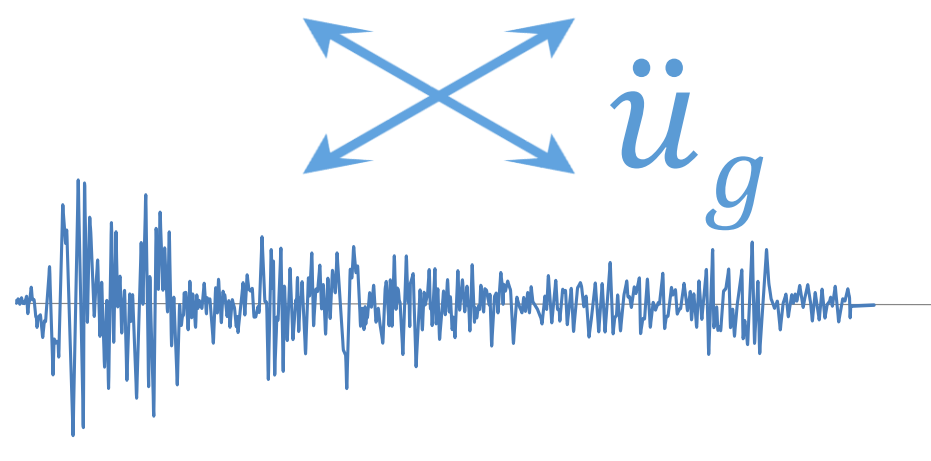
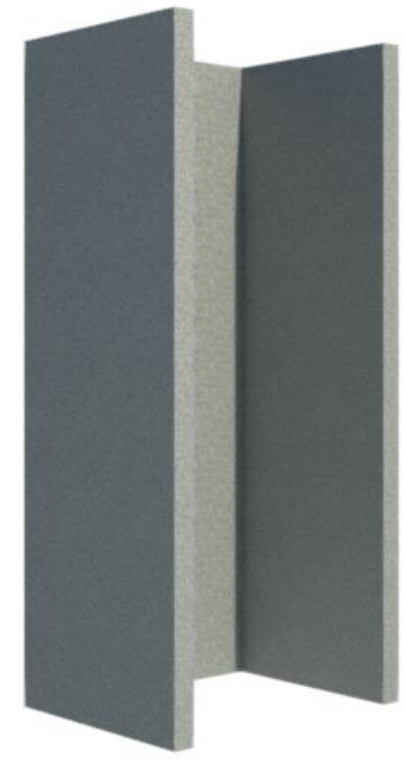


## Introduction

### 3-D RC Structural Wall



- Widely used to resist lateral loads
- Flanged walls are commonly used in core walls
- Core walls subjected to multi directional loading

### Objectives

- Develop: 3-Dimensional with 4-Nodes element
- Validate model against flanged walls test data
- Implement model into OpenSees

## Background

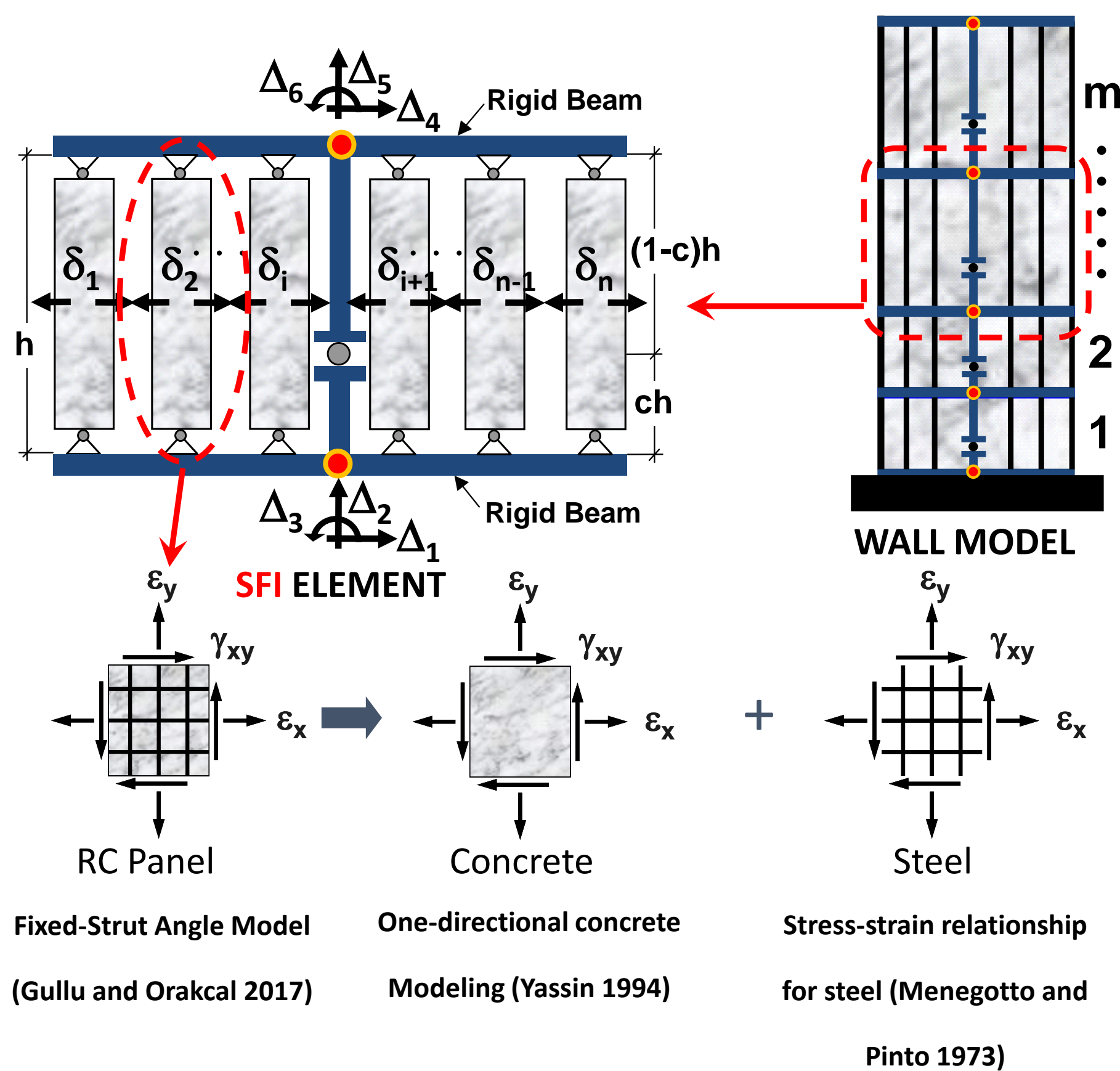
### MVLEM with RC Panel Element (SFI)

(Kolozvari et. al., 2018)

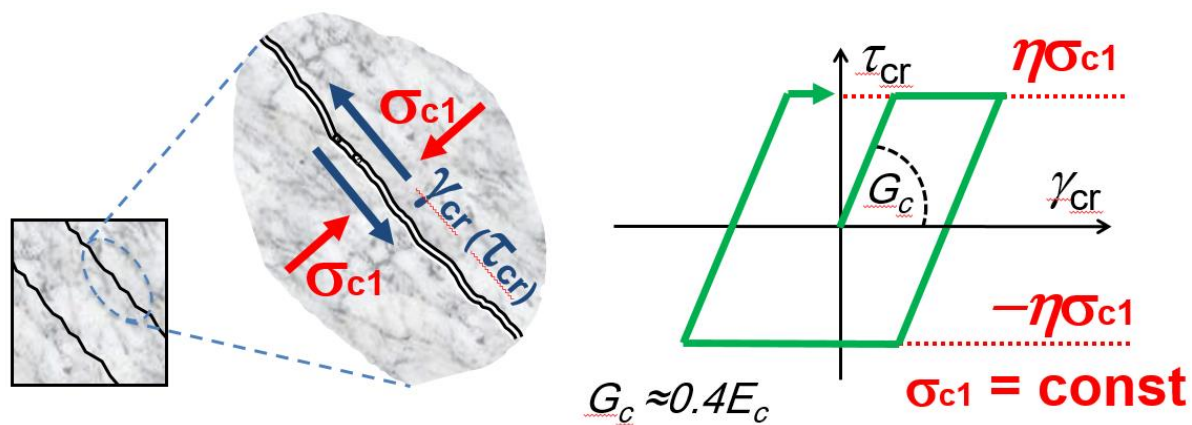
- Axial-shear coupling at fiber (panel) level
- Flexural-shear coupling at element level

### Model Assumptions

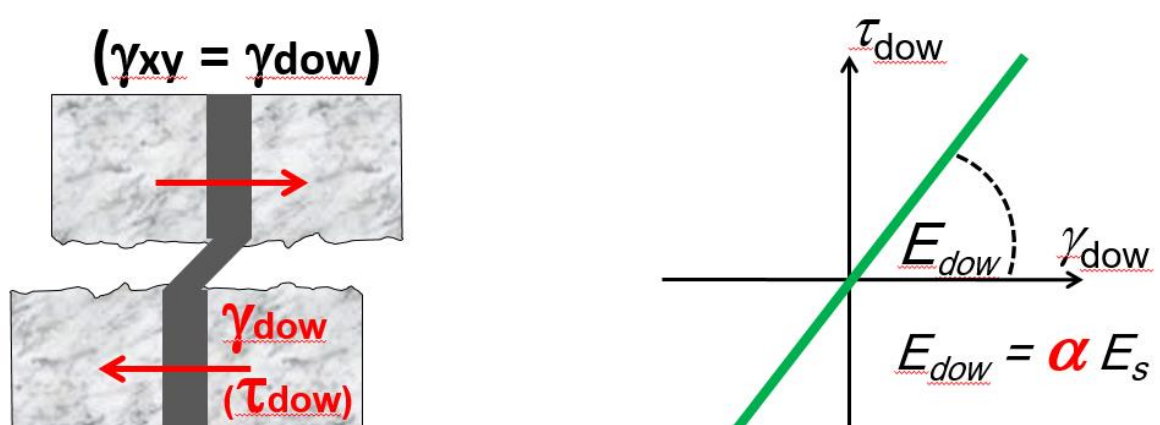
- Plane sections (fiber formulation)  $\rightarrow \epsilon_y$
- Uniform shear strain in cross-section  $\rightarrow \gamma_{xy}$
- Equilibrium equation ( $\sigma_x = 0$ ) to define  $\epsilon_x$



### Shear Aggregate Interlock Along Cracks



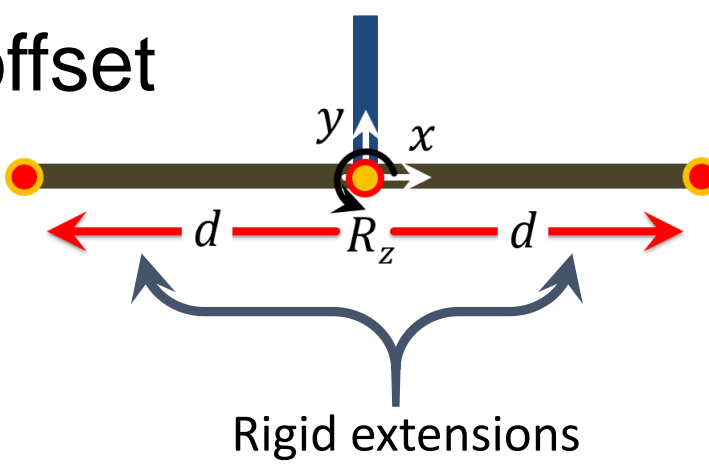
### Dowel Action of Vertical Reinforcement



## Model Formulation

### In-Plane

- Rigid offset

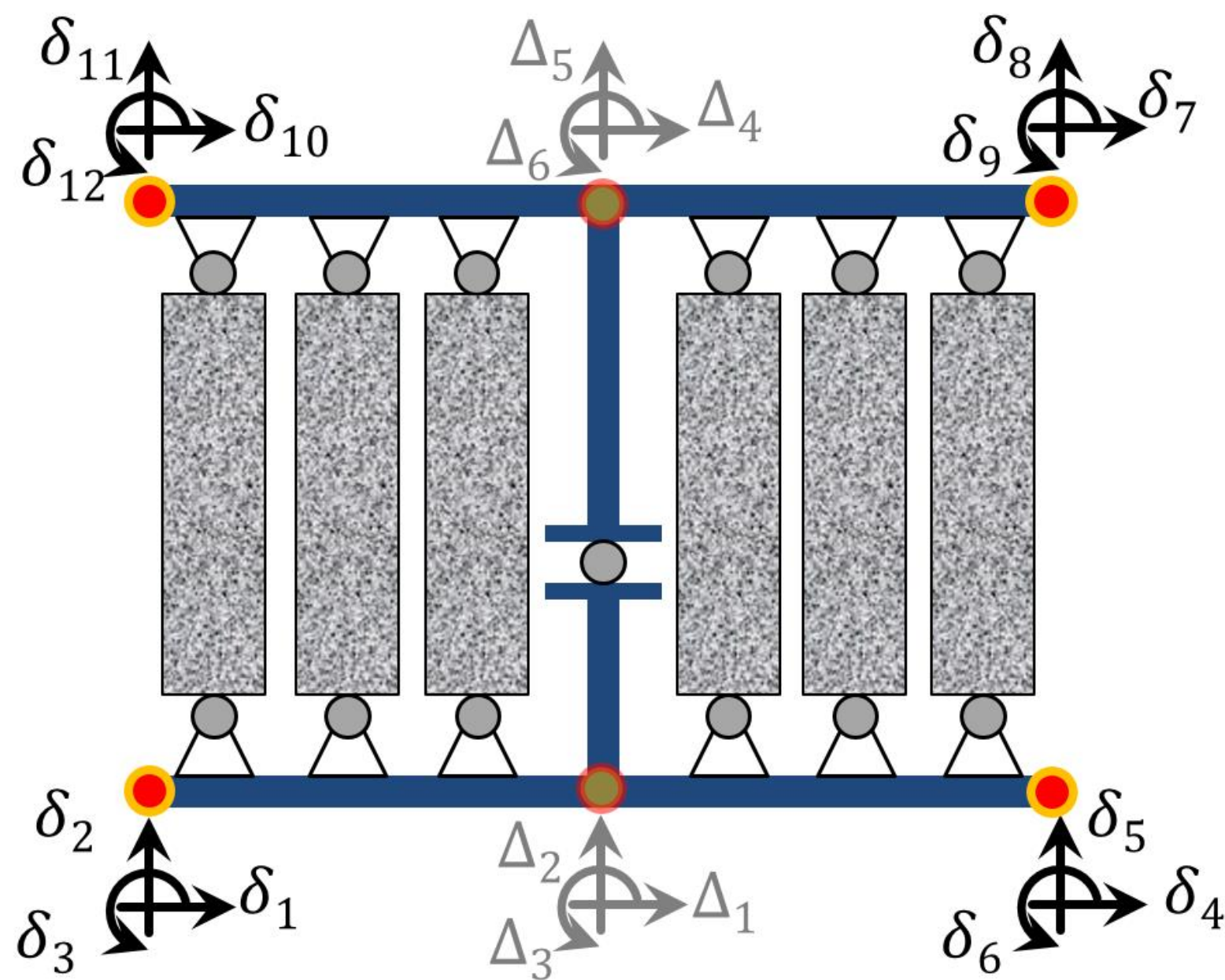


$$[C] = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -d \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & d \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Using Moore-Penrose pseudoinverse method:  $[T] = [C]^{-1}$

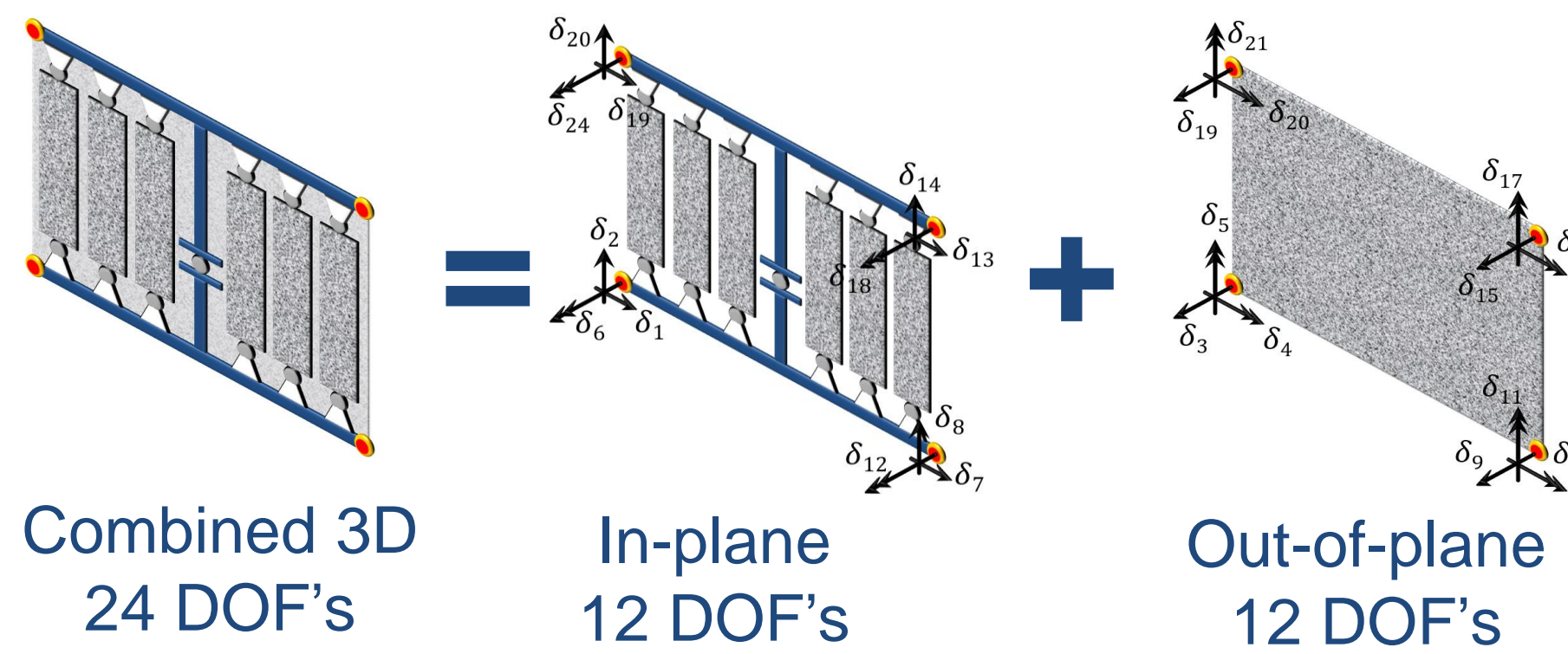
$$[K]_{12 \times 12} = [T]^T [K_{old}]_{6 \times 6} [T]$$

$$[R]_{12 \times 1} = [T]^T [R_{old}]_{6 \times 1}$$



### Out-Of-Plane

- Kirchhoff plate, linear elastic
- ### 4-Node, 3-D Element



## Model Validation

### Experimental Data

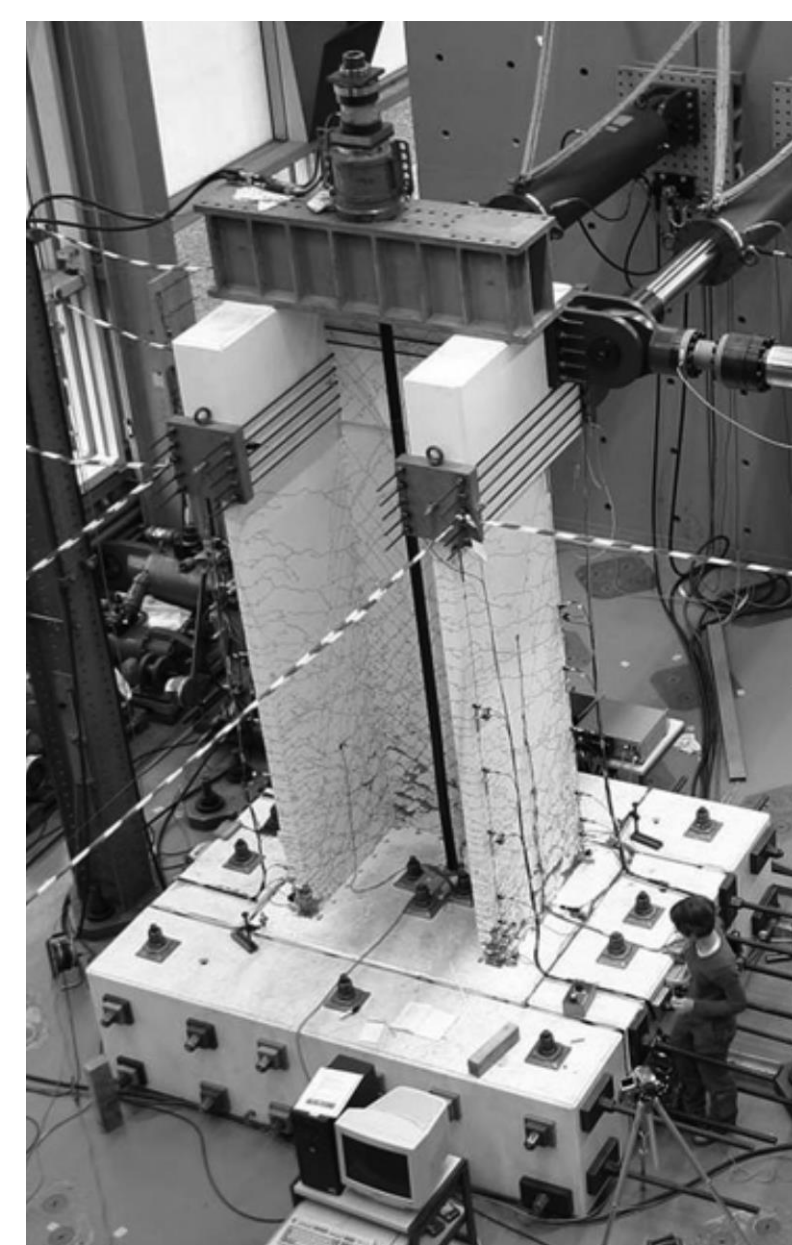
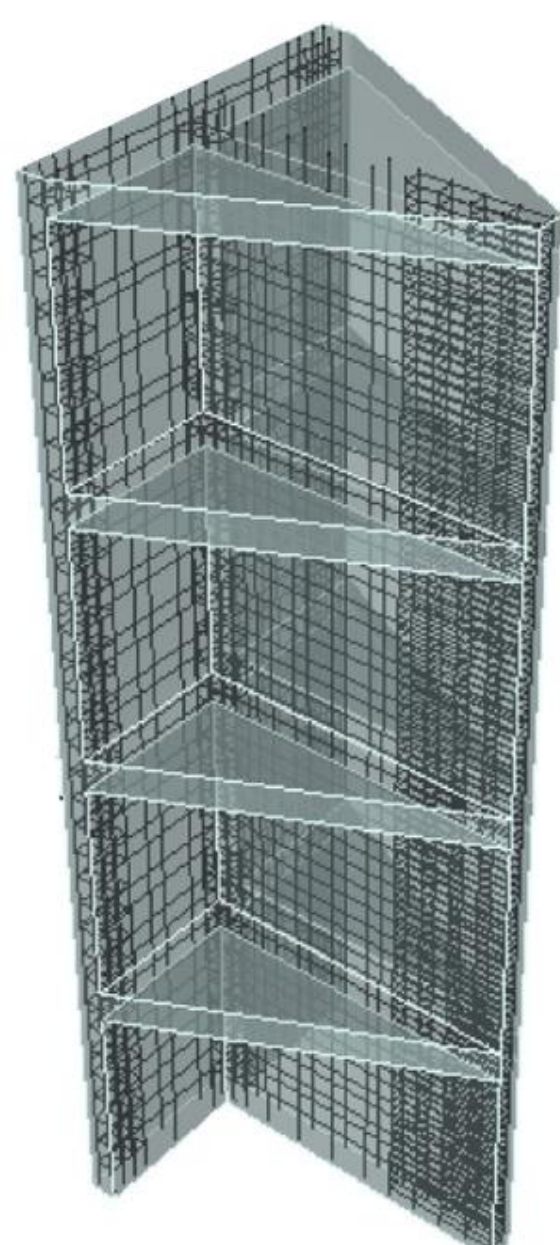
Non planar walls subjected to uni and biaxial loading

Test	Cross-section	$\frac{l_w}{t}$	$\frac{h_w}{l_w}$	$\rho_{BE}$ (%)	$\rho_{web}$ (%)	$\frac{N}{A_g f'_c}$
TW2	T	12.0	3.0	1.4	0.44	0.10
TUB	L	13.0 10.5	2.58	3.39	0.45	0.04

### Tests Configuration

TW2

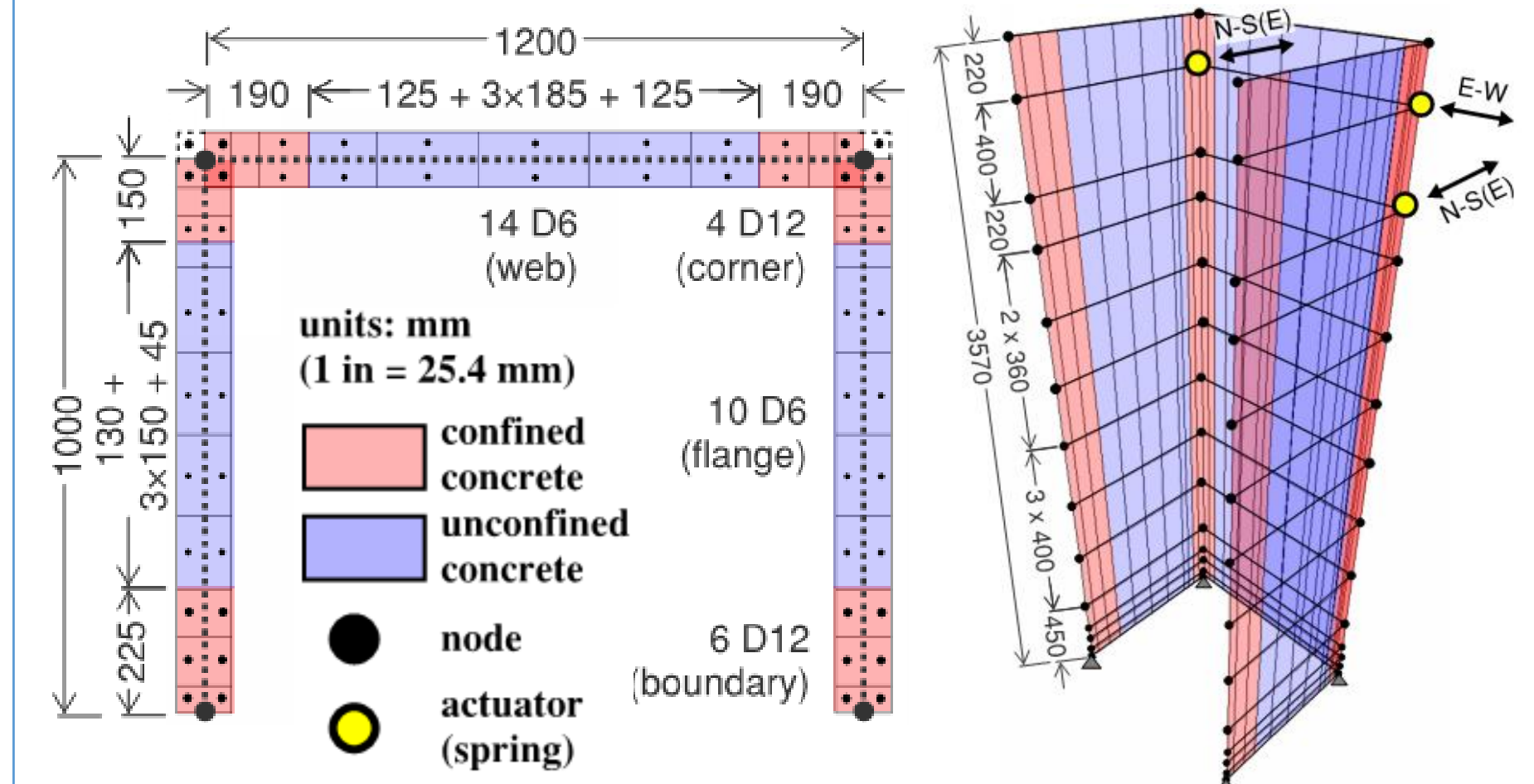
TUB



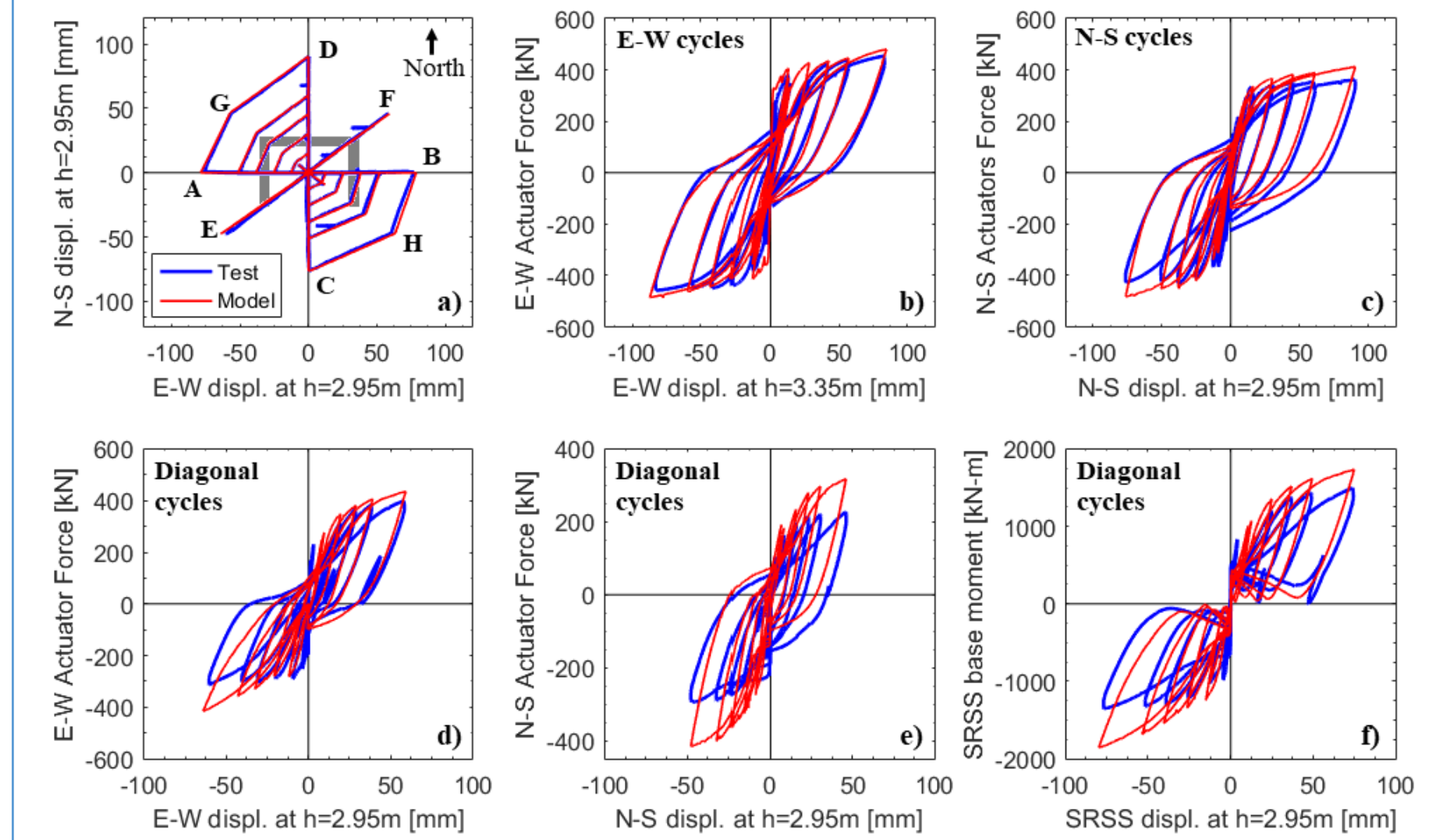
## Model Validation (cont.)

### TUB (Beyer et al. 2008)

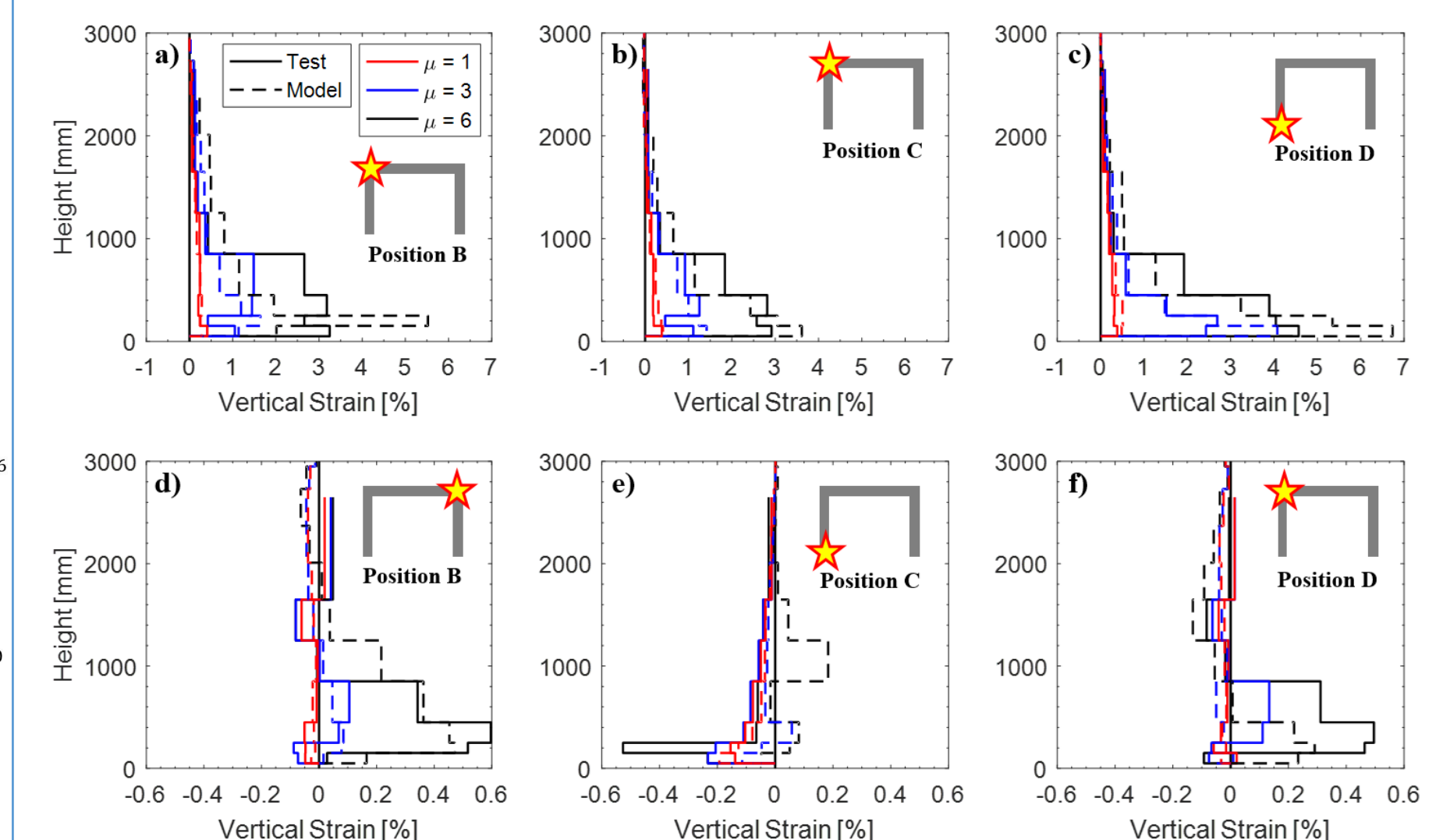
- Analytical model



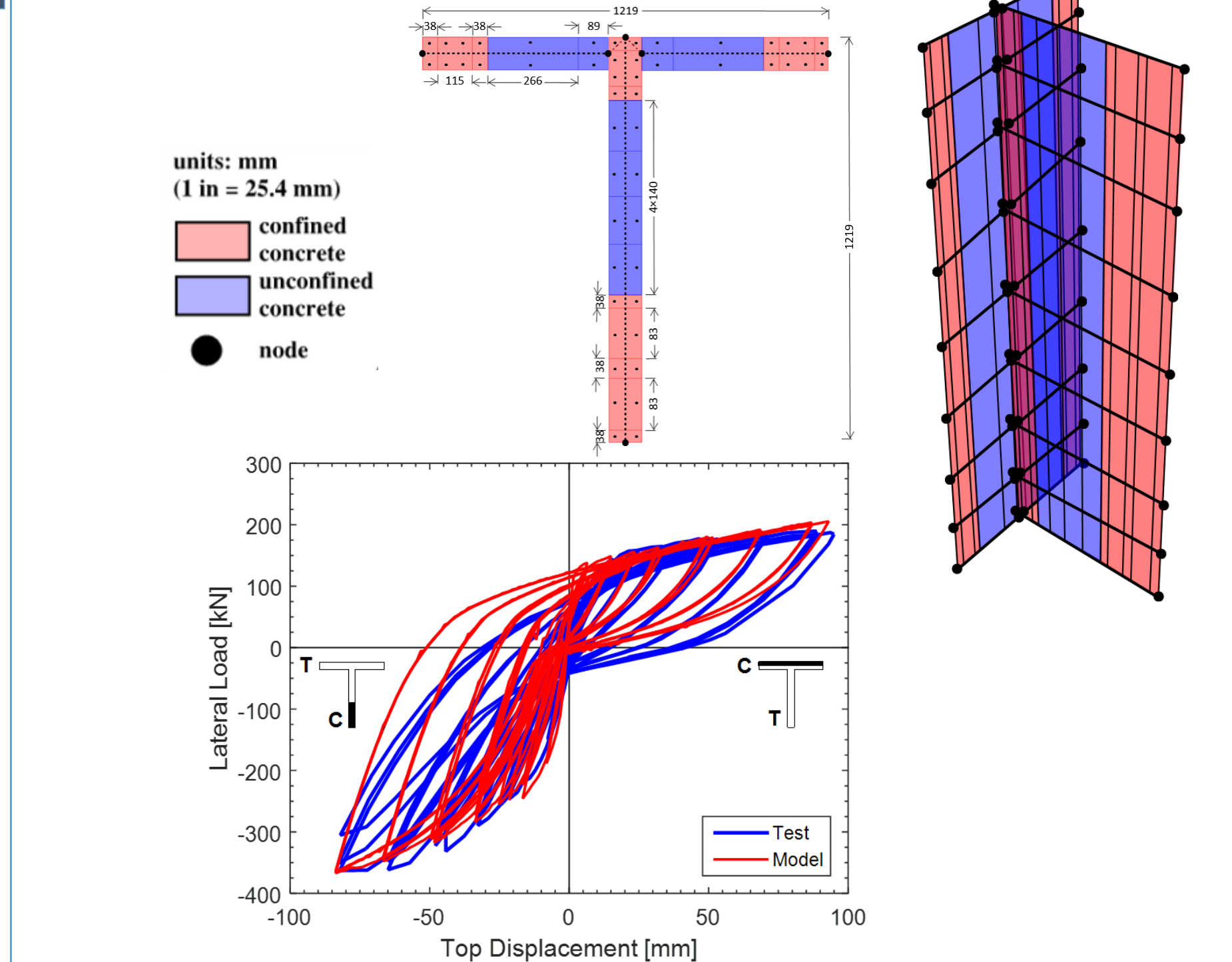
### Global results



### Local results



### TW2 (Thomsen & Wallace 1994)



## Conclusion & Future Work

- Reasonable prediction of local and global responses under multi directional loading
- publicly available in OpenSees in 2019
- Much faster than similar FEM models so enable engineers to use in dynamic analysis
- National Science Foundation, Award No. CMMI-1563577