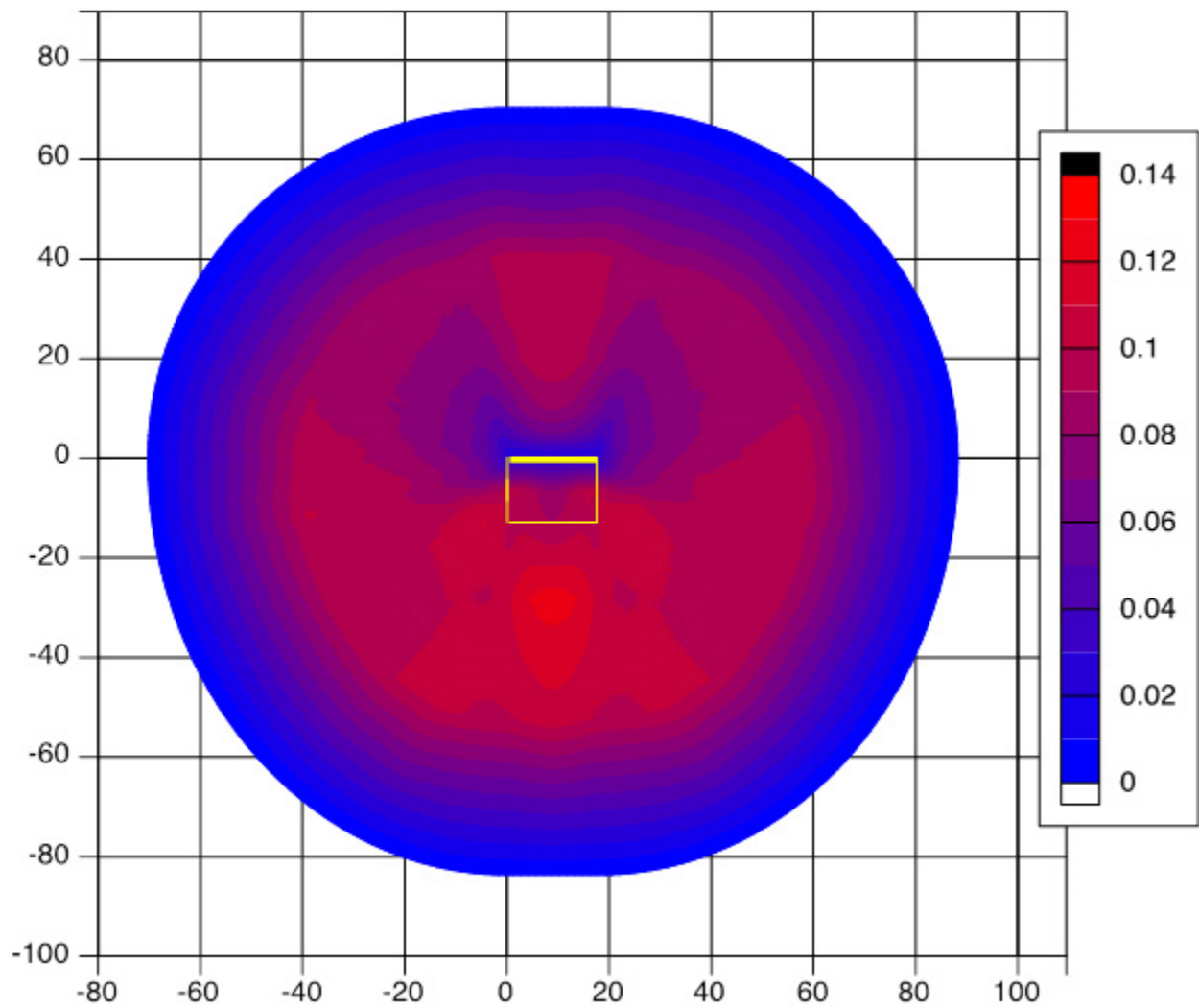


Figure A.73 Change in the standard deviation of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 1 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 6.5, reverse rupture with ϕ_2 reduction.

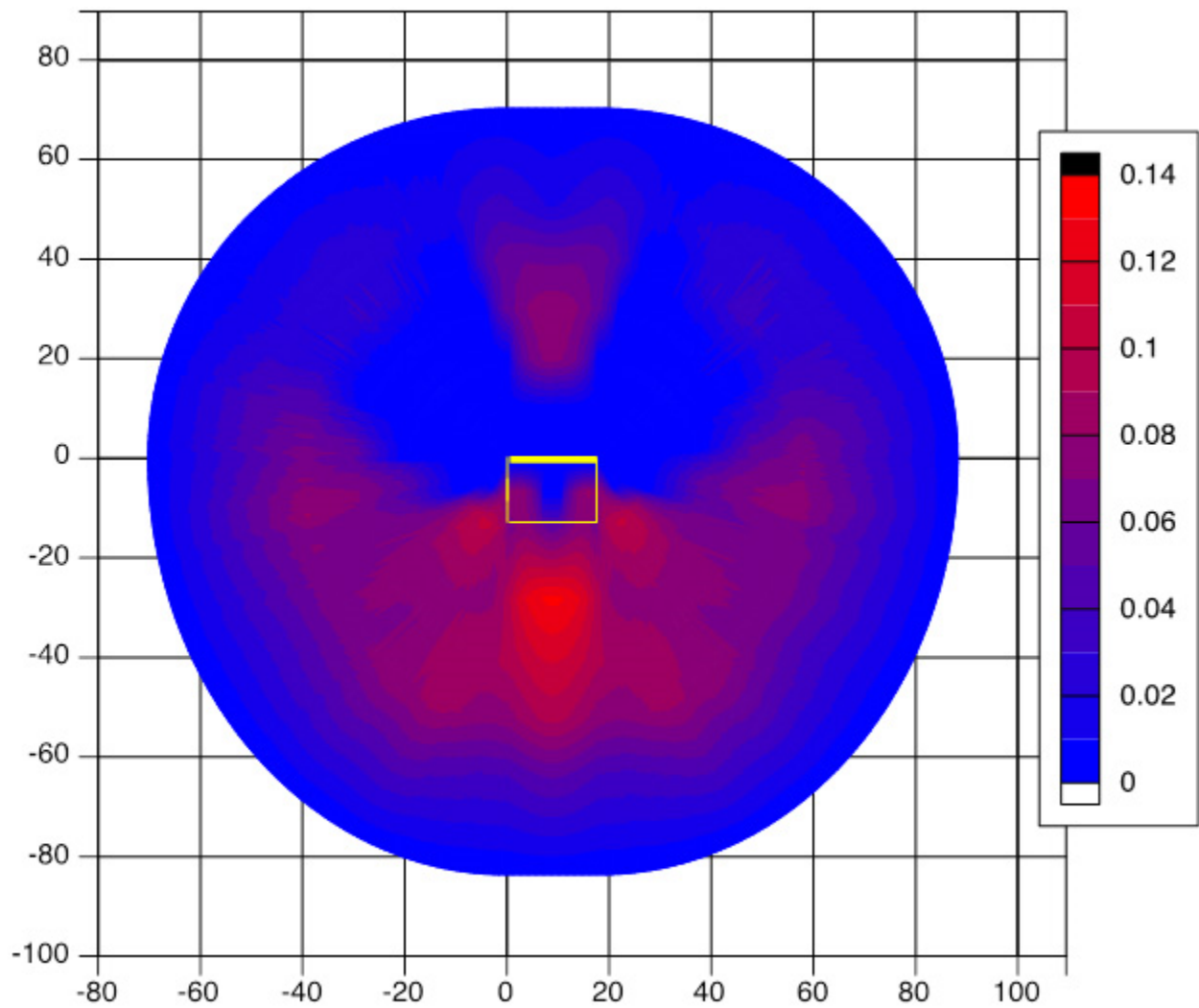


Figure A.74 Change in the standard deviation of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 3 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 6.5, reverse rupture with ϕ_2 reduction.

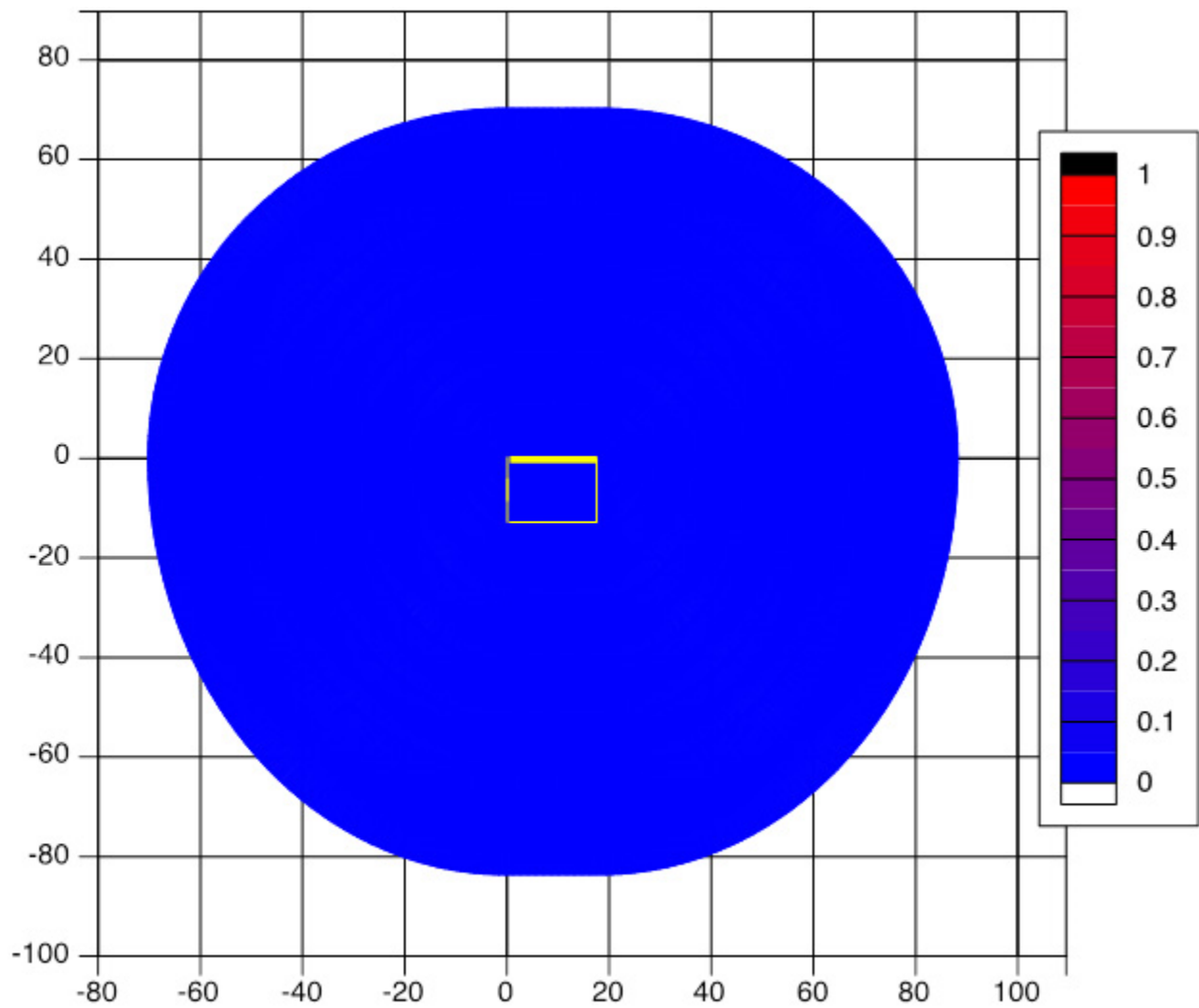


Figure A.75 Change in the standard deviation of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 5 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 6.5, reverse rupture with ϕ_2 reduction.

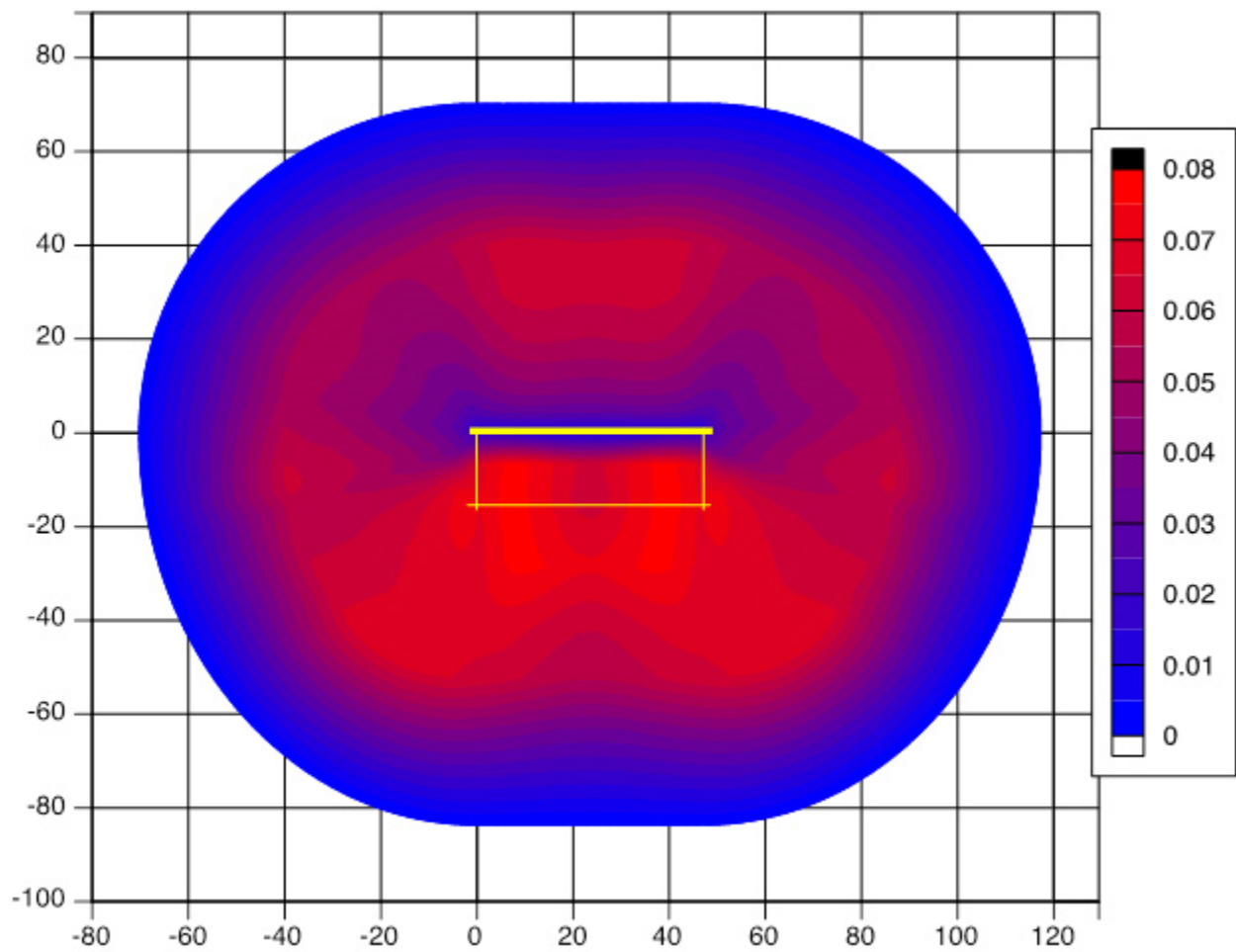


Figure A.76 Change in the standard deviation of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 1 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 7, reverse rupture with ϕ_2 reduction.

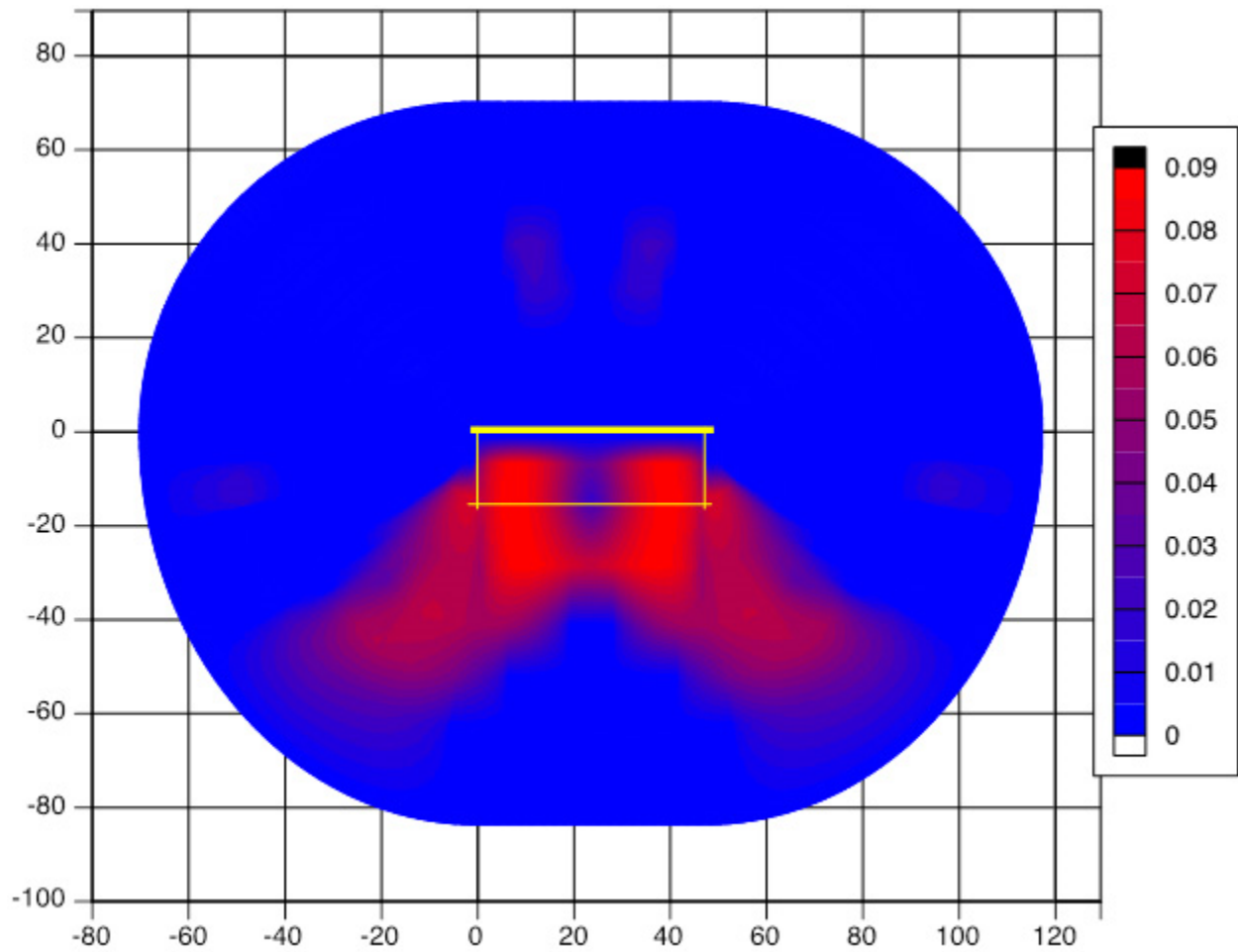


Figure A.77 Change in the standard deviation of the natural log of the 5% damped pseudo-spectral acceleration at 3 sec due to the randomization of hypocenters using hypocenter distribution models from Chiou and Youngs [2008] for a moment-magnitude 7, reverse rupture with ϕ_2 reduction.